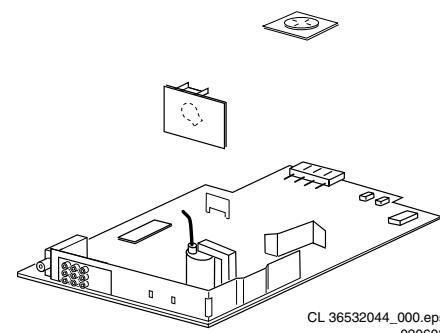


Colour Television

Chassis

**Service
Service
Service**

**L03.1L
AA**



Service Manual

Contents

	Page
1. Technical Specifications, Connections, and Chassis Overview	2
2. Safety Instructions, Warnings, and Notes	4
3. Directions for Use	5
4. Mechanical Instructions	6
5. Service Modes, Error Codes, and Fault Finding	7
6. <i>Block Diagrams, Testpoint Overviews, and Waveforms</i>	
Block Diagram	11
I2C and Supply Voltage Overview	12
Testpoint Overview	13
7. <i>Circuit Diagrams and PWB Layouts</i>	
Mono Carrier: Power Supply	Diagram (A1) 14
Mono Carrier: Deflection	24-30 (A2) 15
Mono Carrier: Tuner IF	21-24 (A3) 16
Mono Carrier: Video Processing	21-24 (A4) 17
Mono Carrier: Audio Processing (Stereo + SAP)	21-24 (A5) 18
Mono Carrier: Audio Amplifier + Mono Sound Processing	21-24 (A6) 19
Mono Carrier: Font I/O + Front Control + Headphone	21-24 (A7) 20
Mono Carrier: Rear I/O Cinch	21-24 (A8) 21
Mono Carrier: Diversity Table for Rear I/O Cinch	21-24 22
Mono Carrier: DVD Power Supply (Optional)	21-24 (A9) 23
CRT Panel	32 (B1) 31
Top Control Panel	33 (E) 33
8. Alignments	35
9. Circuit Descriptions, List of Abbreviations, and IC Data Sheets	43
Abbreviation List	37
IC Data Sheets	39
10. Spare Parts List	49
11. Revision List	53

©Copyright 2005 Philips Consumer Electronics B.V. Eindhoven, The Netherlands.
All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a
retrieval system or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic,
mechanical, photocopying, or otherwise without the prior permission of Philips.

Published by JH 0564 TV Service

Printed in the Netherlands

Subject to modification

EN 3122 785 13901



PHILIPS

1. Technical Specifications, Connections, and Chassis Overview

Index of this chapter:

- ## **Index of this chapter:**

 - 1.1 Technical Specifications**
 - 1.2 Connections**
 - 1.3 Chassis Overview**

1.1 Technical Specifications

1.1.1 Reception

Tuning system	: PLL
Colour systems	: NTSC M
	: PAL M
	: PAL N
Sound systems	: Mono, or
	: BTSC with SAP
A/V connections	: NTSC M
	: PAL M
	: PAL N
Channel selections	: 181 Presets/ Channels
IF frequency	: Full-Cable
Aerial input	: 45.75 MHz
	: 75 ohm (F type), Coax

1.1.2 Miscellaneous

Audio output	: Mono: 3 W rms : Stereo: 2 x 3 W rms
Mains voltage	: 90 - 276 V (\pm 10 %)
Mains frequency	: 50 / 60 Hz (\pm 5 %)
Ambient temperature	: + 5 to + 45 °C
Minimum air pressure	: 60 kPa (=600 mBar)
Maximum humidity	: 90 %
Power consumption	: 36 W (14") to : 50 W (21")
Standby Power consumption	: < 3 W

1.2 Connections

1.2.1 Front Connections and Front / Top Control

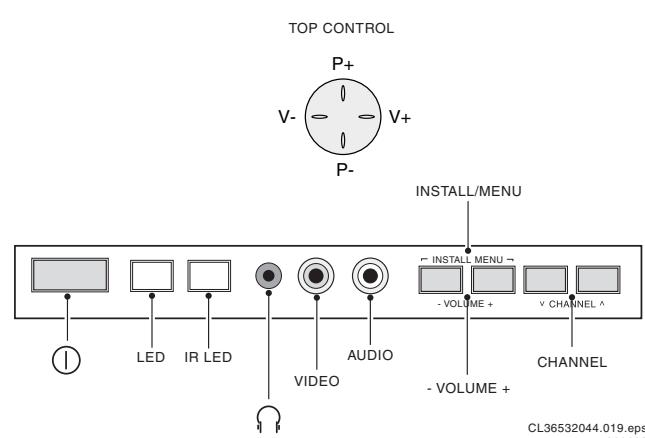


Figure 1-1 Front connections

Headphone

- Headphone**
1 - Headphone, 3.5 mm 8 - 600 Ω / 4 mW

Audio / Video In

- Audio / Video In**

2 - Video	1 Vpp / 75 ohm	
3 - Audio	Mono 0.2 V rms / 10 kohm	

1.2.2 Rear Connections

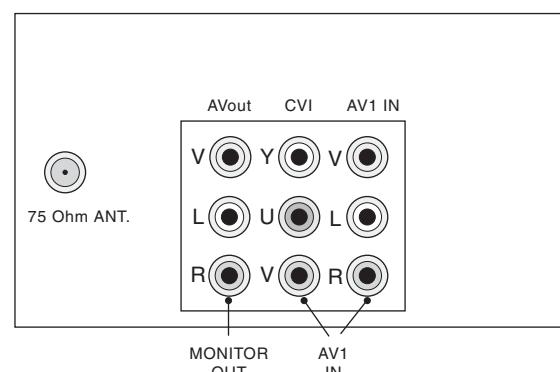


Figure 1-2 Rear connections

Monitor Out

- Monitor Out**

1 - Video	1 Vpp / 75 ohm	
2 - Audio	L (0.5 Vrms / 1 kohm)	
3 - Audio	R (0.5 Vrms / 1 kohm)	

AV1 In (YUV)

- 1 - Y 0.7 Vpp / 75 ohm
 2 - U 0.7 Vpp / 75 ohm
 3 - V 0.7 Vpp / 75 ohm

AV1_In

- | | |
|---------------|-------------------------|
| AV1 In | |
| 4 - Video | 1 Vpp / 75 ohm |
| 5 - Audio | L (0.5 Vrms / 10 kohm) |
| 6 - Audio | R (0.5 V rms / 10 kohm) |

1.3 Chassis Overview

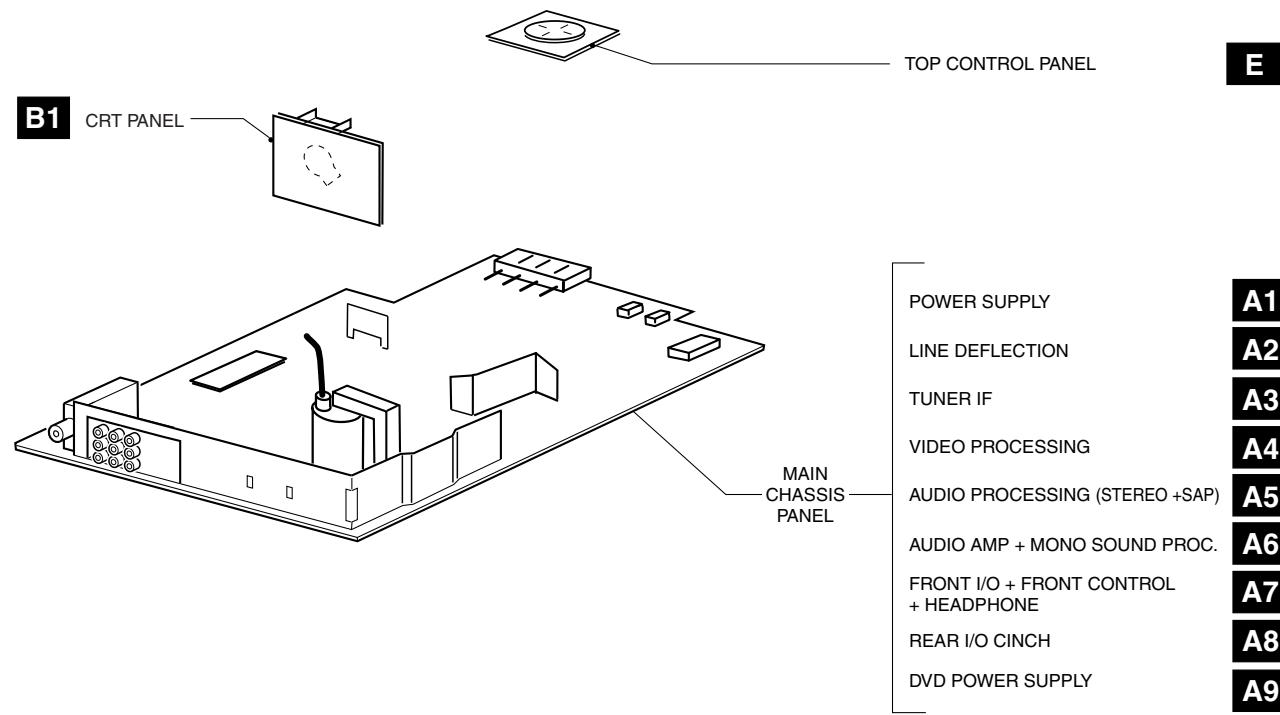
CL 36532044_021.eps
020603

Figure 1-3 Chassis overview

2. Safety Instructions, Warnings, and Notes

Index of this chapter:

- 2.1 Safety Instructions
- 2.2 Maintenance Instructions
- 2.3 Warnings
- 2.4 Notes

2.1 Safety Instructions

Safety regulations require that **during** a repair:

- Connect the set to the Mains (AC Power) via an isolation transformer (> 800 VA).
- Replace safety components, indicated by the symbol Δ , only by components identical to the original ones. Any other component substitution (other than original type) may increase risk of fire or electrical shock hazard.
- Wear safety goggles when you replace the CRT.

Safety regulations require that **after** a repair, the set must be returned in its original condition. Pay in particular attention to the following points:

- General repair instruction: as a strict precaution, we advise you to re-solder the solder connections through which the horizontal deflection current is flowing. In particular this is valid for the:
 1. Pins of the line output transformer (LOT).
 2. Fly-back capacitor(s).
 3. S-correction capacitor(s).
 4. Line output transistor.
 5. Pins of the connector with wires to the deflection coil.
 6. Other components through which the deflection current flows.

Note: This re-soldering is advised to prevent bad connections due to metal fatigue in solder connections, and is therefore only necessary for television sets more than two years old.

- Route the wire trees and EHT cable correctly and secure them with the mounted cable clamps.
- Check the insulation of the Mains (AC Power) lead for external damage.
- Check the strain relief of the mains (AC Power) cord for proper function, to prevent the cord from touching the CRT, hot components, or heat sinks.
- Check the electrical DC resistance between the Mains (AC Power) plug and the secondary side (only for sets which have a Mains (AC Power) isolated power supply):
 1. Unplug the Mains (AC Power) cord and connect a wire between the two pins of the Mains (AC Power) plug.
 2. Set the Mains (AC Power) switch to the "on" position (keep the Mains (AC Power) cord unplugged!).
 3. Measure the resistance value between the pins of the Mains (AC Power) plug and the metal shielding of the tuner or the aerial connection on the set. The reading should be between 4.5 Mohm and 12 Mohm.
 4. Switch "off" the set, and remove the wire between the two pins of the Mains (AC Power) plug.
- Check the cabinet for defects, to avoid touching of any inner parts by the customer.

2.2 Maintenance Instructions

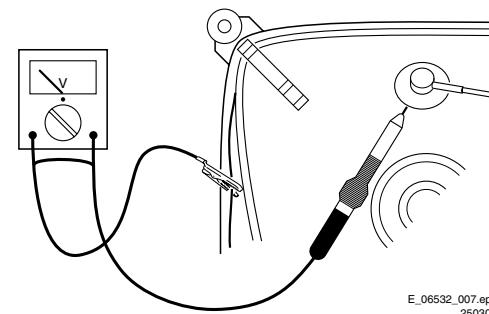
We recommend a maintenance inspection carried out by qualified service personnel. The interval depends on the usage conditions:

- When a customer uses the set under normal circumstances, for example in a living room, the recommended interval is three to five years.
- When a customer uses the set in an environment with higher dust, grease, or moisture levels, for example in a kitchen, the recommended interval is one year.
- The maintenance inspection includes the following actions:

1. Perform the "general repair instruction" noted above.
2. Clean the power supply and deflection circuitry on the chassis.
3. Clean the picture tube panel and the neck of the picture tube.

2.3 Warnings

- In order to prevent damage to ICs and transistors, avoid all high voltage flashovers. In order to prevent damage to the picture tube, use the method shown in figure "Discharge picture tube", to discharge the picture tube. Use a high voltage probe and a multi-meter (position V_{DC}). Discharge until the meter reading is 0 V (after approx. 30 s).



E_06532_007.eps
250304

Figure 2-1 Discharge picture tube

- All ICs and many other semiconductors are susceptible to electrostatic discharges (ESD Δ). Careless handling during repair can reduce life drastically. Make sure that, during repair, you are connected with the same potential as the mass of the set by a wristband with resistance. Keep components and tools also at this same potential. Available ESD protection equipment:
 - Complete kit ESD3 (small tablemat, wristband, connection box, extension cable and earth cable) 4822 310 10671.
 - Wristband tester 4822 344 13999.
- Be careful during measurements in the high voltage section.
- Never replace modules or other components while the unit is switched "on".
- When you align the set, use plastic rather than metal tools. This will prevent any short circuits and the danger of a circuit becoming unstable.

2.4 Notes

2.4.1 General

- Measure the voltages and waveforms with regard to the chassis (= tuner) ground ($\frac{1}{2}$), or hot ground (\downarrow), depending on the tested area of circuitry. The voltages and waveforms shown in the diagrams are indicative. Measure them in the Service Default Mode (see chapter 5) with a colour bar signal and stereo sound (L: 3 kHz, R: 1 kHz unless stated otherwise) and picture carrier at 475.25 MHz for PAL, or 61.25 MHz for NTSC (channel 3).
- Where necessary, measure the waveforms and voltages with ($\Gamma\Gamma$) and without ($\Delta\Delta$) aerial signal. Measure the voltages in the power supply section both in normal operation (I) and in stand-by (S). These values are indicated by means of the appropriate symbols.
- The semiconductors indicated in the circuit diagram and in the parts lists, are interchangeable per position with the

semiconductors in the unit, irrespective of the type indication on these semiconductors.

2.4.2 Schematic Notes

- All resistor values are in ohms and the value multiplier is often used to indicate the decimal point location (e.g. 2K2 indicates 2.2 kohm).
- Resistor values with no multiplier may be indicated with either an "E" or an "R" (e.g. 220E or 220R indicates 220 ohm).
- All capacitor values are given in micro-farads ($\mu = x10^{-6}$), nano-farads ($n = x10^{-9}$), or pico-farads ($p = x10^{-12}$).
- Capacitor values may also use the value multiplier as the decimal point indication (e.g. 2p2 indicates 2.2 pF).
- An "asterisk" (*) indicates component usage varies. Refer to the diversity tables for the correct values.
- The correct component values are listed in the Spare Parts List. Therefore, always check this list when there is any doubt.

2.4.3 Lead Free Solder

Philips CE is going to produce lead-free sets (PBF) from 1.1.2005 onwards.



Figure 2-2 Lead-free logo

This sign normally has a diameter of 6 mm, but if there is less space on a board also 3 mm is possible. Regardless of this logo (is not always present), one must treat all sets from this date onwards according to the following rules

Due to lead-free technology some rules have to be respected by the workshop during a repair:

- Use only lead-free soldering tin Philips SAC305 with order code 0622 149 00106. If lead-free solder paste is required, please contact the manufacturer of your soldering equipment. In general, use of solder paste within workshops should be avoided because paste is not easy to store and to handle.
- Use only adequate solder tools applicable for lead-free soldering tin. The solder tool must be able

- To reach at least a solder-tip temperature of 400°C.
- To stabilise the adjusted temperature at the solder-tip.
- To exchange solder-tips for different applications.
- Adjust your solder tool so that a temperature around 360°C - 380°C is reached and stabilised at the solder joint. Heating time of the solder-joint should not exceed ~ 4 sec. Avoid temperatures above 400°C, otherwise wear-out of tips will rise drastically and flux-fluid will be destroyed. To avoid wear-out of tips, switch "off" unused equipment or reduce heat.
- Mix of lead-free soldering tin/parts with leaded soldering tin/parts is possible but PHILIPS recommends strongly to avoid mixed regimes. If not to avoid, clean carefully the solder-joint from old tin and re-solder with new tin.
- Use only original spare-parts listed in the Service-Manuals. Not listed standard material (commodities) has to be purchased at external companies.
- For sets produced before 1.1.2005, containing leaded soldering tin and components, all needed spare parts will be available till the end of the service period. For the repair of such sets nothing changes.

In case of doubt whether the board is lead-free or not (or with mixed technologies), you can use the following method:

- Always use the highest temperature to solder, when using SAC305 (see also instructions below).
- De-solder thoroughly (clean solder joints to avoid mix of two alloys).

Caution: For BGA-ICs, you **must** use the correct temperature-profile, which is coupled to the 12NC. For an overview of these profiles, visit the website www.atyourservice.ce.philips.com (needs subscription, but is not available for all regions)

You will find this and more technical information within the "Magazine", chapter "Workshop information".

For additional questions please contact your local repair help desk.

2.4.4 Practical Service Precautions

- **It makes sense to avoid exposure to electrical shock.** While some sources are expected to have a possible dangerous impact, others of quite high potential are of limited current and are sometimes held in less regard.
- **Always respect voltages.** While some may not be dangerous in themselves, they can cause unexpected reactions that are best avoided. Before reaching into a powered TV set, it is best to test the high voltage insulation. It is easy to do, and is a good service precaution.

3. Directions for Use

You can download this information from the following websites:
<http://www.philips.com/support>
<http://www.p4c.philips.com>

4. Mechanical Instructions

Index of this chapter:

- 4.1 Rear Cover Removal
- 4.2 Service Position Main Panel
- 4.3 Rear Cover Mounting

4.1 Rear Cover Removal

1. Remove all fixation screws of the rear cover.
2. Now pull the rear cover in backward direction to remove it.

4.2 Service Position Main Panel

1. Disconnect the strain relief of the AC power cord.
2. Remove the main panel, by pushing the two center clips outward [1]. At the same time pull the panel away from the CRT [2].
3. If necessary disconnect the degaussing coil by removing the cable from (red) connector 0212.
4. Move the panel somewhat to the left and flip it 90 degrees [3], with the components towards the CRT.

4.3 Rear Cover Mounting

Before you mount the rear cover, perform the following checks:

1. Check whether the mains cord is mounted correctly in its guiding brackets.
2. Re-place the strain relief of the AC power cord into the cabinet.
3. Check whether all cables are replaced in their original position

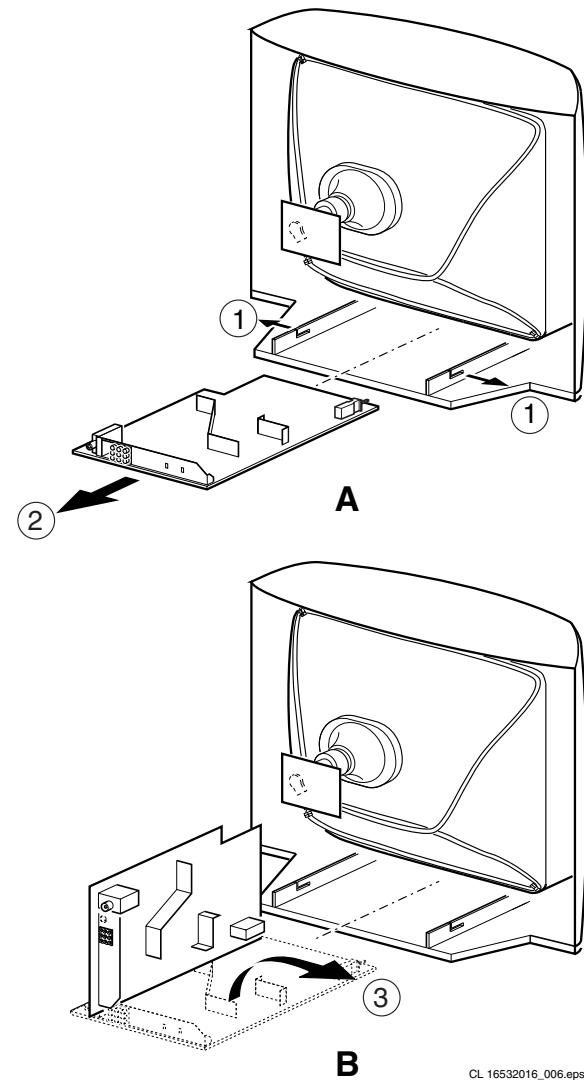


Figure 4-1 Service Position

CL 16532016_006.eps
220501

5. Service Modes, Error Codes, and Fault Finding

Index of this chapter:

- 5.1 Test Points
- 5.2 Service Modes
- 5.3 Problems and Solving Tips
- 5.4 ComPair
- 5.5 The Blinking LED Procedure
- 5.6 Protections
- 5.7 Repair Tips

5.1 Test Points

This chassis is equipped with test points in the service printing. In the schematics test points are identified with a rectangle box around Fxxx or Ixxx.

Table 5-1 Test Point Overview

TEST POINT	CIRCUIT	DIAGRAM
Fxxx, Ixxx	POWER SUPPLY	A1
Fxxx, Ixxx	Deflection	A2
Fxxx, Ixxx	TUNER & IF	A3
Fxxx, Ixxx	VIDEO PROCESSING	A4
Fxxx, Ixxx	AUDIO PROCESSING	A5
Fxxx, Ixxx	AUDIO AMPLIFIER + MONO SOUND PROCESSING	A6
Fxxx, Ixxx	FRONT IO + FRONT CONTROL + HEADPHONE	A7
Fxxx, Ixxx	DVD POWER SUPPLY	A9
Fxxx, Ixxx	CRT PANEL	B1

Perform measurements under the following conditions:

- Service Default Alignment Mode.
- Video: color bar signal.
- Audio: 3 kHz left, 1 kHz right.

5.2 Service Modes

Service Default Alignment Mode (SDAM) offers several features for the service technician.

There is also the option of using ComPair, a hardware interface between a computer (see requirements) and the TV chassis. It offers the ability of structured trouble shooting, error code reading and software version readout for all chassis.

Requirements: To run ComPair on a computer (laptop or desktop) requires, as a minimum, a 486 processor, Windows 3.1 and a CD-ROM drive. A Pentium Processor and Windows 95/98 are however preferred (see also paragraph 5.4).

Table 5-2 SW Cluster

SW Cluster	Software name	UOC type	UOC Diversity	Special Features
L3SLM1	L03LM1 x.y	TDA9370	55K ROM Size	Trinorma Mono
L3SLM1	L03LM1 x.y	TDA9377	55K ROM Size	NTSC Mono
L3SLS1	L03LS1 x.y	TDA9370	55K ROM Size	Trinorma BTSC SAP Stereo
L3SLS1	L03LS1 x.y	TDA9377	55K ROM Size	NTSC BTSC SAP Stereo

Abbreviations in Software name: L = Latam, M = Mono, S = Stereo.

5.2.1 Service Default Alignment Mode (SDAM)

Purpose

- To change option settings.
- To create a predefined setting to get the same measurement results as given in this manual.
- To display / clear the error code buffer.
- To override SW protections.
- To perform alignments.
- To start the blinking LED procedure.

Specifications

- Tuning frequency: 61.25 MHz (channel 3) for NTSC-sets (LATAM).
- Color system: PAL-M for LATAM BI/TRI/FOUR-NORMA.
- All picture settings at 50 % (brightness, color contrast, hue).
- Bass, treble and balance at 50 %; volume at 25 %.
- All service-unfriendly modes (if present) are disabled, like:
 - (Sleep) timer,
 - Child/parental lock,
 - Blue mute,
 - Hotel/hospitality mode
 - Auto switch-off (when no "IDENT" video signal is received for 15 minutes),
 - Skip / blank of non-favorite presets / channels,
 - Auto store of personal presets,
 - Auto user menu time-out.
- Operation hours counter.
- Software version.
- Option settings.
- Error buffer reading and erasing.
- Software alignments.

How to activate SDAM

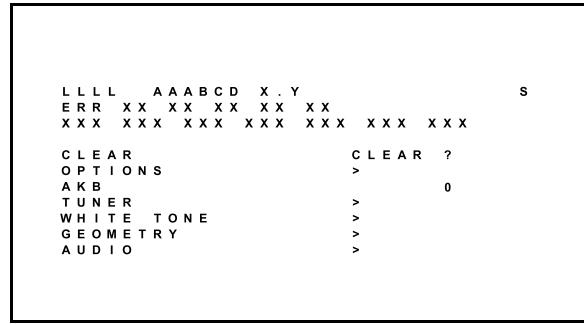
Use one of the following methods:

- Use a standard customer RC-transmitter and key in the code 062596 directly followed by the "M" (menu) button or
- Temporarily connect jumper wire 9257 to pin 4 of 7200 on the mono carrier (see Fig. 8-1) and apply AC power. Then press the power button (remove the connection after start-up).

Caution: Activating SDAM by temporarily connecting jumper wire 9257 to pin 4 of 7200 will override the +8V- protection. Do this only for a short period. When doing this, the service-technician must know exactly what he is doing, as it could lead to damaging the set.

- Or via ComPair.

After activating SDAM, the following screen is visible, with S at the upper right side for recognition.



CL 36532044_033.eps
130603

Figure 5-1 SDAM Menu

- **LLLL.** This is the operation hours counter. It counts the normal operation hours, not the standby hours.

- **AAABCD-X.Y.** This is the software identification of the main micro controller:
 - A = the project name (L03).
 - B = the region: E= Europe, A= Asia Pacific, U= NAFTA, L= LATAM.
 - C = the feature of software diversity: N = stereo non-DBX, S = stereo dBx, M = mono, D = DVD
 - D = the language cluster number:
 - X = the main software version number.
 - Y = the sub software version number.
- **S.** Indication of the actual mode. S= SDAM= Service Default Alignment mode.
- **ERR.** The error buffer. Five errors possible.
- **OPTION BYTES.** Seven codes possible.
- **CLEAR.** Erase the contents of the error buffer. Select the CLEAR menu item and press the CURSOR RIGHT key. The content of the error buffer is cleared.
- **OPTIONS.** To set the Option Bytes. See chapter 8.3.1 for a detailed description.
- **AKB.** Disable (0) or enable (1) the “black current loop” (AKB = Auto Kine Bias).
- **TUNER.** To align the Tuner. See chapter 8.3.2 for a detailed description.
- **WHITE TONE.** To align the White Tone. See chapter 8.3.3 for a detailed description.
- **GEOMETRY.** To align the set geometry. See chapter 8.3.4 for a detailed description.
- **AUDIO.** Use default value (Stereo set only), align when necessary. See chapter 8.3.5 for a detailed description.

How to navigate

- In SDAM, select menu items with the CURSOR UP/DOWN key on the remote control transmitter. The selected item will be highlighted. When not all menu items fit on the screen, move the CURSOR UP/DOWN key to display the next / previous menu items.
- With the CURSOR LEFT/RIGHT keys, it is possible to:
 - Activate the selected menu item.
 - Change the value of the selected menu item.
 - Activate the selected submenu.
- When you press the MENU button twice, the set will switch to the normal user menus (with the SDAM mode still active in the background). To return to the SDAM menu press the OSD / STATUS button.
- When you press the MENU key in a submenu, you will return to the previous menu.

How to store settings

To store settings, leave the SDAM mode with the Standby button on the remote.

How to exit

Switch the set to STANDBY by pressing the power button on the remote control (if you switch the set ‘off’ by removing the AC power, the set will return in SDAM when AC power is re-applied). The error buffer is **not** cleared.

5.3 Problems and Solving Tips

5.3.1 Picture Problems

Note: Below described problems are all related to the TV settings. The procedures to change the value (or status) of the different settings are described.

No colors / noise in picture

1. Press the MENU button on the remote control.
2. Select the INSTALLATION sub menu.
3. Select and change the SYSTEM setting until picture and sound are correct.
4. Select the STORE menu item.

Colors not correct / unstable picture

1. Press the MENU button on the remote control.
2. Select the INSTALLATION sub menu.
3. Select and change the SYSTEM setting until picture and sound are correct.
4. Select the STORE menu item.

Picture too dark or too bright

Increase / decrease the BRIGHTNESS and / or the CONTRAST value when:

- The picture improves after you have pressed the “Smart Picture” button on the remote control.
The new “Personal” preference value is automatically stored.

White line around picture elements and text

Decrease the SHARPNESS value when:

- The picture improves after you have pressed the “Smart Picture” button on the remote control.
The new “Personal” preference value is automatically stored.

Snowy picture

- No or bad antenna signal. Connect a proper antenna signal.
- Antenna not connected. Connect the antenna.
- No channel / pre-set is stored at this program number. Go to the INSTALL menu and store a proper channel at this program number.
- The tuner is faulty (in this case the CODES line will contain error number 10). Check the tuner and replace / repair if necessary.

Snowy picture and/or unstable picture

- A scrambled or decoded signal is received.

Black and white picture

Increase the COLOR value when:

- The picture improves after you have pressed the “Smart Picture” button on the remote control.
The new “Personal” preference value is automatically stored.

Menu text not sharp enough

Decrease the CONTRAST value when:

- The picture improves after you have pressed the “Smart Picture” button on the remote control.
The new “Personal” preference value is automatically stored.

5.3.2 Sound Problems

No sound or sound too loud (after channel change / switching on)

Increase / decrease the VOLUME level.
Press the Smart Sound button repeatedly to access 4 different types of sound settings and choose your desired setting.

5.4 ComPair

5.4.1 Introduction

ComPair (Computer Aided Repair) is a service tool for Philips Consumer Electronics products. ComPair is a further development on the European DST (Dealer Service Tool), which allows faster and more accurate diagnostics. ComPair has three big advantages:

- ComPair helps you to quickly get an understanding on how to repair the chassis in a short time by guiding you systematically through the repair procedures.
- ComPair allows very detailed diagnostics (on I2C level) and is therefore capable of accurately indicating problem areas. You do not have to know anything about I2C commands yourself because ComPair takes care of this.
- ComPair speeds up the repair time since it can automatically communicate with the chassis (when the

microprocessor is working) and all repair information is directly available. When ComPair is installed together with the SearchMan electronic manual of the defective chassis, schematics and PWBs are only a mouse click away.

5.4.2 Specifications

ComPair consists of a Windows based faultfinding program and an interface box between PC and the (defective) product. The ComPair interface box is connected to the PC via a serial or RS232 cable. In case of the L03 chassis, the ComPair interface box and the TV communicate via a bi-directional service cable via the service connector (located on the Main panel, see also figure 8-1 suffix D).

The ComPair faultfinding program is able to determine the problem of the defective television. ComPair can gather diagnostic information in two ways:

- **Automatically** (by communication with the television): ComPair can automatically read out the contents of the entire error buffer. Diagnosis is done on I2C level. ComPair can access the I2C bus of the television. ComPair can send and receive I2C commands to the micro controller of the television. In this way, it is possible for ComPair to communicate (read and write) to devices on the I2C busses of the TV-set.
- **Manually** (by asking questions to you): Automatic diagnosis is only possible if the micro controller of the television is working correctly and only to a certain extend. When this is not the case, ComPair will guide you through the faultfinding tree by asking you questions (e.g. *Does the screen give a picture? Click on the correct answer: YES / NO*) and showing you examples (e.g. *Measure test-point F001 and click on the correct oscilloscope you see on the oscilloscope*). You can answer by clicking on a link (e.g. text or a waveform picture) that will bring you to the next step in the faultfinding process.

By a combination of automatic diagnostics and an interactive question / answer procedure, ComPair will enable you to find most problems in a fast and effective way.

Beside fault finding, ComPair provides some **additional features** like:

- Up- or downloading of pre-sets.
- Managing of pre-set lists.
- If both ComPair and SearchMan (Electronic Service Manual) are installed, all the schematics and the PWBs of the set are available by clicking on the appropriate hyperlink. **Example:** *Measure the DC-voltage on capacitor C2568 (Schematic/Panel) at the Mono-carrier.*
- Click on the 'Panel' hyperlink to automatically show the PWB with a highlighted capacitor C2568.
- Click on the 'Schematic' hyperlink to automatically show the position of the highlighted capacitor.

5.4.3 How To Connect ComPair

1. First install the ComPair Browser software (see the Quick Reference Card for installation instructions).
2. Connect the RS232 interface cable between a free serial (COM) port of your PC and the PC connector (marked with "PC") of the ComPair interface.
3. Connect the AC power adapter to the supply connector (marked with "POWER 9V DC") on the ComPair interface.
4. Switch the ComPair interface OFF.
5. Switch the television set OFF (remove the AC power).
6. Connect the ComPair interface cable between the connector on the rear side of the ComPair interface (marked with "I2C") and the ComPair connector on the mono carrier (see figure 8-1 suffix D).
7. Plug the AC power adapter in the AC power outlet and switch on the interface. The green and red LEDs light up

together. The red LED extinguishes after approx. 1 second while the green LED remains lit.

8. Start the ComPair program and read the "introduction" chapter.

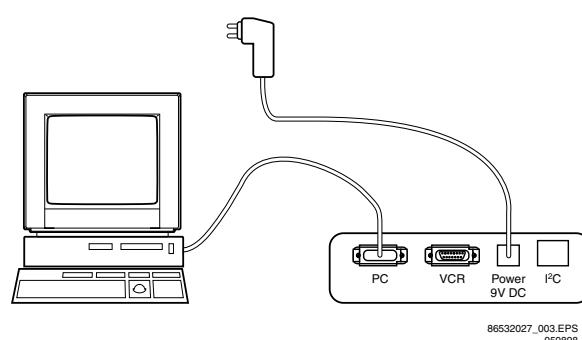


Figure 5-2 ComPair connection

5.4.4 How To Order

ComPair order codes:

- Starter kit ComPair32/SearchMan32 software and ComPair interface (excl. transformer): 3122 785 90450.
- ComPair interface (excluding transformer): 4822 727 21631.
- Starter kit ComPair32 software (registration version): 3122 785 60040.
- Starter kit SearchMan32 software: 3122 785 60050.
- ComPair32 CD (update): 3122 785 60070.
- SearchMan32 CD (update): 3122 785 60080 (year 2002), 3122 785 60120 (year 2003). **Note:** If you encounter any problems, contact your local support desk.
- ComPair interface cable: 3122 785 90004.

5.4.5 Error Buffer

The error code buffer contains all detected errors since the last time the buffer was erased. The buffer is written from left to right. When an error occurs that is not yet in the error code buffer, it is written at the left side and all other errors shift one position to the right.

5.4.6 How To Read The Error Buffer

You can read out the error buffer in 3 ways:

- On screen via the SDAM (only if you have a picture).
 - Examples:
 - ERROR: 0 0 0 0 0: No errors detected
 - ERROR: 6 0 0 0 0: Error code 6 is the last and only detected error
 - ERROR: 9 6 0 0 0: Error code 6 was first detected and error code 9 is the last detected (newest) error
- Via the blinking LED procedure (when you have no picture). See next paragraph.
- Via ComPair.

5.4.7 How To Clear The Error Buffer

The error code buffer is cleared in the following cases:

- By activation of the CLEAR command in the SDAM menu:
- If the content of the error buffer has not changed for 50 hours, it resets automatically.

Note:

When leaving SDAM by disconnecting the set from AC power, the error buffer is not reset.

5.4.8 Error Codes

In case of non-intermittent faults, clear the error buffer before you begin the repair. These to ensure that old error codes are

no longer present. It is wise to write down the errors of the error buffer before you clear it.

If possible, check the entire contents of the error buffer. In some situations an error code is only the result of another error code and not the actual cause (e.g., a fault in the protection detection circuitry can also lead to a protection).

Table 5-3 Error Code Table

ERROR	Device	Error description	Check item	Diagram
0	Not applicable	No Error	-	-
1	Not applicable	X-Ray Protection (USA)	-	-
2	Not applicable	Horizontal Protection	7421, 7422, 7423	A2
3	Not applicable	Vertical Protection	7461, 7462, 7463, 7464, 7465, 7466	A2
4	AN5891K & AN5829S	Tone control & Audio processor I2C identification error	7821 (tone IC), 7841 (Stereo/Sap)	A5
5	TDA93XX	POR 3.3V / 8V Protection	7200, 7541, 7491, 7493, 7496	A4, A1
6	I2C bus	General I2C bus error	7200, 3604, 3605	A4
7	Not applicable	-	-	-
8	Not applicable	E/W Protection (Large Screen)	-	-
9	M24C16	NVM I2C identification error	7641, 3641, 3642, 3643	A4
10	Tuner	Tuner I2C identification error	1000, 3003, 3004	A3
11	Not applicable	Black current loop protection	3313, 7307, 7308, 7309, 7310, 7311, 7312, 7313, 7314, 7315, 7316, 7317, 7318, CRT	B1
12	Not applicable	MAP I2C identification error (USA)	-	-
13	Not applicable	VC I2C identification error (Eu)	-	-
14	Not applicable	DVD I2C identification error	-	-

5.5 The Blinking LED Procedure

Via this procedure you can make the contents of the error buffer visible via the front LED. This is especially useful when there is no picture.

When the SDAM is activated, the LED will blink the contents of the error-buffer.

- n short blinks (n = 1 - 14),
- When all the error-codes are displayed, the sequence finishes with a LED blink of 3 s,
- The sequence starts again.

Example of error buffer: 12 9 6 0 0

After activating SDAM:

- 12 short blinks followed by a pause of 3 s,
- 9 short blinks followed by a pause of 3 s,
- 6 short blinks followed by a pause of 3 s,
- 1 long blink of 3 s to finish the sequence,
- the sequence starts again.

5.6 Protections

If a fault situation is detected an error code will be generated and if necessary the set will be put in the protection mode. Blinking of the red LED at a frequency of 3 Hz indicates the protection mode. In some error cases the microprocessor does not put the set in the protection mode. The error codes of the error buffer can be read via the service menu (SDAM), the blinking LED procedure or via ComPair.

To get a quick diagnosis the chassis has one service mode implemented:

- The Service Default Alignment Mode (SDAM). Start-up of the set in a predefined way and adjustment of the set via a menu and with the help of test patterns.

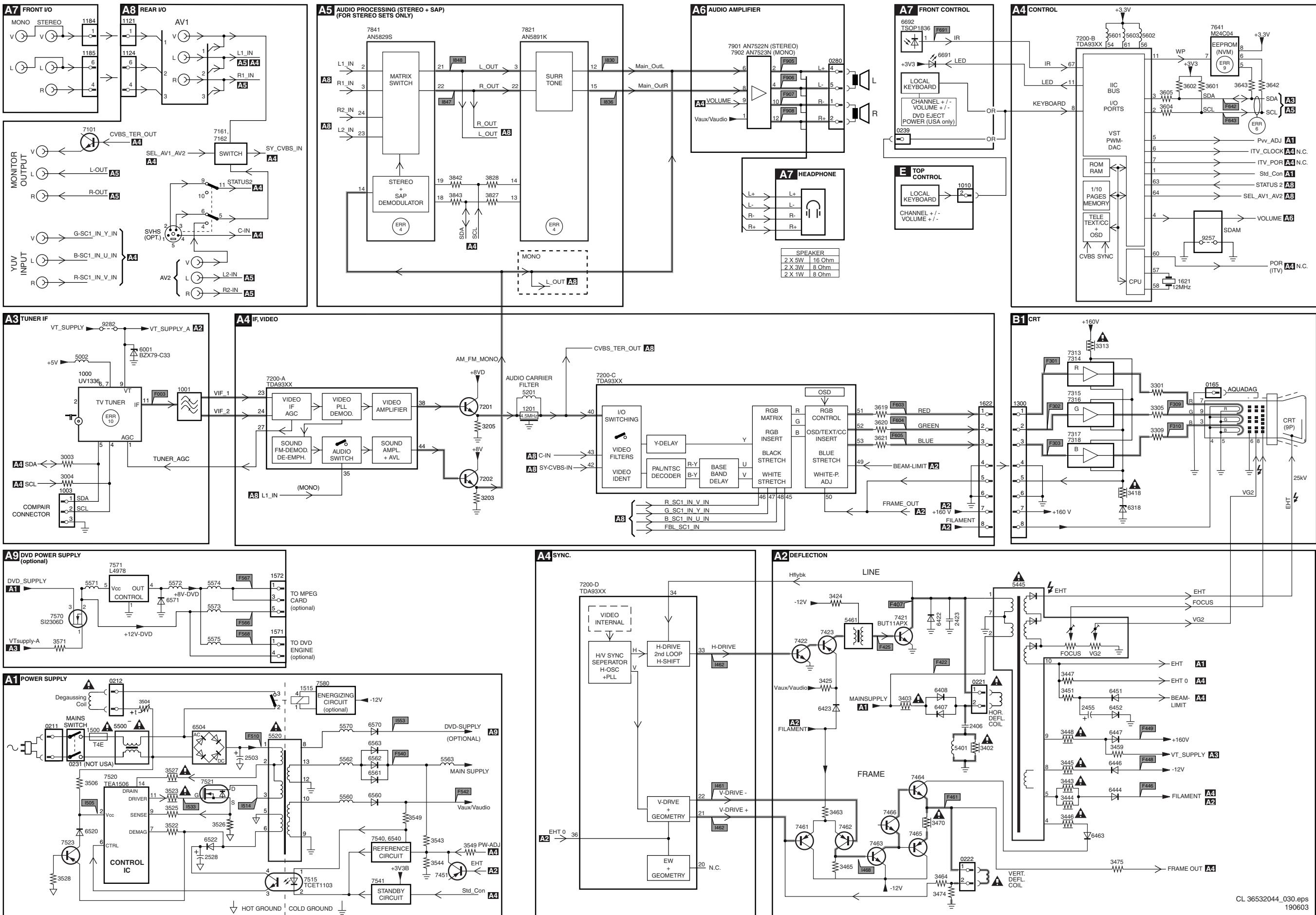
5.7 Repair Tips

Below some failure symptoms are given, followed by a repair tip.

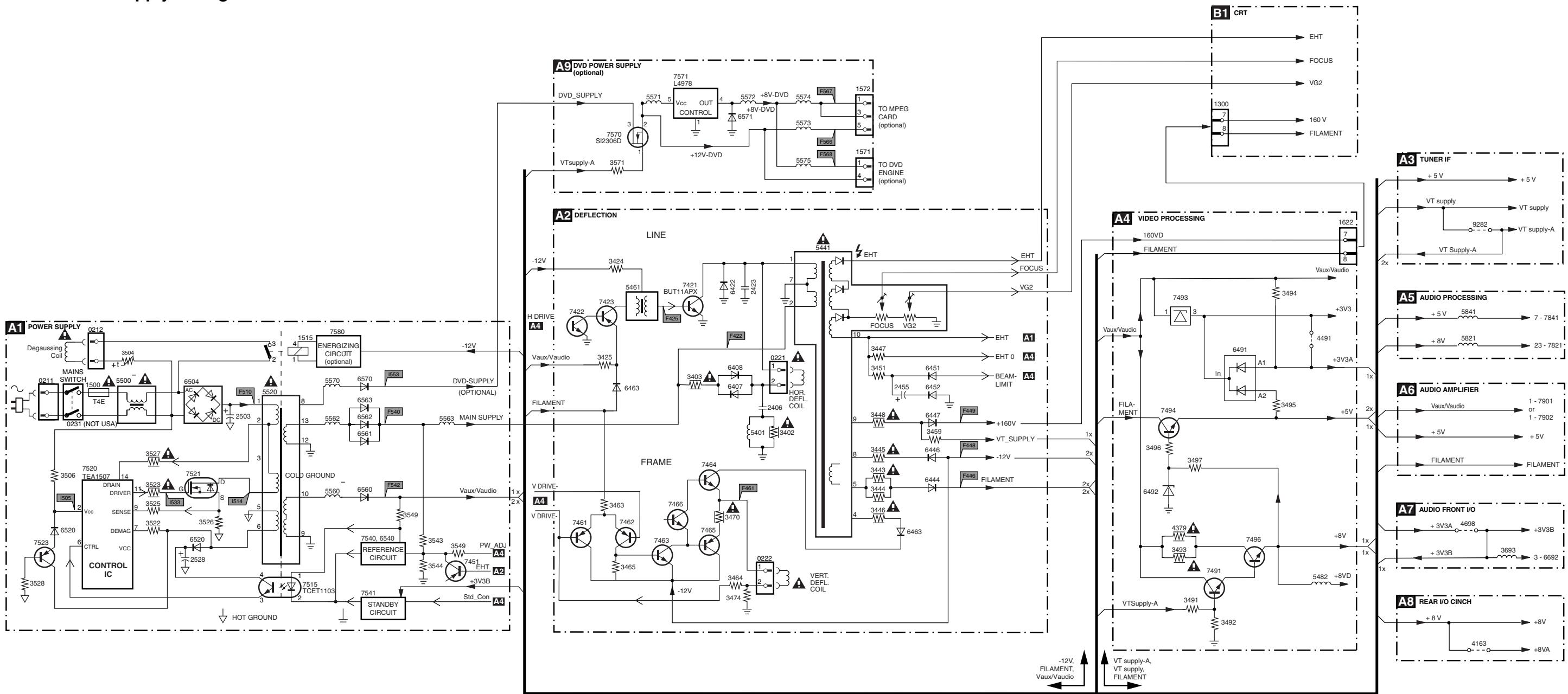
- **Set is dead and makes hiccuping sound.** "MainSupply" is available. Hiccuping stops when de-soldering L5563, meaning that problem is in the "MainSupply" line. No output voltages at LOT, no horizontal deflection. Reason: line transistor 7421 is defective.
- **Set is dead, and makes no sound.** Check power supply IC 7520. Result: voltage at pins 2, 6, 7, 9 and 11 are about 180 V and pin 14 is 0 V. The reason why the voltage on these pins is so high is because the output driver (pin 11) has an open load. That is why MOSFET 7521 is not able to switch. Reason: feedback resistor 3523 is defective.
- **Caution:** be careful measuring on the gate of 7521; circuitry is very high ohmic and can easily be damaged!
- **Set is in hiccup mode and shuts down after 8 s.** Blinking LED (set in SDAM mode) indicates error 5. As it is unlikely that the "POR" and "+8V protection" happen at the same time, measure the "+8V". If this voltage is missing, check transistor 7491 & 7496.
- **Set is non-stop in hiccup mode.** Set is in over current mode; check the secondary sensing (opto coupler 7515) and the "MainSupply" voltage. Signal "Stdby_con" must be logic low under normal operation conditions and goes to high (3.3 V) under standby and fault conditions.
- **Set turns on, but without picture and sound.** The screen shows snow, but OSD and other menus are okay. Blinking LED procedure indicates error 11, so problem is expected in the tuner (pos. 1000). Check presence of supply voltages. As "Vlotaux+5V" at pin 5 and 7 are okay, "VT_supply" at pin 9 is missing. Conclusion: resistors 3449 & 3450 are defective

6. Block Diagrams, Testpoint Overviews, and Waveforms

Block Diagram

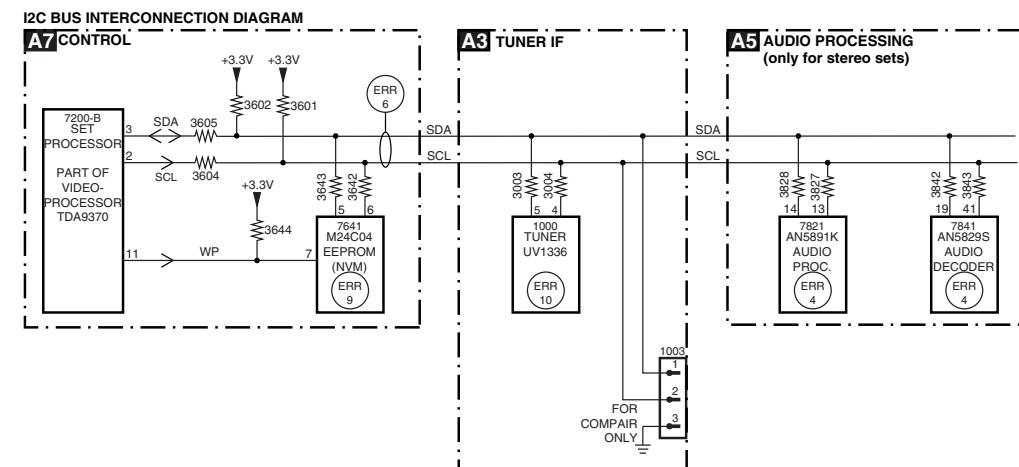


I2C and Supply Voltage Overview



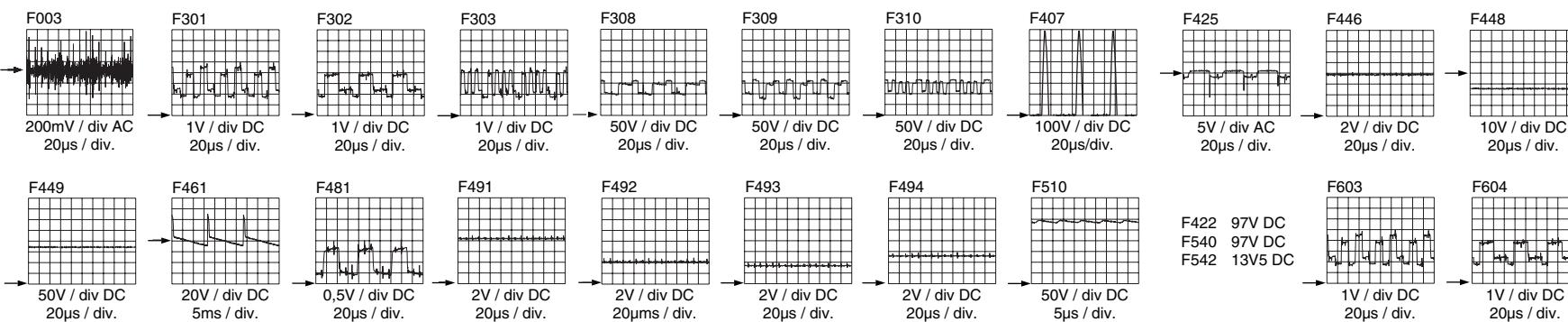
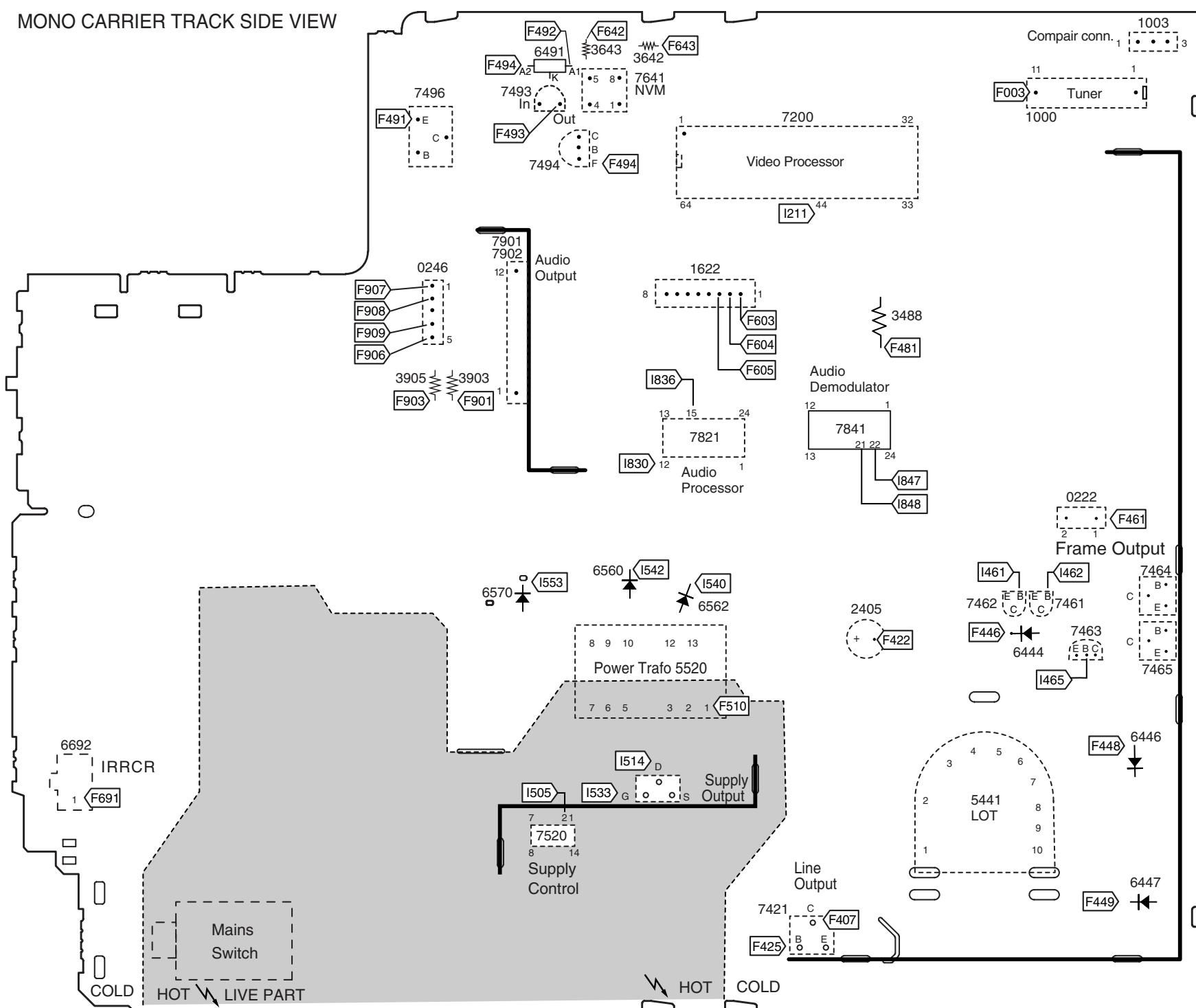
ERROR CODE LIST

Error	Device	Error description	Check item	Diagram
0	Not applicable	No Error	-	-
1	Not applicable	X-Ray Protection (USA)	-	-
2	Not applicable	Horizontal Protection	7421, 7422, 7423	A2
3	Not applicable	Vertical Protection	7461, 7462, 7463, 7464, 7465, 7466	A2
4	AN5891K & AN5829S	Tone control & Audio processor I2C identification error	7821 (tone IC), 7841 (Stereo/Sap)	A5
5	TDA93XX	POR 3.3V / 8V Protection	7200, 7541, 7491, 7493, 7496	A4, A1
6	I2C bus	General I2C bus error	7200, 3604, 3605	A4
7	Not applicable	-	-	-
8	Not applicable	E/W Protection (Large Screen)	-	-
9	M24C16	NVM I2C identification error	7641, 3641, 3642, 3643	A4
10	Tuner	Tuner I2C identification error	1000, 3003, 3004	A3
11	Not applicable	Black current loop protection	3313, 7307, 7308, 7309, 7310, 7311, 7312, 7313, 7314, 7315, 7316, 7317, 7318, CRT	B1
12	Not applicable	MAP I2C identification error (USA)	-	-
13	Not applicable	VC I2C identification error (Eu)	-	-
14	Not applicable	DVD I2C identification error	-	-

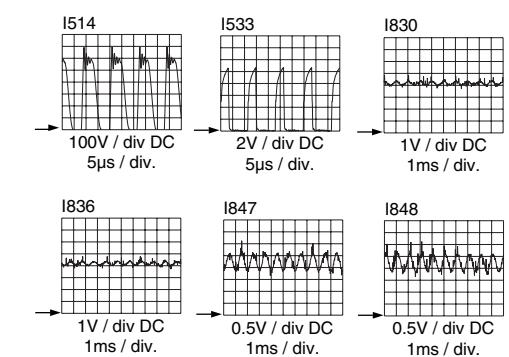
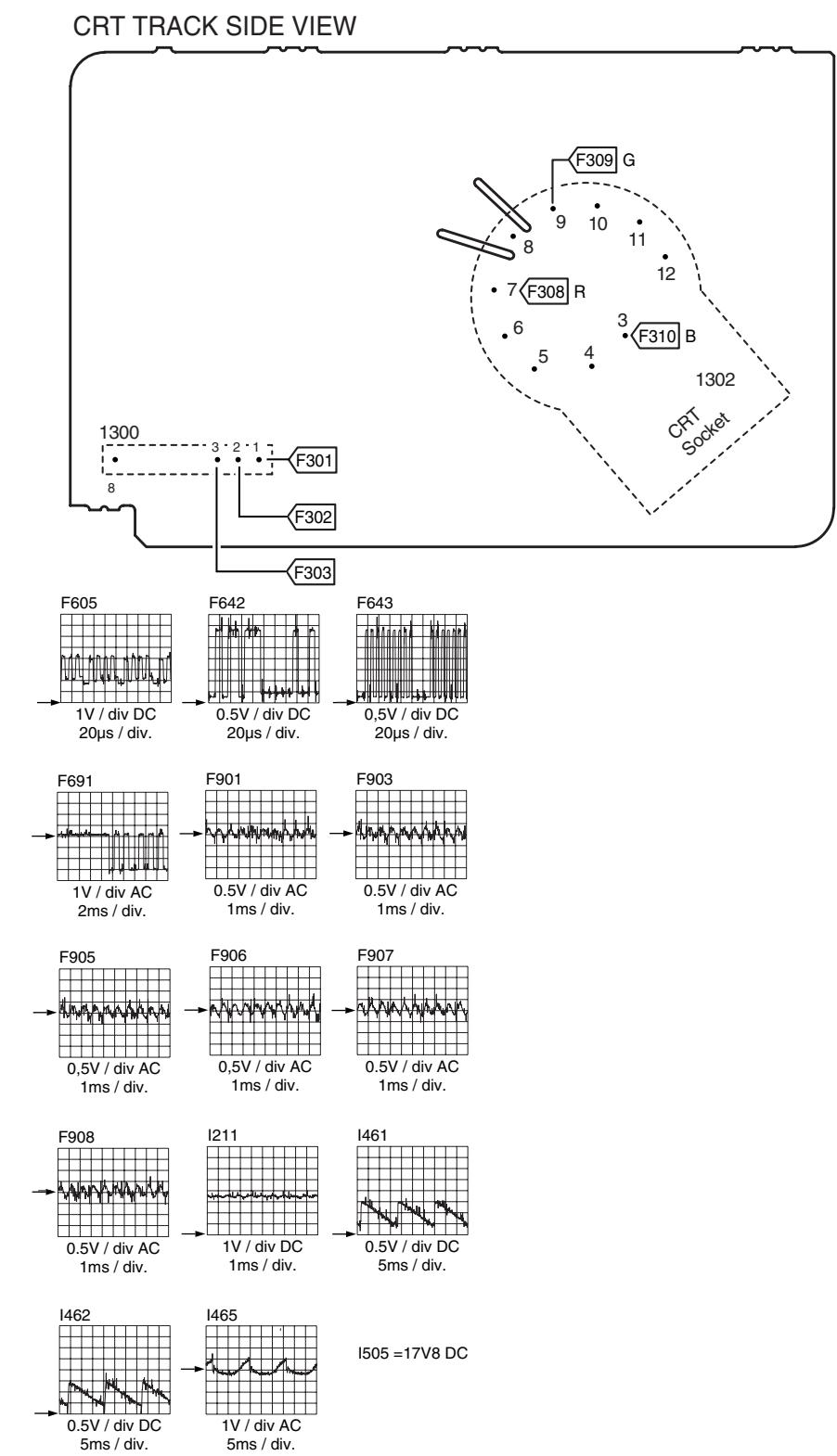


Testpoint Overview

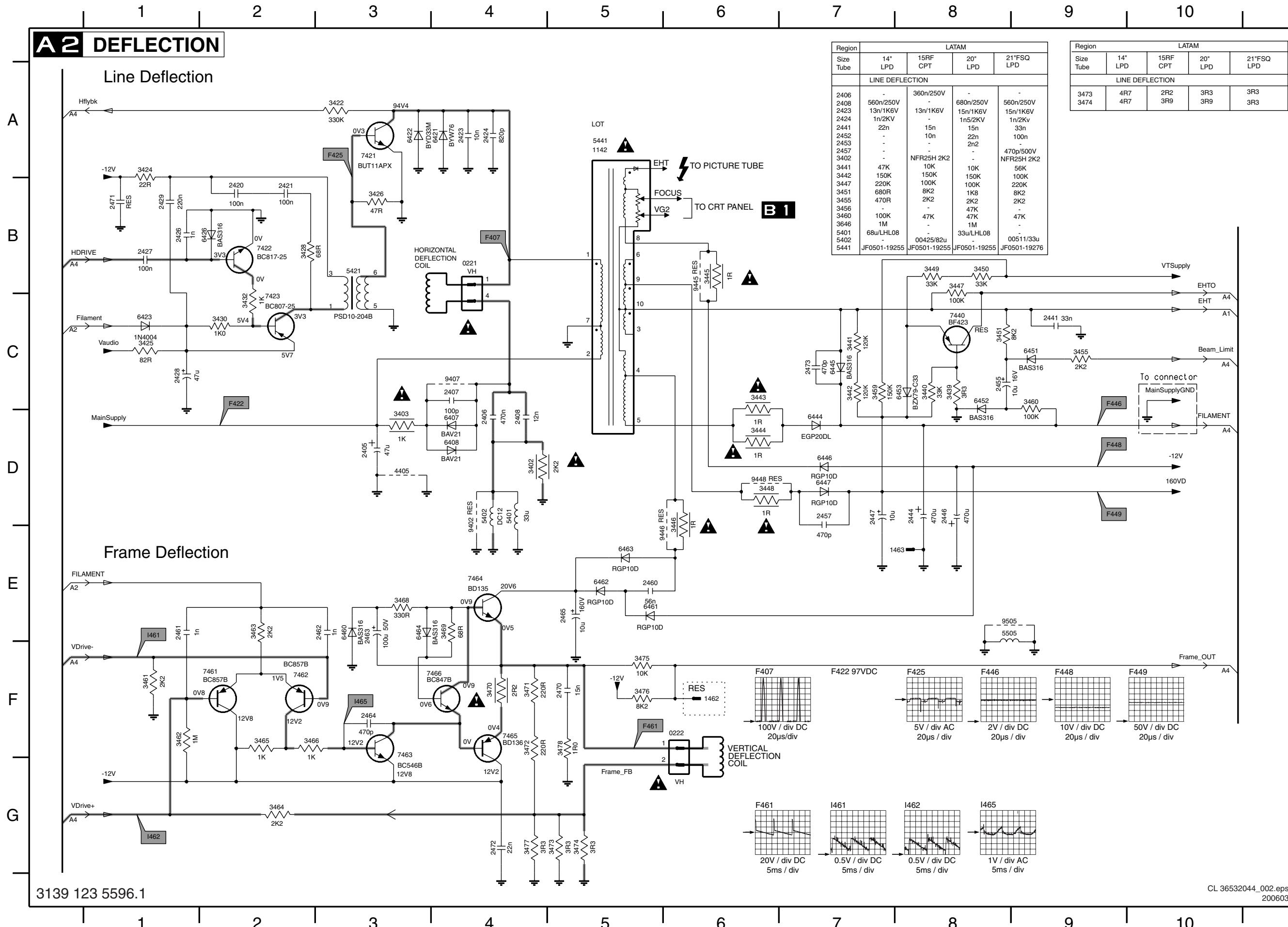
MONO CARRIER TRACK SIDE VIEW



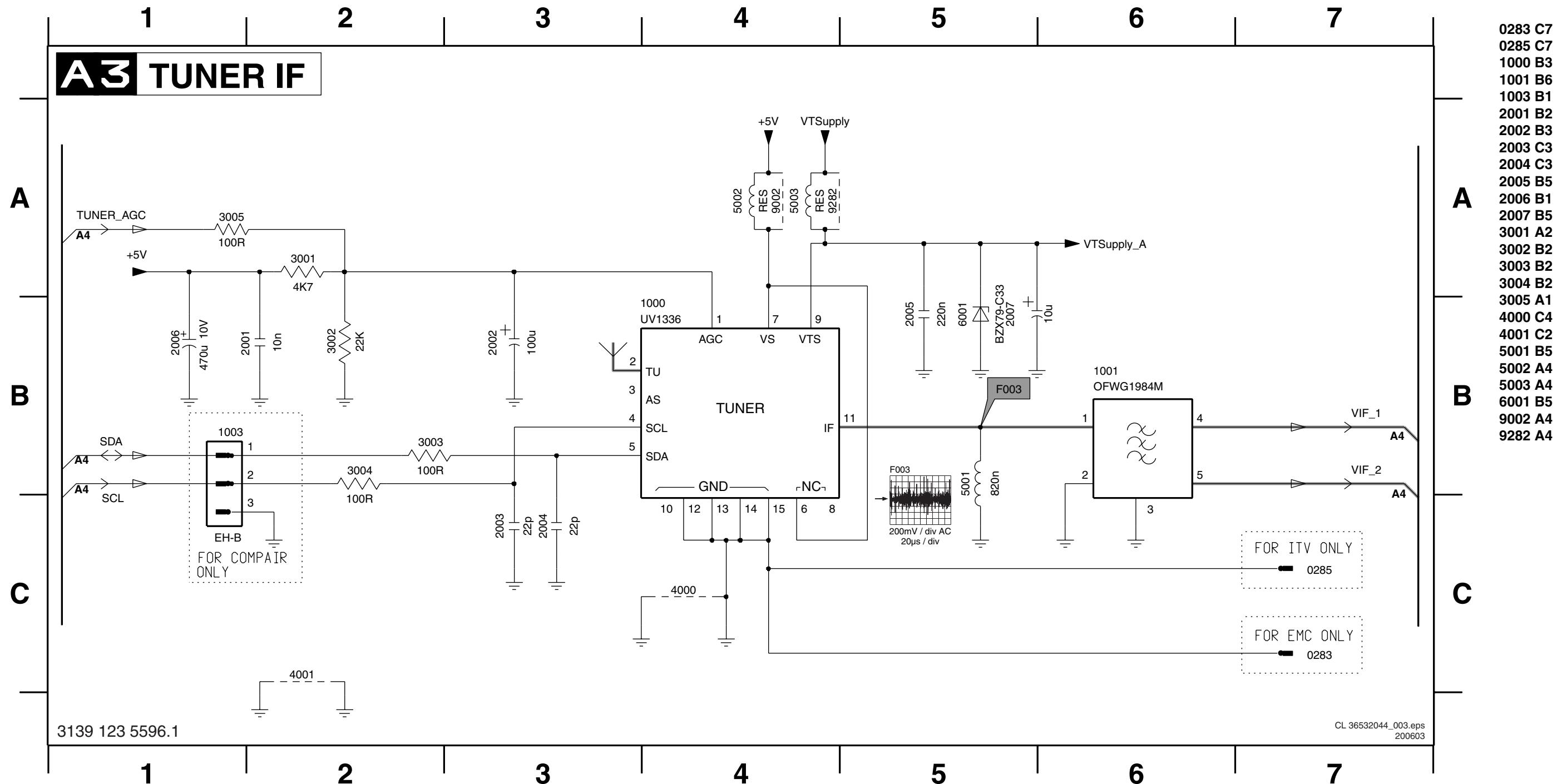
CRT TRACK SIDE VIEW



Mono Carrier: Deflection

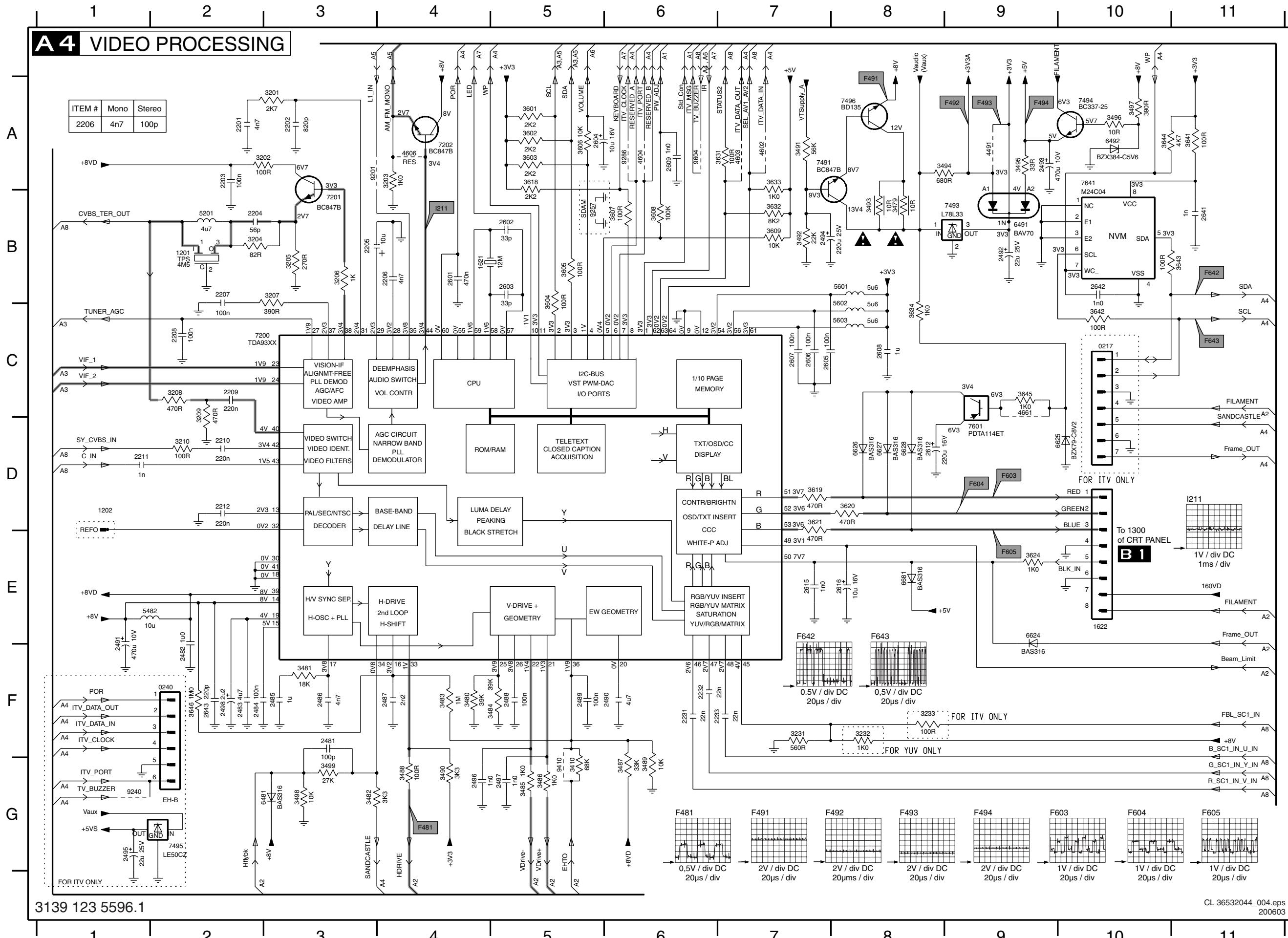


Mono Carrier: Tuner IF

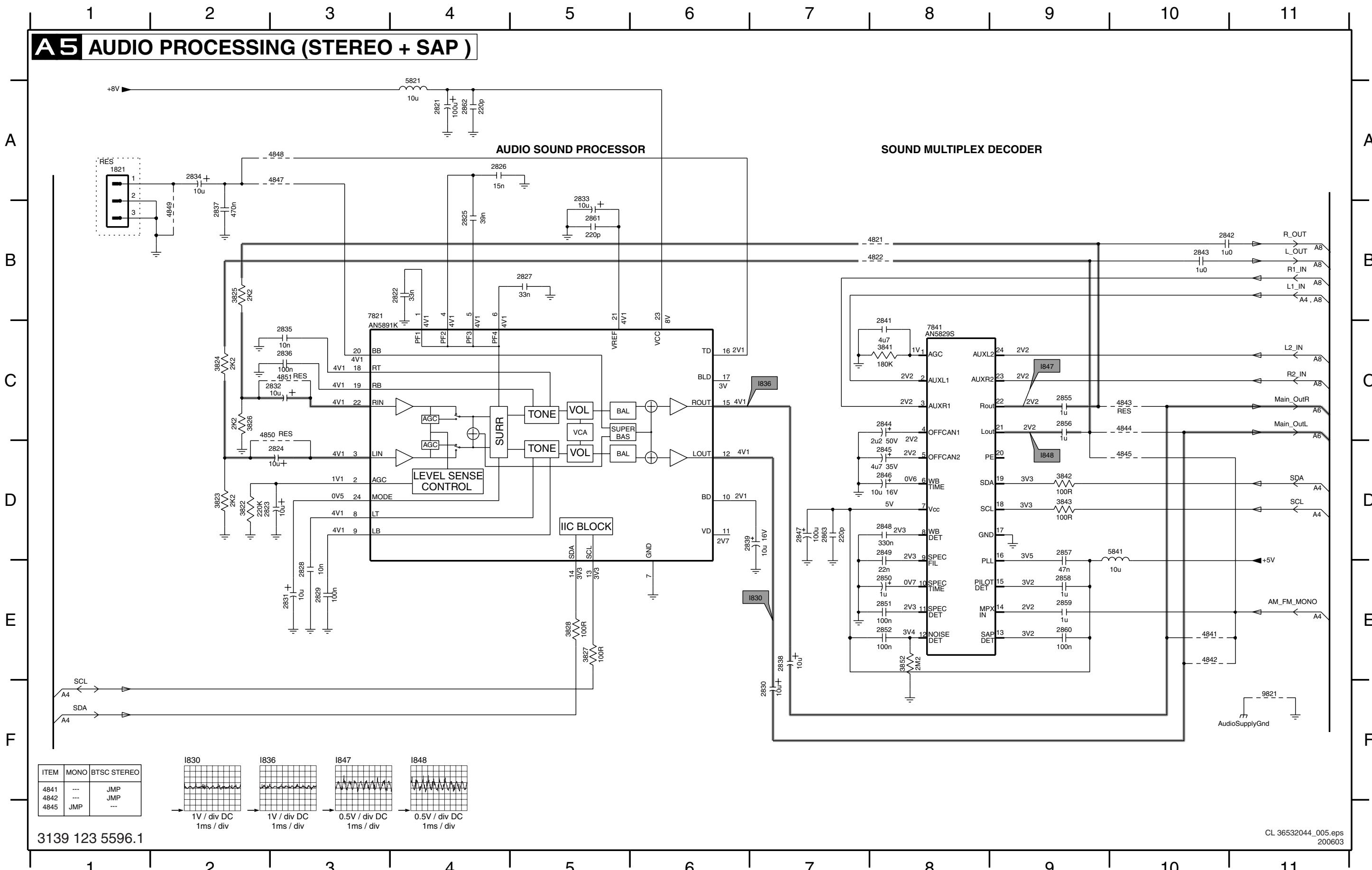


0283 C7
0285 C7
1000 B3
1001 B6
1003 B1
2001 B2
2002 B3
2003 C3
2004 C3
2005 B5
2006 B1
2007 B5
3001 A2
3002 B2
3003 B2
3004 B2
3005 A1
4000 C4
4001 C2
5001 B5
5002 A4
5003 A4
6001 B5
9002 A4
9282 A4

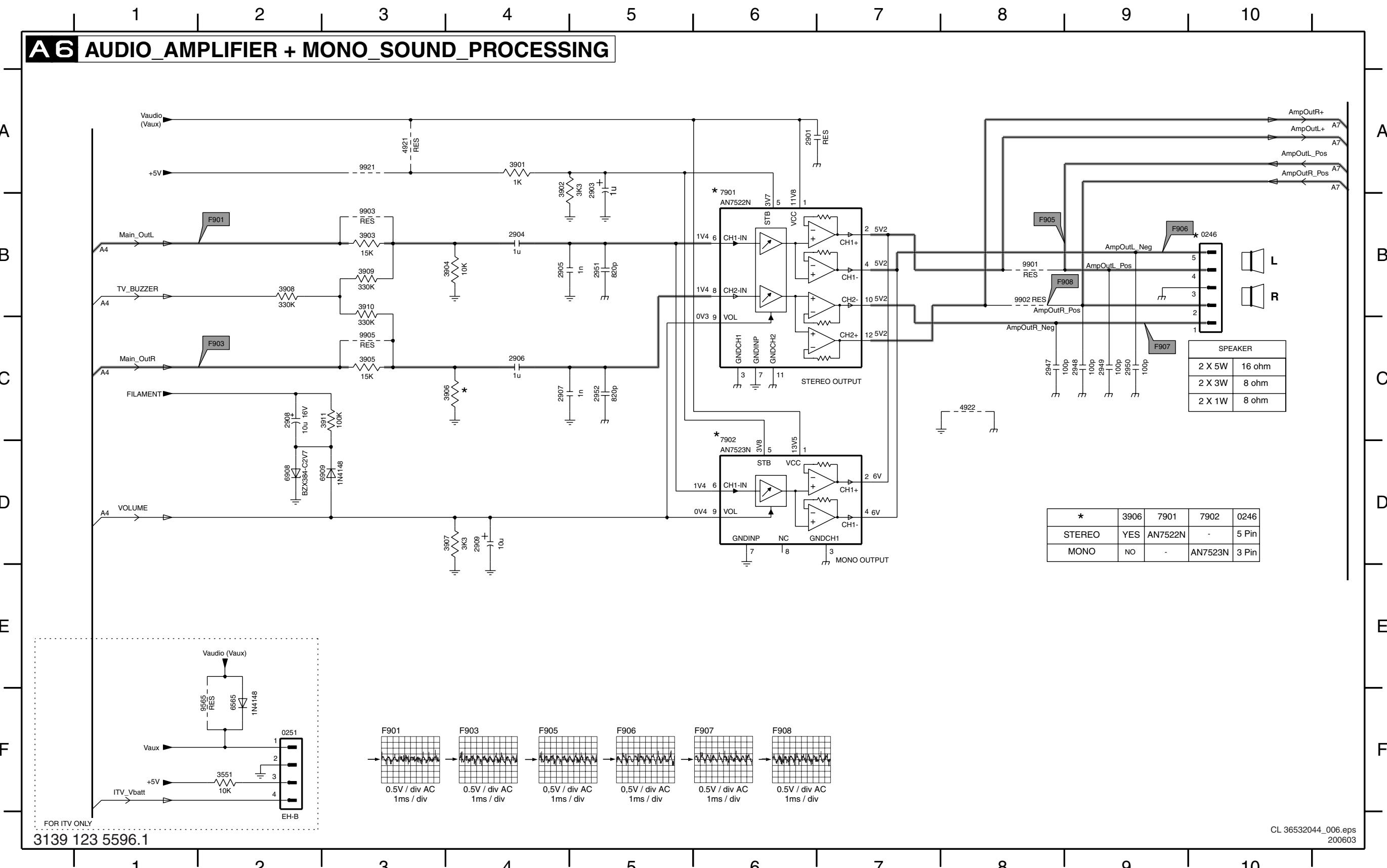
Mono Carrier: Video Processing



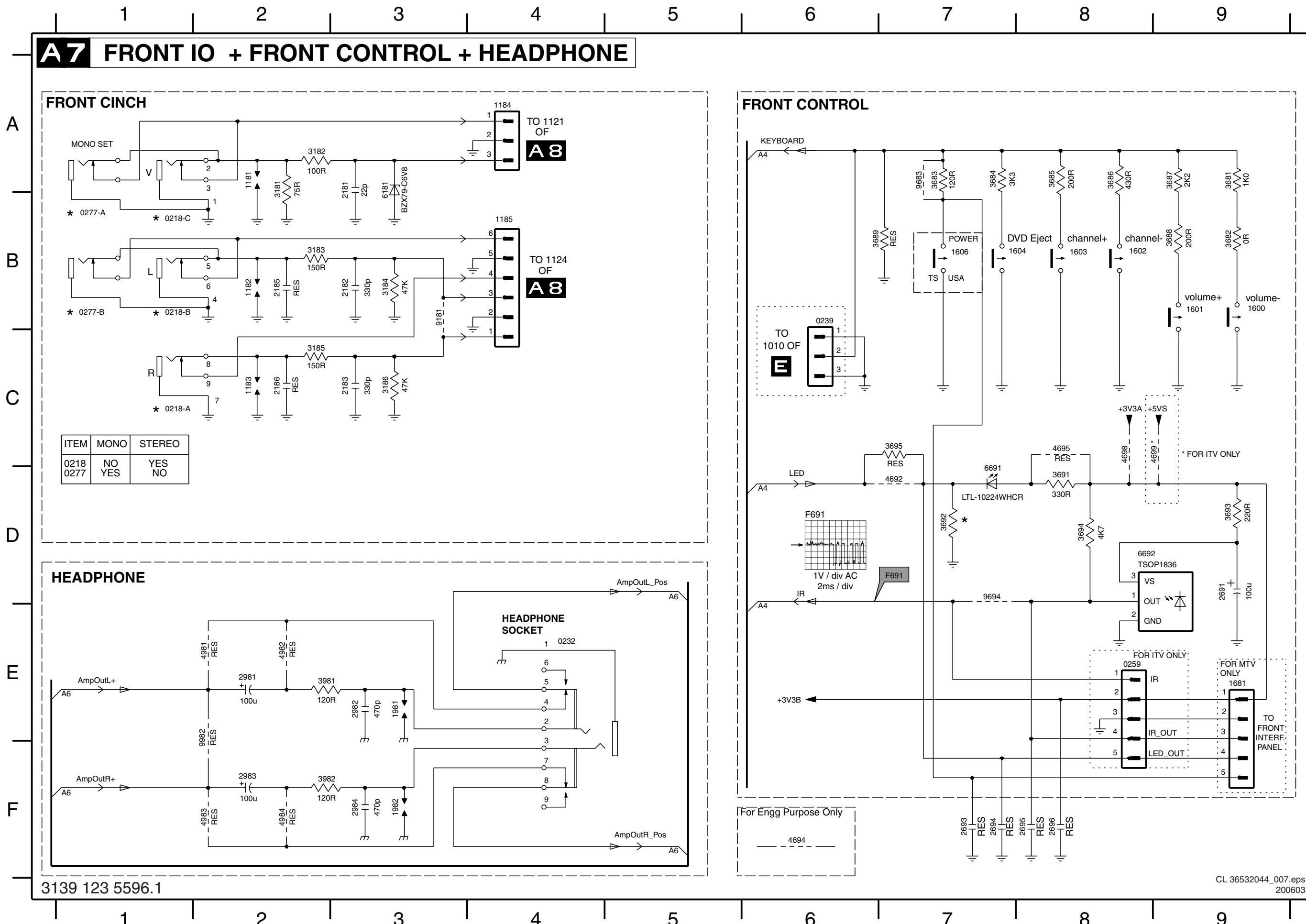
Mono Carrier: Audio Processing (Stereo + SAP)



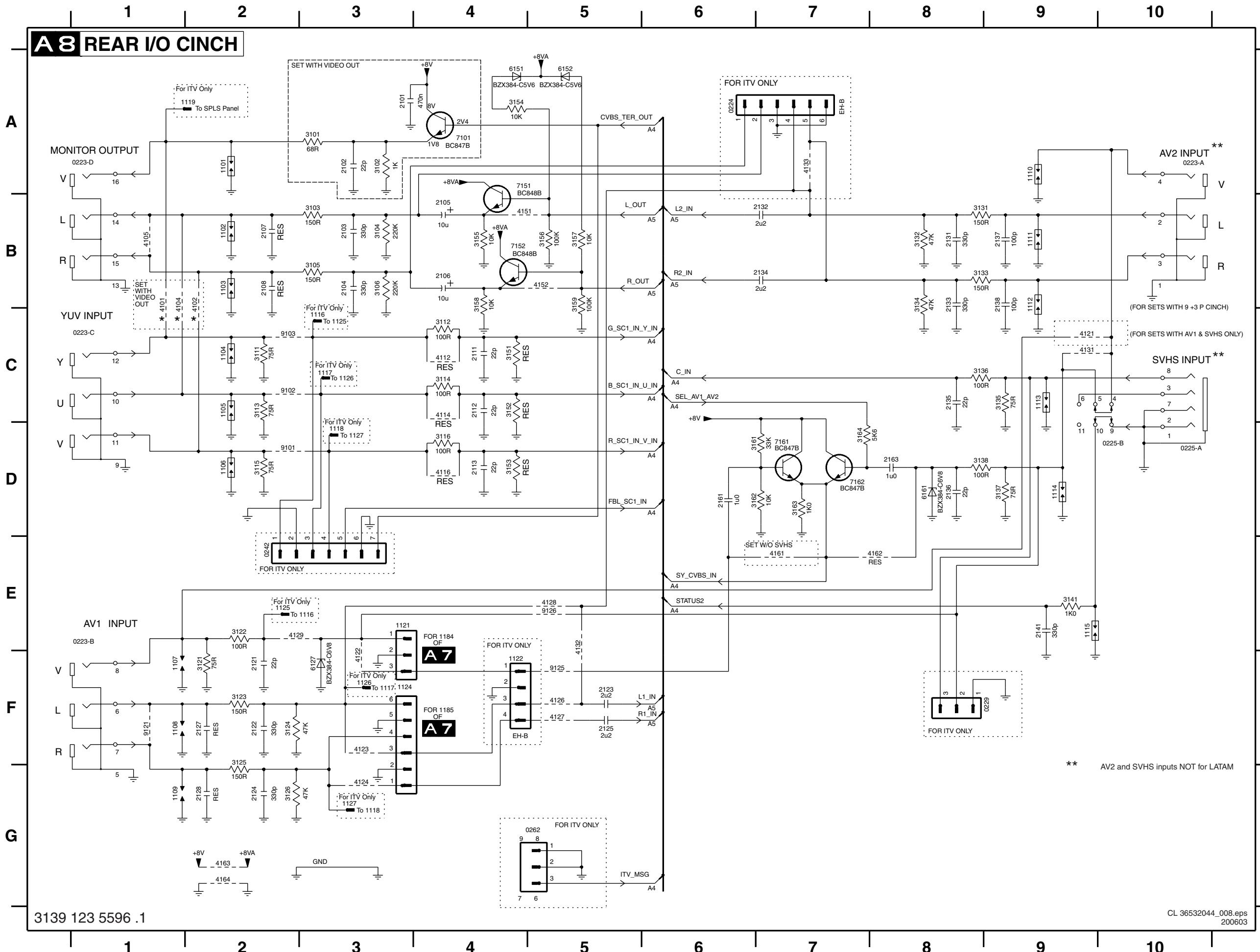
Mono Carrier: Audio Amplifier + Mono Sound Processing



0246 B10
 0251 F2
 2901 A6
 2903 A5
 2904 B4
 2905 B4
 2906 C4
 2907 C4
 2908 C2
 2909 D4
 2947 C8
 2948 C9
 2949 C9
 2950 C9
 2951 B5
 2952 C5
 3551 F2
 3901 A4
 3902 A4
 3903 B3
 3904 B4
 3905 C3
 3906 C4
 3907 D4
 3908 B2
 3909 B3
 3910 B3
 3911 C3
 4921 A3
 4922 C8
 6565 F2
 6908 D2
 6909 D3
 7901 B6
 7902 D6
 9565 F2
 9901 B8
 9902 B8
 9903 B3
 9905 C3
 9921 A3

Mono Carrier: Front I/O + Front Control + Headphone

Mono Carrier: Rear I/O Cinch



0223-A A10	3154 A4
0223-B E1	3155 B4
0223-C C1	3156 B5
0223-D A1	3157 B5
0224 A6	3158 B4
0225-A D10	3159 B5
0225-B D10	3161 D7
0229 F9	3162 D7
0242 E2	3163 D7
0262 G5	3164 D7
1101 A2	4101 B1
1102 B2	4102 B2
1103 B2	4104 B1
1104 C2	4105 B1
1105 C2	4112 C4
1106 D2	4114 C4
1107 F1	4116 D4
1108 F1	4121 C9
1109 G1	4122 F3
1110 A9	4123 F3
1111 B9	4124 G3
1112 B9	4126 F5
1113 C9	4127 F5
1114 D9	4128 E5
1115 E9	4129 E2
1116 C3	4131 C9
1117 C3	4132 E5
1118 D3	4133 A7
1119 A2	4151 B4
1121 E3	4152 B5
1122 F4	4161 E7
1124 F3	4162 E8
1125 E2	4163 G2
1126 F3	4164 G2
1127 G3	6127 F3
2101 A3	6151 A4
2102 A3	6152 A5
2103 B3	6161 D8
2104 B3	7101 A4
2105 B4	7151 A5
2106 B4	7152 B4
2107 B2	7161 D7
2108 B2	7162 D7
2111 C4	9101 D2
2112 C4	9102 C2
2113 D4	9103 C2
2121 F2	9121 F1
2122 F2	9125 F5
2123 F2	9126 E5
2124 F2	2133 B7
2125 F5	2134 B7
2127 F2	2135 C8
2128 G2	2136 D8
2129 G2	2137 B9
2130 B7	2138 B9
2131 B8	2141 E9
2132 B7	2161 D6
2133 B8	2163 D8
2134 B7	3101 A3
2135 C8	3102 A3
2136 D8	3103 B3
2137 B9	3104 B3
2138 B9	3105 B3
2141 E9	3106 B3
2161 D6	3111 C2
2163 D8	3112 C4
3101 A3	3113 C2
3102 A3	3114 C4
3103 B3	3115 D2
3104 B3	3116 D4
3105 B3	3121 F2
3106 B3	3122 F2
3111 C2	3125 F2
3112 C4	3126 G2
3113 C2	3131 B8
3114 C4	3132 B8
3115 D2	3133 B8
3116 D4	3134 B8
3121 F2	3135 C9
3122 F2	3136 C8
3125 F2	3137 D8
3126 G2	3141 E9
3131 B8	3151 C4
3132 B8	3152 C4
3133 B8	3153 D4

Mono Carrier: Diversity Table for Rear I/O Cinch

1 2 3 4 5

Diversity Table For A 8 Rear IO Cinch

	ITEM	CN-R.11/10-YUV-F.11-ST-LA/NA	CN-R.11/10-F.11-MN-LA L03S	CN-R.11/10-YUV-ST-LA/NA L03S	CN-F.11-ST-LA/NA L03S	CN-F.11-MN-LA	CN-R.11/10-MN-LA
A	2101	470N	470N	470N	-	-	470N
	2102	22P	22P	22P	-	-	22P
	2103	330P	330P	330P	-	-	330P
	2104	330P	-	330P	-	-	-
	2105	10U	10U	10U	-	-	10U
	2106	10U	-	10U	-	-	-
	2111	22P	-	22P	-	-	-
	2112	22P	-	22P	-	-	-
	2113	22P	-	22P	-	-	-
	2121	-	-	22P	-	-	22P
	2122	-	-	330P	-	-	330P
	2123	-	1U	1U	1U	1U	1U
	2124	-	-	330P	-	-	-
	2125	1U	-	1U	1U	-	-
	2132	1U	-	1U	1U	-	-
	2134	1U	-	1U	1U	-	-
	2181	22P	22P	-	22P	22P	-
	2182	330P	330P	-	330P	330P	-
	2183	330P	-	-	330P	-	-
	2210	220N	220N	220N	220N	220N	220N
	2211	1N	-	1N	1N	-	1N
	2231	22N	-	22N	22N	-	22N
	2232	22N	-	22N	22N	-	22N
	2233	22N	-	22N	22N	-	22N
	2842	JMP	-	JMP	-	-	-
	2843	JMP	JMP	JMP	-	-	JMP
	3101	68R	68R	68R	-	-	68R
	3102	1K	1K	1K	-	-	1K
	3103	150R	150R	150R	-	-	150R
	3104	220K	220K	220K	-	-	220K
	3105	150R	-	150R	-	-	-
	3106	220K	-	220K	-	-	-
	3111	75R	-	75R	-	-	-
	3112	100R	-	100R	-	-	-
	3113	75R	-	75R	-	-	-
	3114	100R	-	100R	-	-	-
	3115	75R	-	75R	-	-	-
	3116	100R	-	75R	-	-	75R
	3121	-	-	100R	-	-	100R
	3122	JMP	JMP	150R	-	-	150R
	3123	JMP	JMP	47K	-	-	47K
	3124	-	-	150R	-	-	-
	3125	JMP	-	47K	-	-	-
	3126	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3181	75R	75R	-	75R	-	-
	3182	100R	100R	-	100R	-	-
	3183	150R	150R	-	150R	-	-
	3184	47K	47K	-	47K	-	-
	3185	150R	-	150R	-	-	-
	3186	47K	-	47K	-	-	-
	3210	100R	100R	100R	100R	100R	100R
	3231	560R	-	560R	560R	-	560R
	3232	1K	-	1K	1K	-	1K
	4101	-	JMP	-	-	-	JMP
	4102	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4104	-	JMP	-	-	-	JMP
	4122	-	-	JMP	-	-	JMP
	4123	-	-	JMP	-	-	JMP
	4124	-	-	JMP	-	-	-
	4126	JMP	JMP	JMP	-	-	JMP
	4127	JMP	-	JMP	-	-	JMP
	4129	JMP	JMP	JMP	-	-	JMP
	4132	JMP	-	JMP	JMP	-	-
	4133	JMP	-	JMP	JMP	-	-
	4151	JMP	JMP	JMP	-	-	JMP
	4152	JMP	-	JMP	-	-	-
	4161	JMP	JMP	JMP	-	-	JMP
	6127	-	-	BZX79-C6V8	-	BZX384-C6V8	-
	6181	BZX79-C6V8	BZX79-C6V8	BZX79-C6V8	BZX79-C6V8	BZX384-C6V8	-
	7101	BC847B	BC847B	BC847B	-	BC847B	-
	9101	JMP	-	JMP	-	-	-
	9102	JMP	-	JMP	-	-	-
	9103	JMP	-	JMP	-	-	-
	9125	JMP	JMP	JMP	JMP	JMP	-

CL 36532044_009.eps
200603

3139 123 5596.1

1 2 3 4 5

A

B

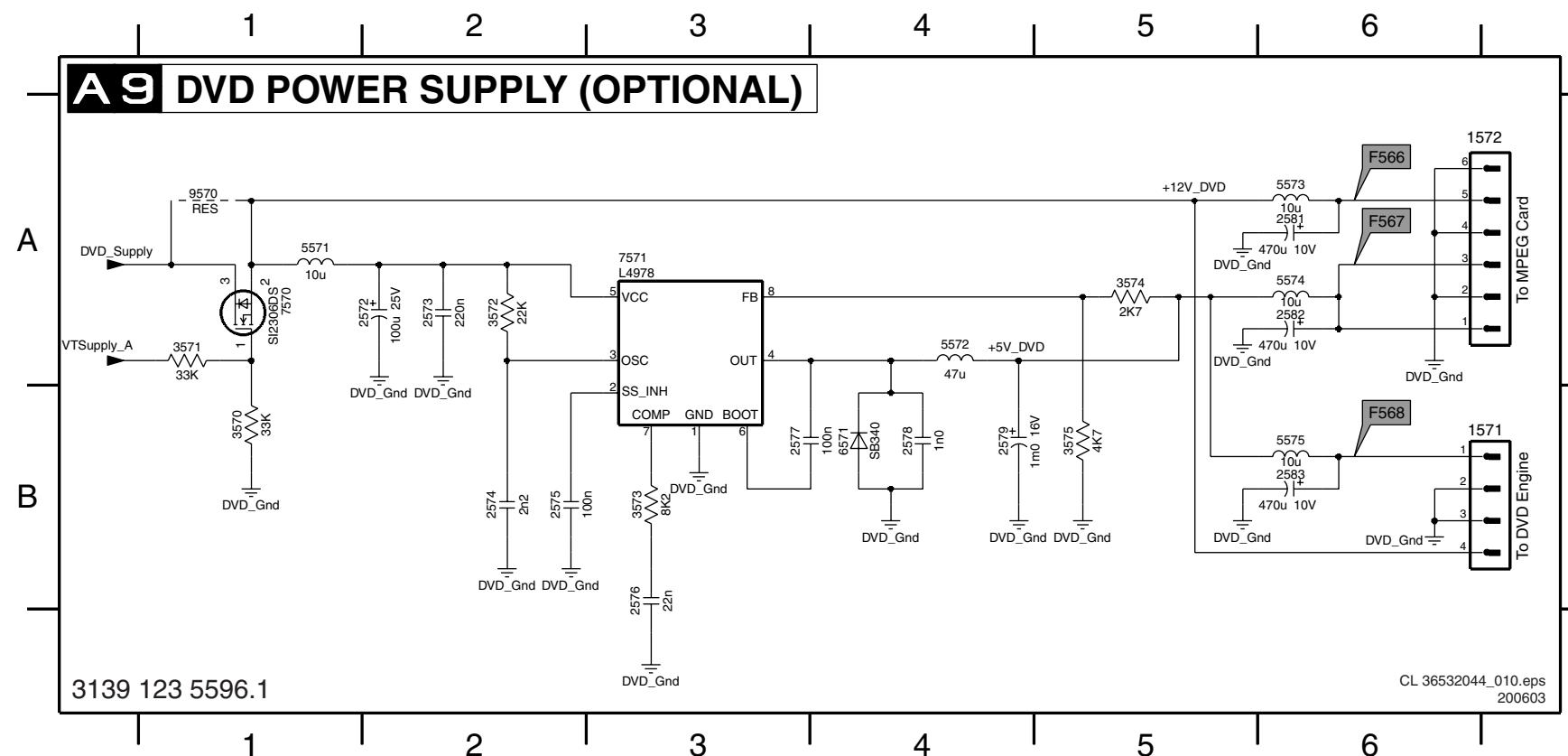
C

D

E

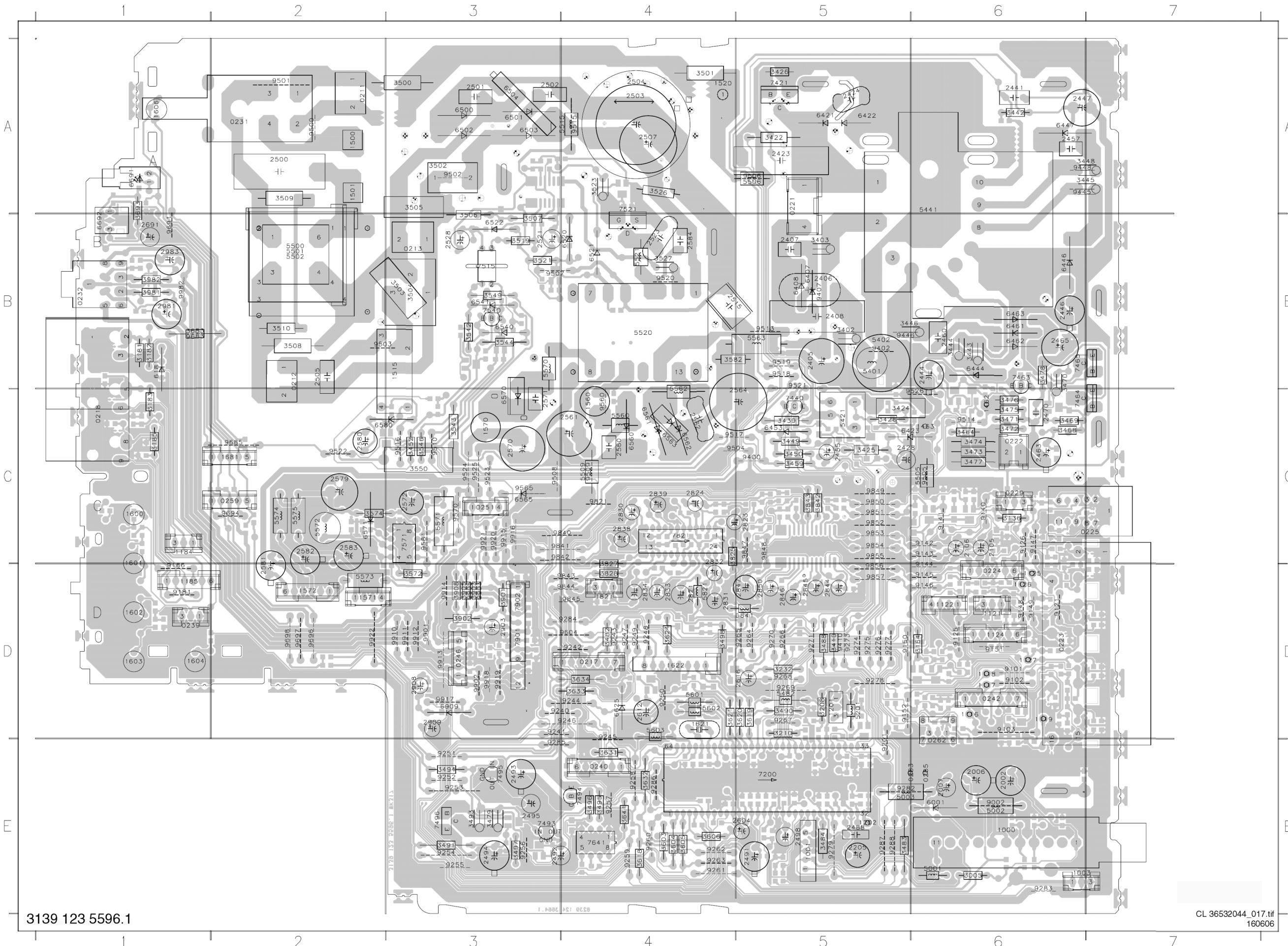
F

Mono Carrier: DVD Power Supply (Optional)



1571 B
1572 A
2572 A
2573 A
2574 B
2575 B
2576 B
2577 B
2578 B
2579 B
2581 A
2582 A
2583 B
3570 B
3571 A
3572 A
3573 B
3574 A
3575 B
5571 A
5572 A
5573 A
5574 A
5575 B
6571 B
7570 A
7571 A
9570 A

Layout Mono Carrier: Top Side

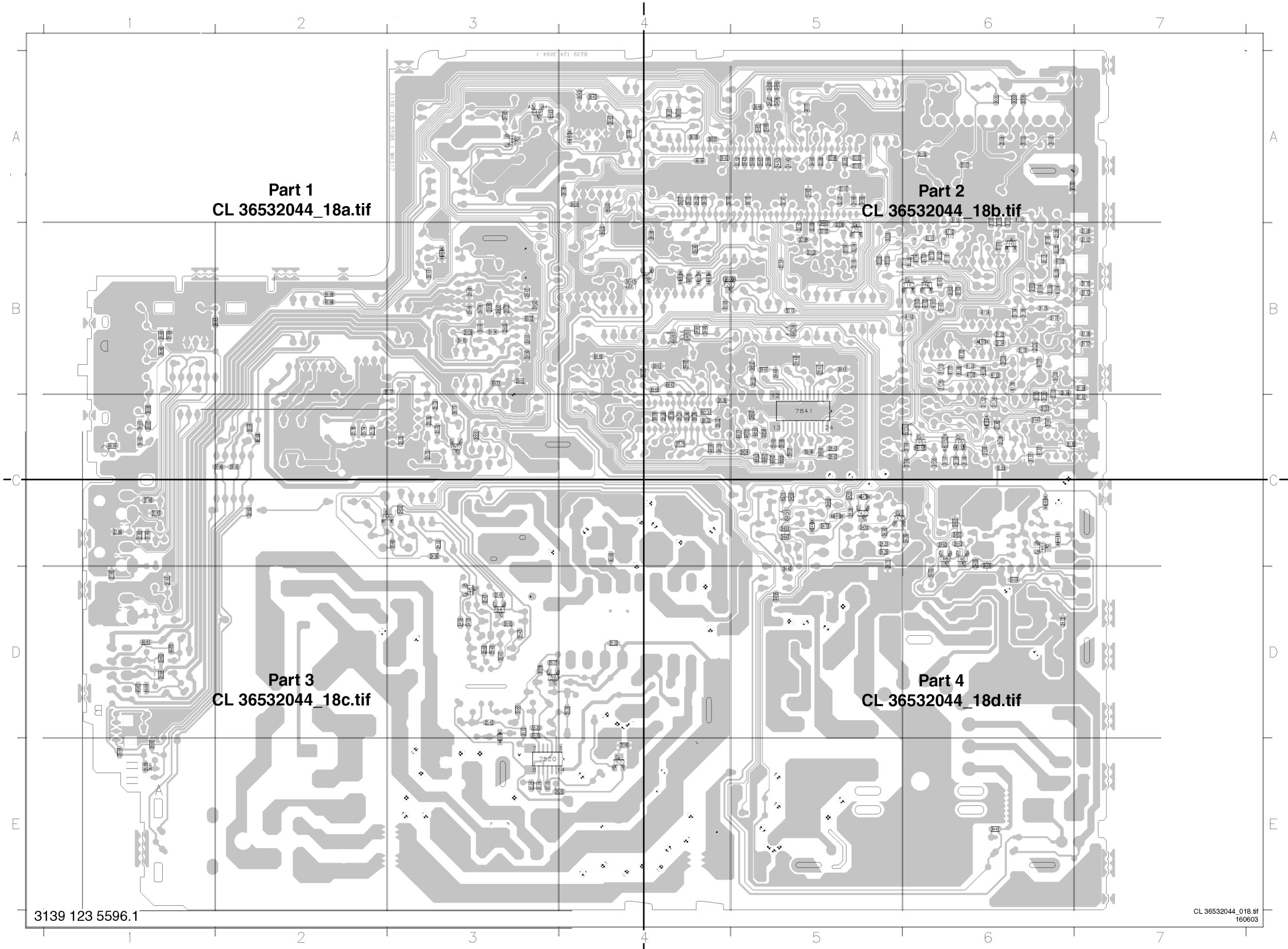


Mapping Mono Carrier: Top Side

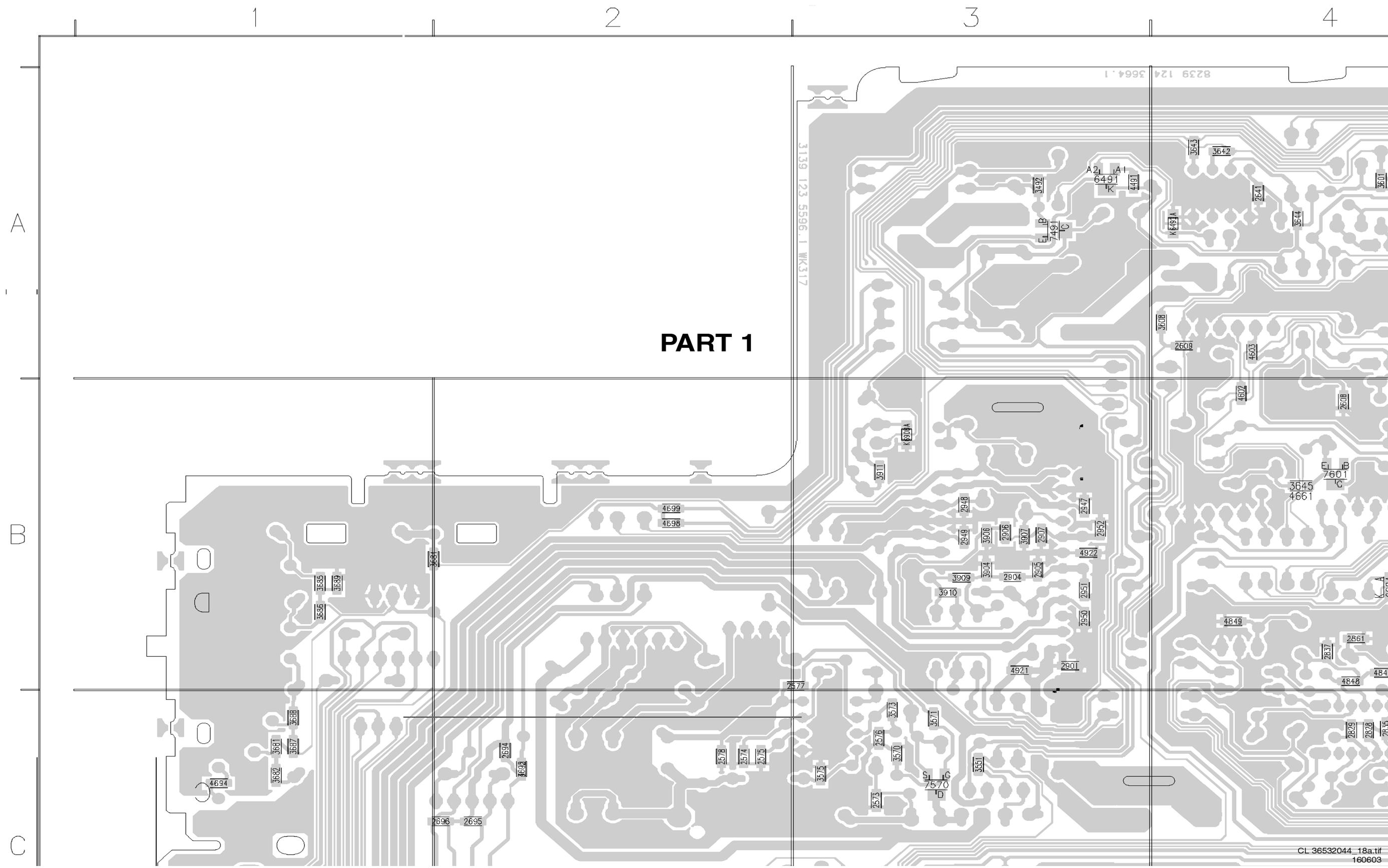
0211 A2	2002 E6	2839 C4	3502 A3	5520 B4	7821 C4	9284 D4	9901 D3
0212 B2	2006 E6	2844 D5	3503 B3	5521 B4	7901 D3	9285 E3	9902 D3
0213 B3	2007 E6	2845 D5	3504 B3	5560 C4	7902 D3	9286 E4	9903 D3
0217 D4	2105 C6	2846 D5	3505 A3	5562 B4	9002 E6	9287 E5	9905 D3
0218 C1	2106 C6	2847 D5	3506 B3	5563 B5	9101 D6	9288 E5	9910 D3
0221 A5	2205 E5	2850 D5	3507 B3	5570 B3	9102 D6	9400 C5	9911 D3
0222 C6	2405 B5	2903 D3	3508 B2	5571 C3	9103 D6	9402 B5	9912 D3
0223 D6	2406 B5	2908 D3	3509 A2	5572 C2	9121 D6	9407 B5	9913 D3
0224 D6	2407 B5	2909 D3	3510 B2	5573 D2	9125 D6	9410 D5	9914 D3
0225 C7	2408 B5	2981 B1	3519 B3	5574 C2	9126 C6	9445 A6	9915 C3
0229 C6	2423 A5	2983 B1	3521 B3	5575 C2	9140 C6	9446 B5	9916 C3
0231 A2	2424 A5	3005 E6	3523 A4	5601 D4	9141 C6	9448 A6	9917 D3
0232 B1	2428 C5	3136 C6	3526 A4	5602 D4	9142 C6	9500 A2	9918 D3
0239 D1	2441 A6	3164 D6	3527 B4	5603 D4	9143 C6	9501 A2	9919 D3
0240 E4	2444 B6	3181 B1	3542 B3	5821 D4	9144 D6	9502 A3	9920 C3
0242 D6	2446 B6	3182 B1	3543 C3	5841 D5	9145 D6	9503 B2	9921 C3
0246 D3	2447 A6	3183 C1	3544 B3	6001 E6	9146 D6	9504 C4	9922 D2
0251 C3	2455 C5	3185 C1	3546 C3	6181 B1	9147 C6	9505 C6	9982 B1
0259 C2	2457 A6	3208 D5	3549 B3	6407 B5	9148 D6	9506 A5	
0262 E6	2460 B6	3210 D5	3550 C3	6408 B5	9149 D6	9507 B3	
0277 B1	2463 C6	3232 D5	3572 D3	6421 A5	9150 D5	9508 C3	
0283 E5	2465 B6	3402 B5	3574 C2	6422 A5	9151 D6	9509 C4	
0285 E6	2470 C6	3403 B5	3582 B4	6423 C5	9152 D5	9510 C3	
1000 E6	2488 E5	3410 D5	3603 E4	6444 B6	9181 D1	9513 B5	
1001 E5	2491 E5	3422 A5	3604 E4	6446 B6	9186 D1	9514 C6	
1003 E6	2492 E3	3424 C5	3605 E4	6447 A6	9201 E5	9515 A4	
1116 D6	2493 E3	3425 C5	3606 E4	6453 C5	9240 D3	9516 C3	
1117 D6	2494 E3	3426 A5	3618 E4	6461 B6	9241 D3	9517 C4	
1118 D6	2495 E3	3428 C5	3619 D5	6462 B6	9242 D4	9518 B5	
1119 D6	2498 E5	3439 C5	3620 D5	6463 B6	9243 D4	9519 B5	
1121 D6	2500 A2	3442 A6	3621 D4	6500 A3	9244 D4	9520 B4	
1122 D6	2501 A3	3443 B6	3624 D4	6501 A3	9245 D4	9521 B5	
1124 D6	2502 A3	3444 B6	3631 E4	6502 A3	9246 D4	9522 C2	
1125 D6	2503 A4	3445 A6	3632 E4	6503 A3	9247 D4	9523 C3	
1126 D6	2504 A4	3446 B5	3633 D4	6504 A3	9248 D4	9524 C3	
1127 D6	2505 B2	3448 A6	3634 D4	6520 B4	9249 D4	9525 C3	
1184 C1	2507 A4	3449 C5	3641 E4	6521 B4	9250 D4	9526 C6	
1185 D1	2515 B4	3450 C5	3683 B1	6522 B3	9251 E3	9560 C4	
1201 D5	2521 B3	3452 C3	3693 A1	6540 B3	9252 E3	9565 C3	
1202 E5	2523 B4	3459 C5	3825 C4	6541 B3	9253 E3	9570 C3	
1462 C6	2528 B3	3464 C6	3827 D4	6560 C4	9254 E3	9581 C3	
1463 C6	2560 C4	3468 C6	3828 D4	6561 C4	9255 E3	9604 D4	
1500 A2	2561 C4	3469 C6	3842 C5	6562 C4	9256 E3	9683 B1	
1501 A2	2562 C4	3470 B6	3843 C5	6563 C4	9257 E4	9685 C2	
1508 B4	2564 C5	3471 C6	3901 D3	6565 C3	9258 E4	9691 B1	
1509 B4	2570 C3	3472 C6	3902 D3	6570 C3	9259 E4	9694 C2	
1515 B3	2571 C3	3473 C6	3903 D3	6571 C2	9260 E4	9696 D2	
1516 B4	2572 C3	3474 C6	3905 D3	6580 C2	9261 E4	9697 D2	
1520 A4	2579 C2	3475 C6	3908 D3	6625 D4	9262 E4	9698 D2	
1521 B2	2580 C2	3476 C6	3981 B1	6691 A1	9263 E4	9821 C4	
1522 B2	2581 D2	3477 C6	3982 B1	6692 B1	9264 D5	9840 C4	
1523 B2	2582 C2	3478 B6	5001 E6	6909 D3	9265 D5	9841 C3	
1524 B2	2583 C2	3479 E3	5002 E6	7200 E5	9266 D5	9842 C3	
1560 C4	2584 B4	3482 D4	5003 E5	7421 A5	9267 D5	9843 D4	
1570 C3	2604 E5	3483 E5	5201 D5	7440 C5	9268 D5	9844 D4	
1571 D2	2612 D4	3484 E5	5401 B5	7463 B6	9269 D5	9845 D4	
1572 D2	2616 D5	3488 D5	5402 B5	7464 C6	9270 D5	9847 C5	
1600 C1	2691 B1	3490 D5	5421 C5	7465 B6	9271 D5	9848 C5	
1601 C1	2821 D4	3491 E3	5441 A6	7493 E3	9273 D5	9849 C5	
1602 D1	2823 C5	3493 E3	5482 D5	7494 E4	9274 D5	9850 C5	
1603 D1	2824 C4	3494 E3	5500 B2	7495 E3	9275 D5	9851 C5	
1604 D1	2830 C4	3495 E4	5501 B2	7496 E3	9276 D5	9852 C5	
1606 A1	2831 D4	3496 E4	5502 B2	7515 B3	9277 D5	9853 C5	
1621 D4	2832 C4	3497 E3	5505 C6	7521 A4	9278 D5	9854 C5	
1622 D4	2833 D4	3498 D4	5506 A5	7540 B3	9279 E5	9855 C5	
1681 C2	2834 D4	3500 A3	5509 C4	7571 C3	9282 E5	9856 D5	
1821 D4	2838 C4	3501 A4	5515 A4	7641 E4	9283 E6	9857 D5	

Mapping Mono Carrier: Bottom Side

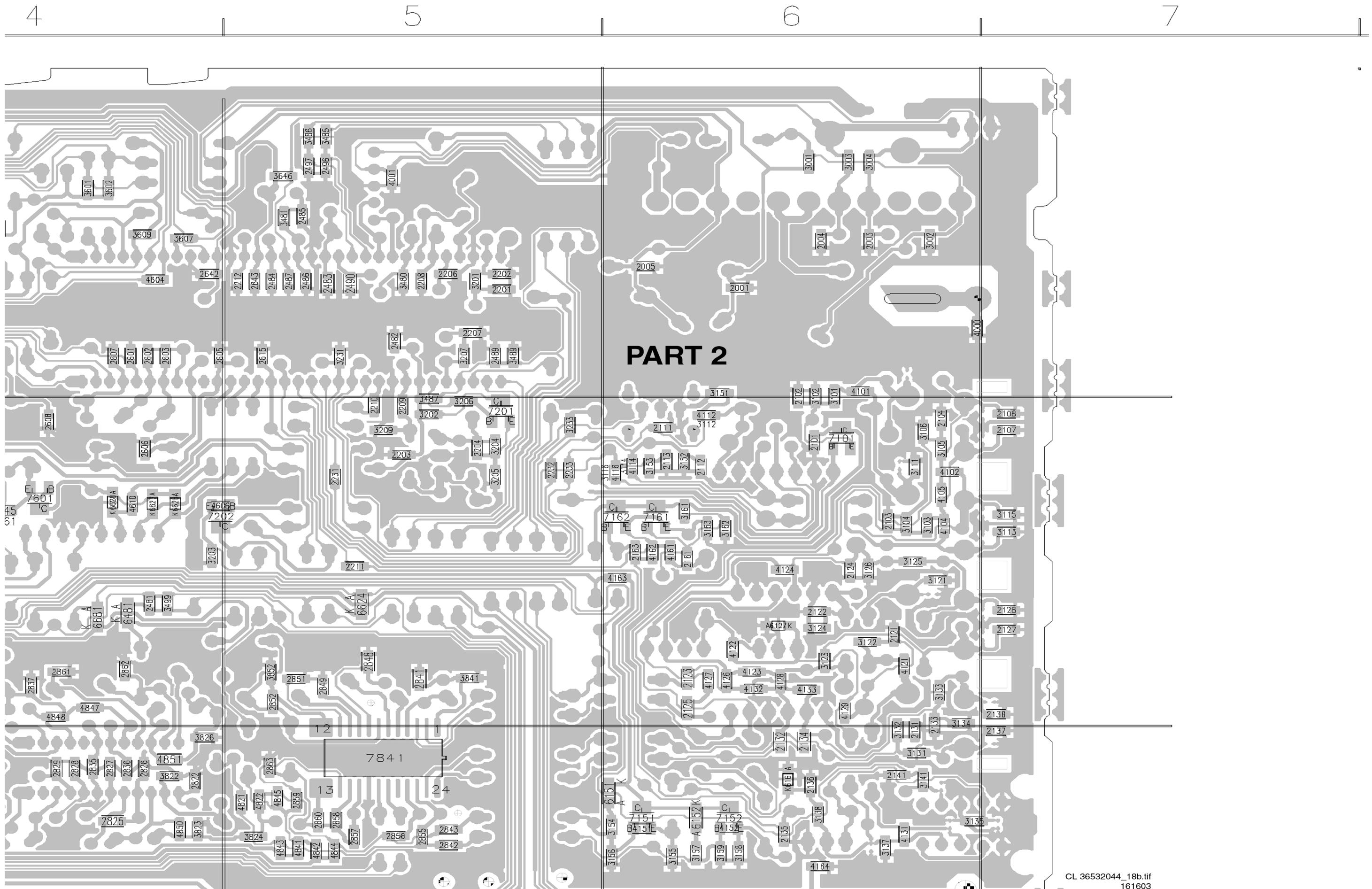
2001 A6	2485 A5	2905 B3	3440 D5	3906 B3	6161 C6
2003 A6	2486 A5	2906 B3	3441 E6	3907 B3	6426 C5
2004 A6	2487 A5	2907 B3	3447 C5	3909 B3	6445 C5
2005 A6	2489 A5	2947 B3	3451 C5	3910 B3	6451 C5
2101 B6	2490 A5	2948 B3	3453 D3	3911 B3	6452 C5
2102 A6	2496 A5	2949 B3	3454 D3	4000 A6	6460 C6
2103 B6	2497 A5	2950 B3	3455 C5	4001 A5	6464 C6
2104 B6	2520 D3	2951 B3	3456 C3	4101 A6	6481 B4
2107 B7	2522 D4	2952 B3	3460 C5	4102 B6	6491 A3
2108 B7	2524 E3	2982 D1	3461 C6	4104 B6	6492 A4
2111 B6	2525 E3	2984 D1	3462 C6	4105 B6	6505 D3
2112 B6	2526 D4	3001 A6	3463 D6	4112 B6	6624 B5
2113 B6	2527 D3	3002 A6	3465 C6	4114 B6	6626 B4
2121 B6	2540 D3	3003 A6	3466 C6	4116 B6	6627 B4
2122 B6	2541 D3	3004 A6	3480 A5	4121 B6	6628 B4
2123 B6	2542 D3	3101 A6	3481 A5	4122 B6	6681 B4
2124 B6	2543 D3	3102 A6	3485 A5		

Layout Mono Carrier (Overview Bottom Side)

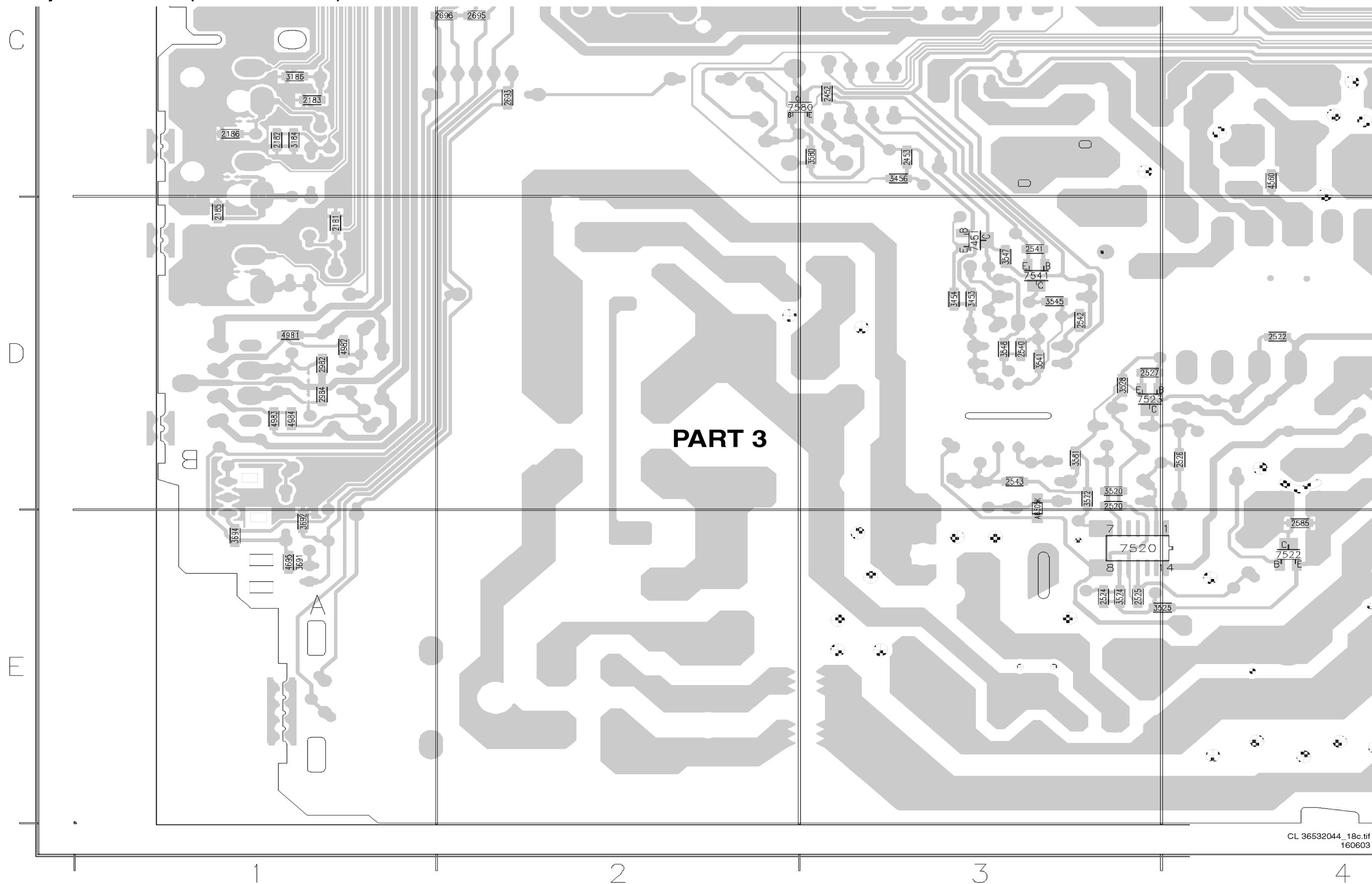
Layout Mono Carrier (Part 1 Bottom Side)

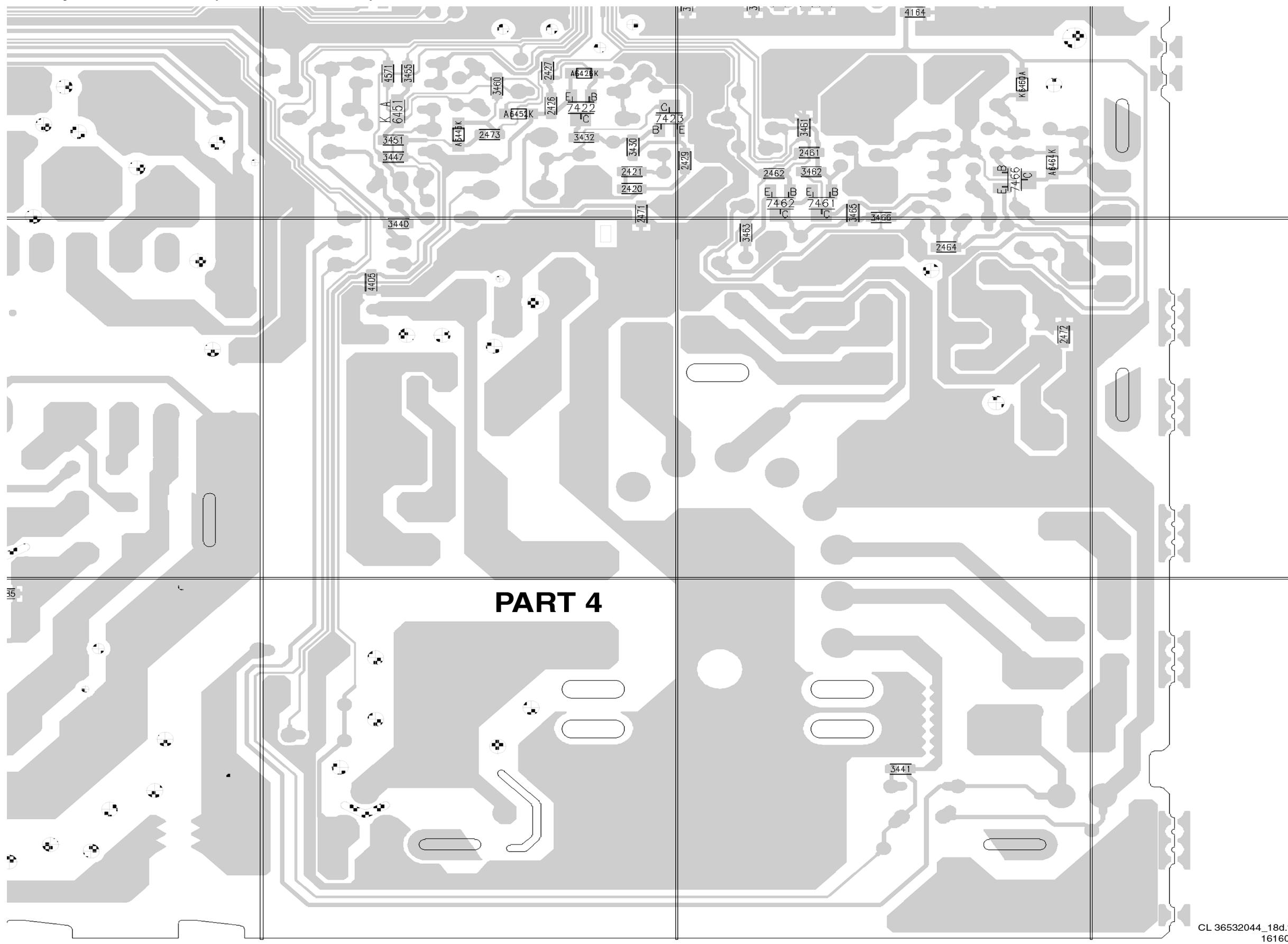


Layout Mono Carrier (Part 2 Bottom Side)

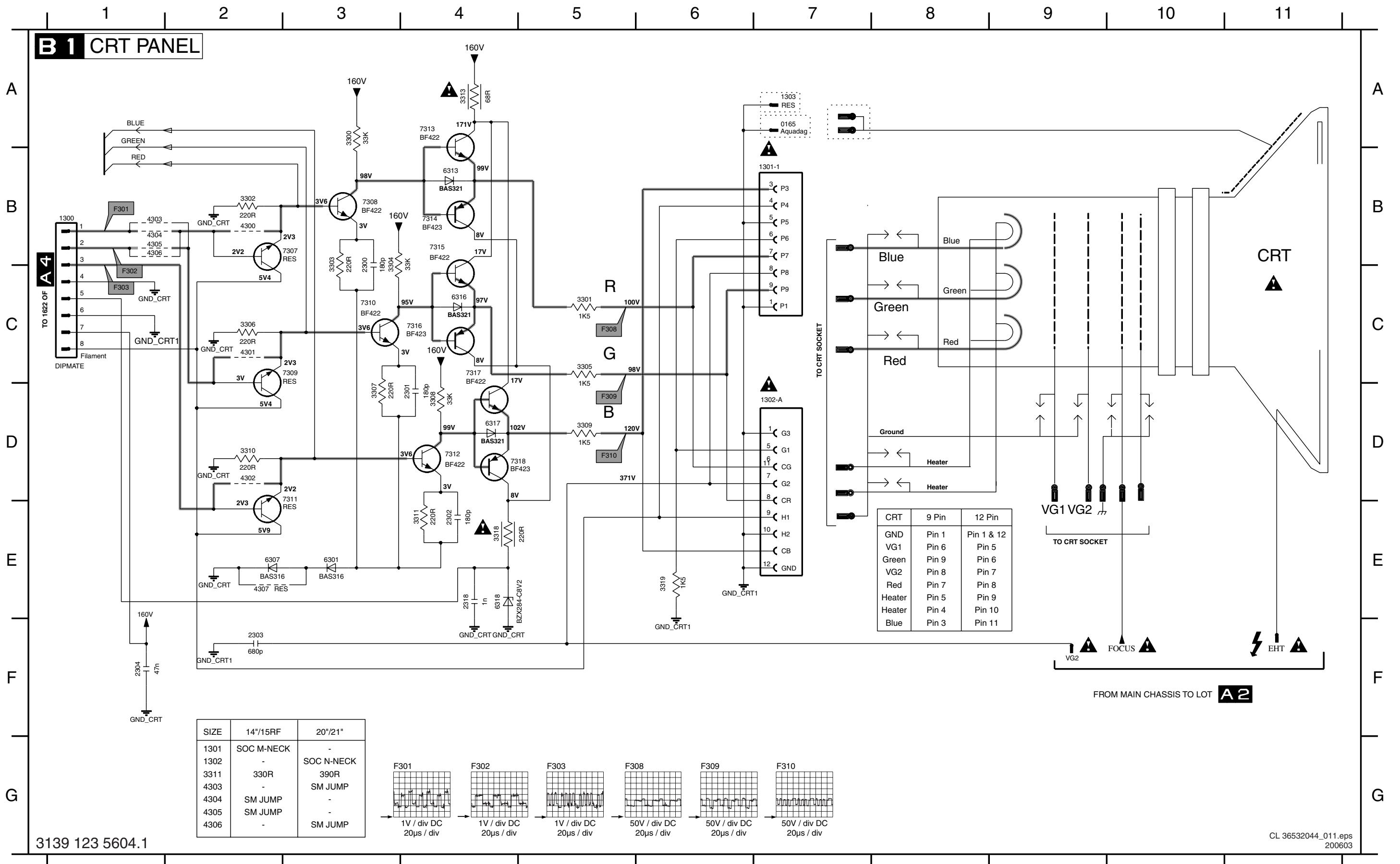


Layout Mono Carrier (Part 3 Bottom Side)

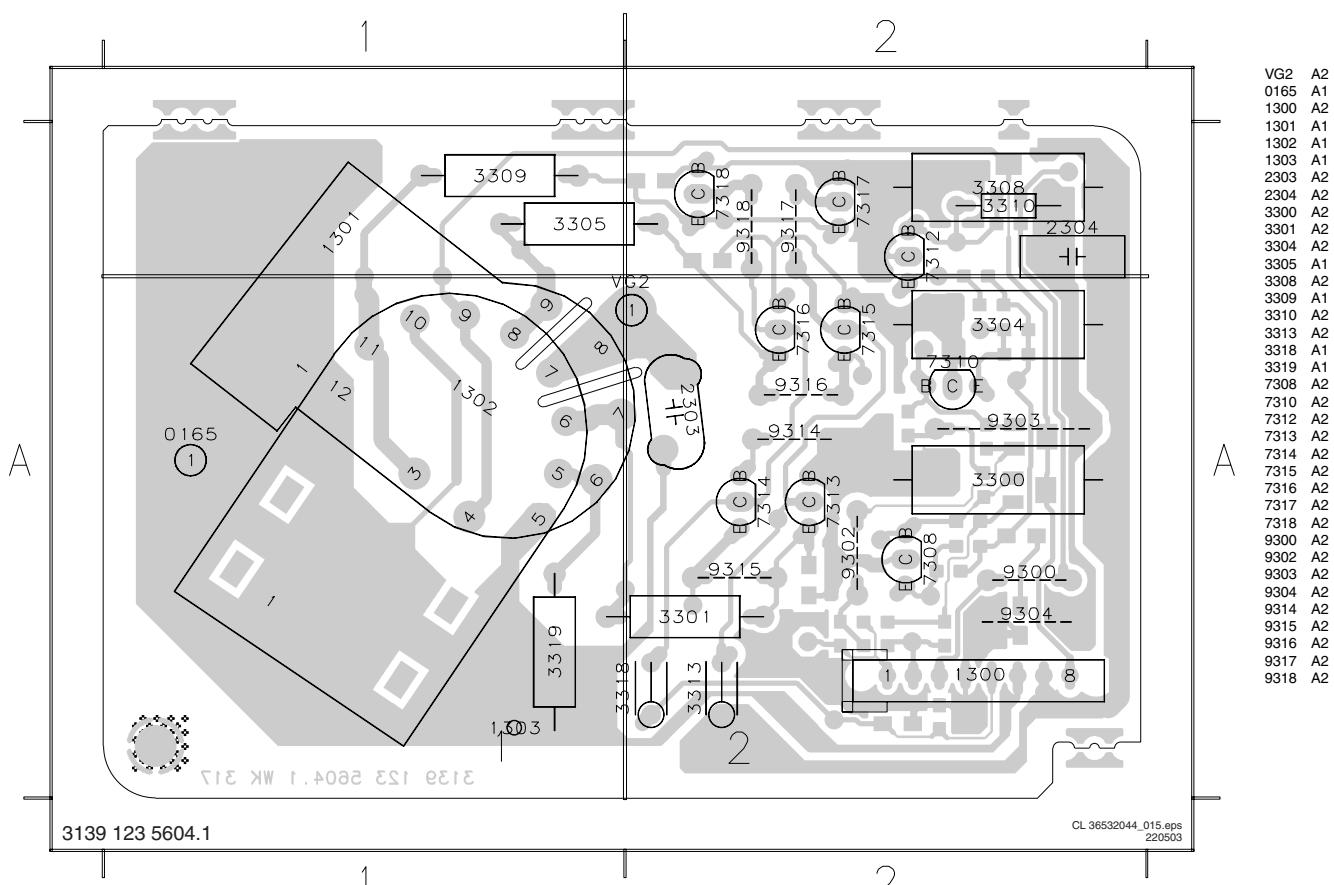


Layout Mono Carrier (Part 4 Bottom Side)CL 36532044_18d.tif
161603

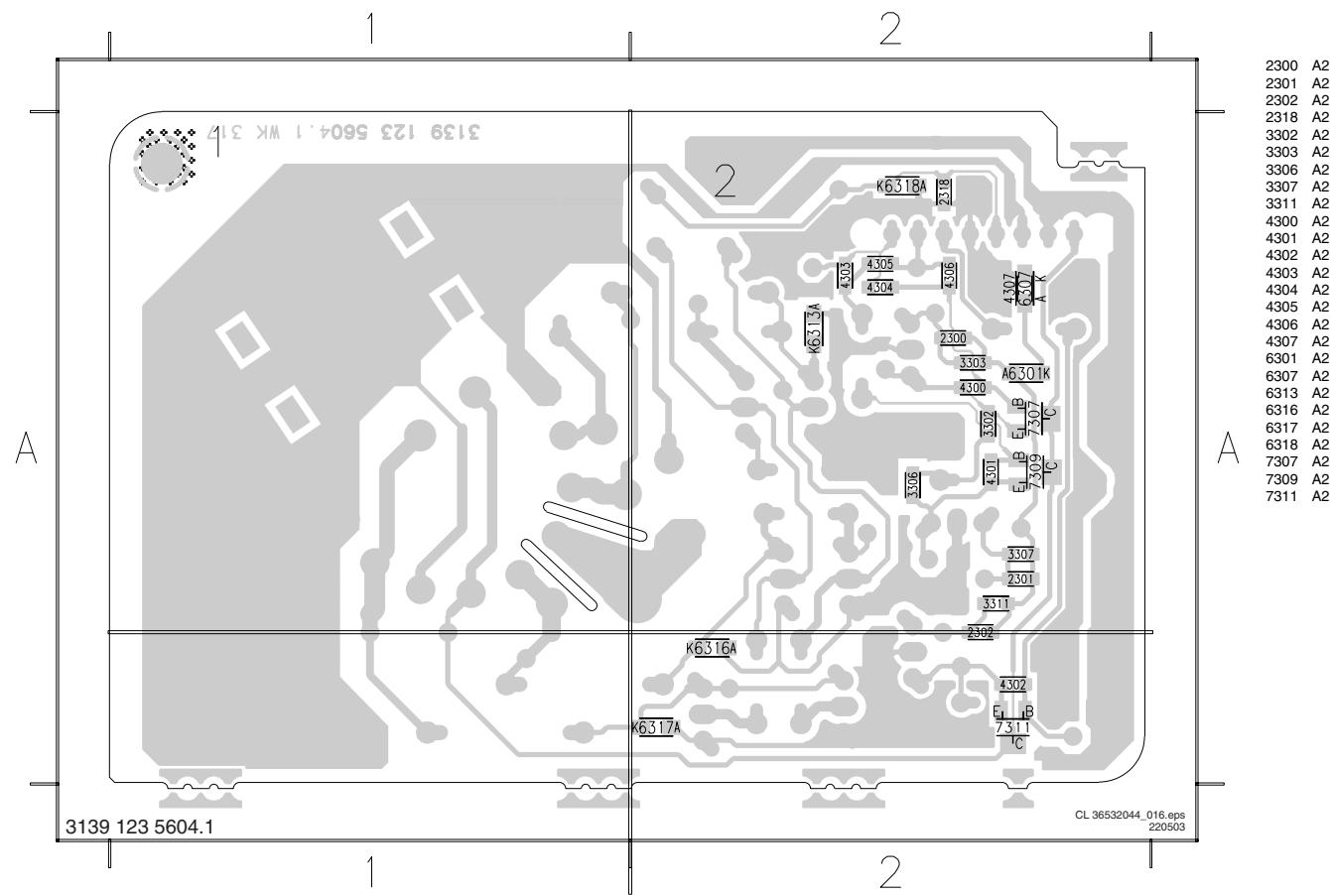
CRT Panel



Layout CRT Panel (Top Side)



Layout CRT Panel (Bottom Side)

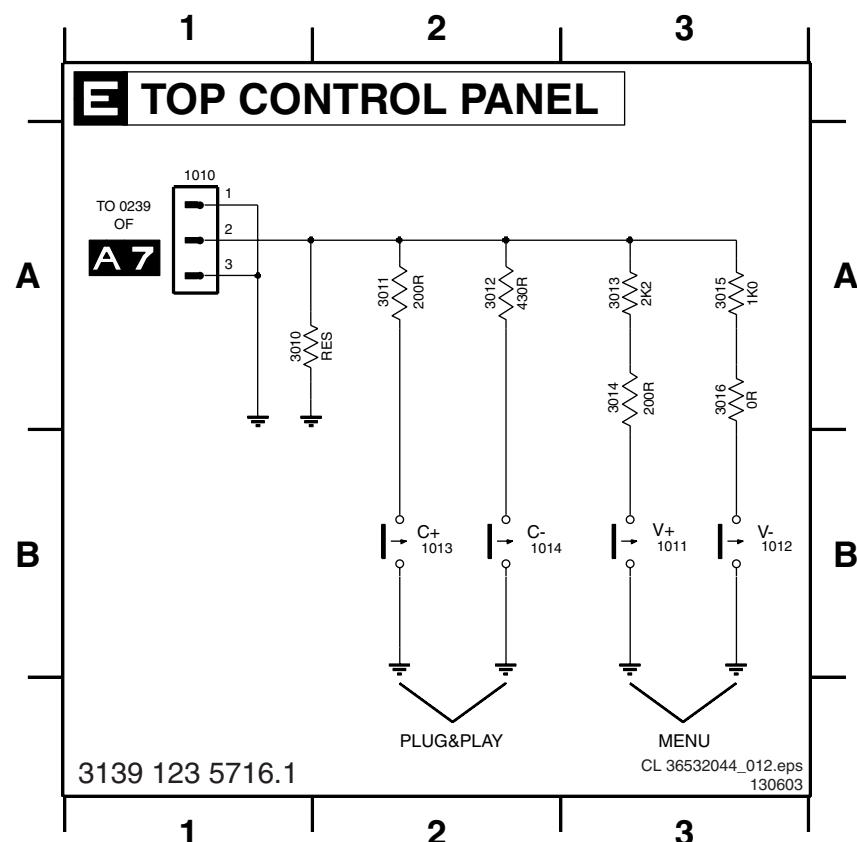


Personal Notes:

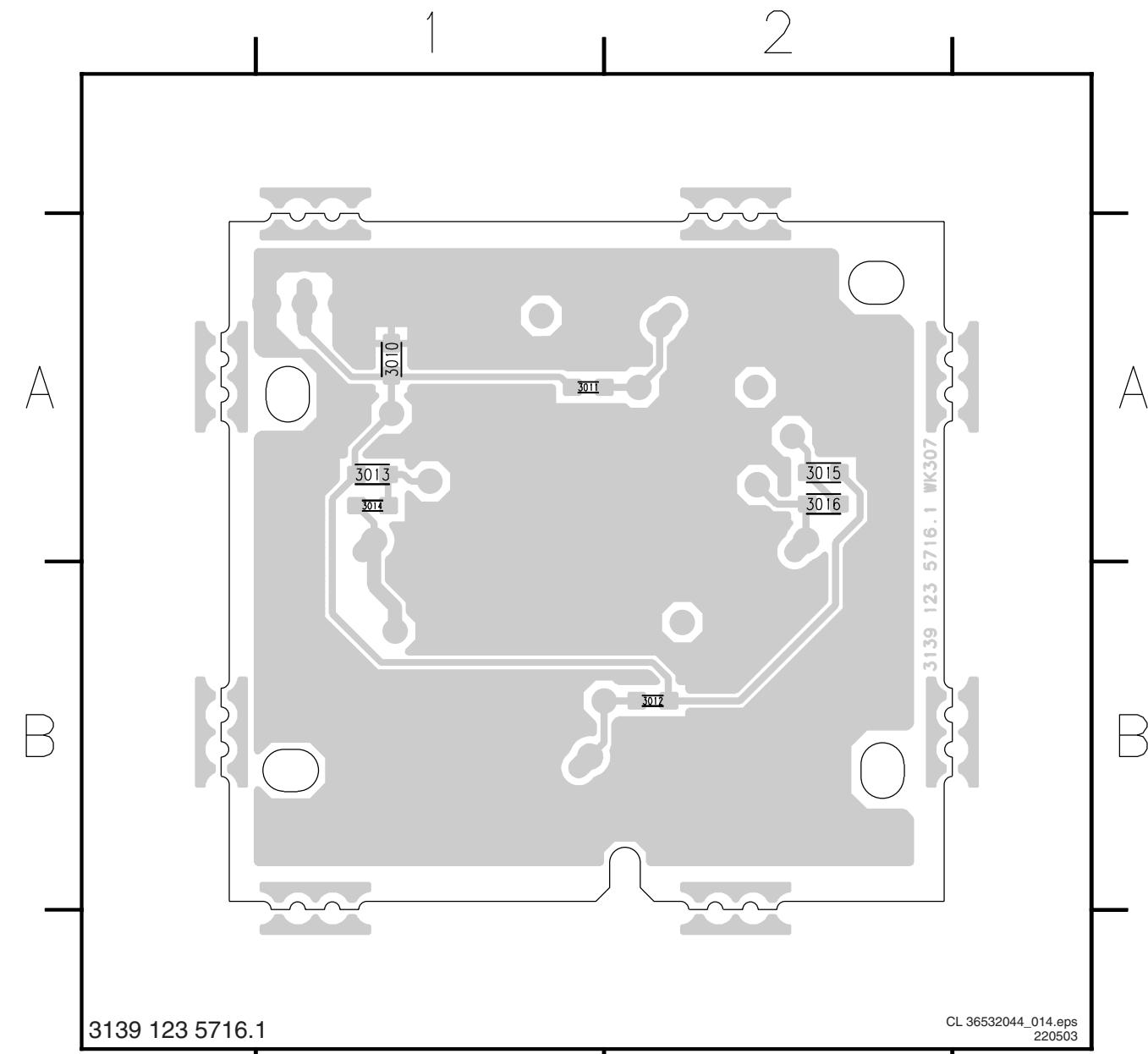
G2	A2
0165	A1
300	A2
301	A1
302	A1
303	A1
303	A2
304	A2
300	A2
301	A2
304	A2
305	A1
308	A2
309	A1
310	A2
313	A2
318	A1
319	A1
308	A2
310	A2
312	A2
313	A2
314	A2
315	A2
316	A2
317	A2
318	A2
300	A2
302	A2
303	A2
304	A2
314	A2
315	A2
316	A2
317	A2
318	A2
2300	A2
2301	A2
2302	A2
2318	A2
3302	A2
3303	A2
3306	A2
3307	A2
3311	A2
4300	A2
4301	A2
4302	A2
4303	A2
4304	A2
4305	A2
4306	A2
4307	A2
6301	A2
6307	A2
6313	A2
6316	A2
6317	A2
6318	A2
7307	A2
7309	A2
7311	A2

Top Control Panel

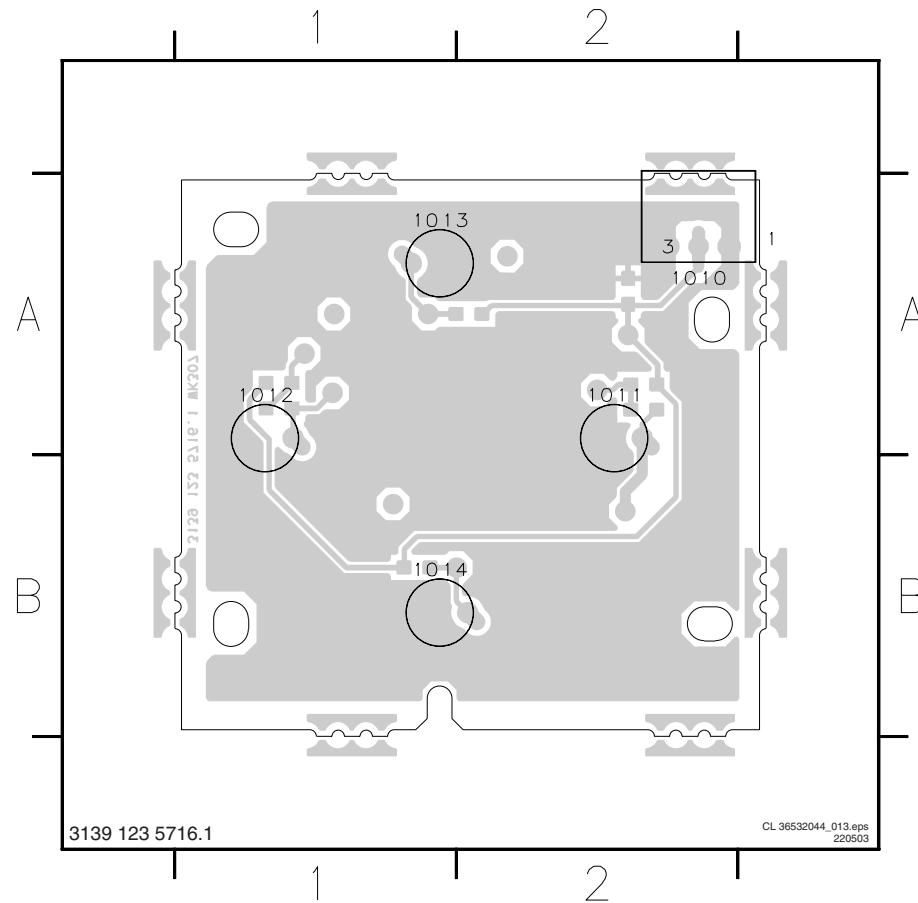
1010 A1 1012 B3 1014 B2 3011 A2 3013 A3 3015 A3
1011 B3 1013 B2 3010 A1 3012 A2 3014 A3 3016 A3

**Layout Top Control Panel (Bottom Side)**

3010 A1 3012 B2 3014 A1 3016 A2
3011 A1 3013 A1 3015 A2

**Layout Top Control Panel (Top Side)**

1010 A2 1012 A1 1014 B1
1011 A2 1013 A1



Personal Notes:

8. Alignments

Index of this chapter:

- 8.1 General Alignment Conditions
- 8.2 Hardware Alignments
- 8.3 Software Alignments and Settings

Note: The Service Default Alignment Mode (SDAM) is described in the "Service Modes, Error Codes and Fault Finding" section. SDAM menu navigation is performed by using the MENU UP, MENU DOWN, MENU LEFT, and MENU RIGHT keys of the remote control transmitter.

8.1 General Alignment Conditions

Perform all electrical adjustments under the following conditions:

- AC voltage and frequency: according to country's standard.
- Connect the television set to the AC power via an isolation transformer.
- Allow the television set to warm up for approximately 20 minutes.
- Measure the voltages and waveforms in relation to chassis ground (with the exception of the voltages on the primary side of the power supply). Never use heatsinks as ground.
- Test probe: $R_i > 10 M\ \Omega$; $C_i < 2.5\ pF$.
- Use an isolated trimmer/screwdriver to perform the alignments.

8.2 Hardware Alignments

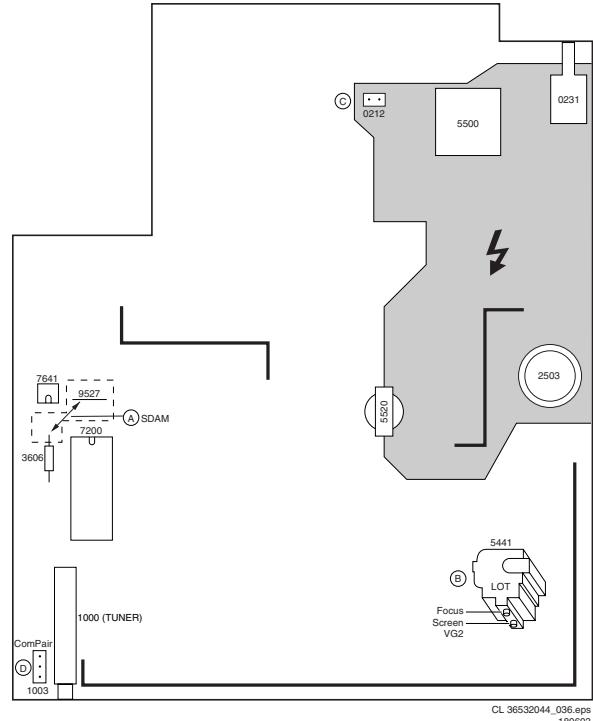


Figure 8-1 Top view family board

8.2.1 Vg2 Adjustment

1. Activate SDAM by pressing the following key sequence on the remote control transmitter: 0 6 2 5 9 6 directly followed by the MENU button (do not allow the display to time out between entries while keying the sequence).
2. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to highlight the WHITE TONE sub menu.

3. Press the MENU LEFT/RIGHT key to enter the WHITE TONE sub menu.
4. In the WHITE TONE sub menu, press the MENU UP/DOWN keys to select NORMAL RED, NORMAL GREEN, or NORMAL BLUE.
5. Use the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to set the values of NORMAL RED, NORMAL GREEN and NORMAL BLUE to '40'.
6. Press the MENU button twice to enter the normal user menu.
7. In the normal user menu, use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to highlight the PICTURE sub menu (if necessary).
8. Press the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to enter the PICTURE sub menu.
9. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to select CONTRAST. Be sure to record the current value of CONTRAST.
10. Use the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to set the value of CONTRAST to '0'.
11. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to select BRIGHTNESS. Be sure to record the current value of BRIGHTNESS.
12. Use the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to set the value of BRIGHTNESS to minimum (OSD just visible in a dark room).
13. Press the MENU button twice to return to the top level SDAM menu.
14. Press the OSD/STATUS button to hide the SDAM onscreen display ("S" indication remains visible). This, to avoid interferences during the waveform measurements
15. Connect the RF output of a video pattern generator to the antenna input, and input a 'black picture' test pattern to the television set.
16. Set the oscilloscope to 50 V/div and the time base to 0.2 milliseconds (external triggering on the positive vertical pulse with a 10:1 probe).
17. Ground the scope at the CRT panel and connect a 100:1 probe to one of the cathodes of the picture tube socket (pin 7= Red, pin 9= Green, and pin 3= Blue, see also schematic diagram B1). Measure the level of the black current measuring pulses. These are the second line (Red), third line (Green), and fourth line (Blue) directly after the frame blanking (see figure "V_cut-off"). **Remark:** This chassis is using a TDA93XX UOC series. These use two different measuring pulses at each of the R, G, and B outputs. The above-mentioned level applies to the pulse with the lowest level of each gun.
18. Select the cathode with the highest V_{dc} value for the alignment. Adjust the $V_{cut-off}$ of this gun with the SCREEN potentiometer (see figure "Top view family board") on the LOT to the correct value (see table "Vg2 alignment values").
19. Press the OSD/STATUS button to display the SDAM onscreen display.
20. Press the MENU button to enter the normal user menu.
21. In the normal user menu, use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to highlight the PICTURE sub menu (if necessary).
22. Press the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to enter the PICTURE sub menu.
23. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to select CONTRAST.
24. Use the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to reset the value of CONTRAST to the original value.
25. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to select BRIGHTNESS.
26. Use the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to reset the value of BRIGHTNESS to the original value.
27. Press the MENU button twice to return to the top level SDAM menu.
28. Use the POWER button on the remote control transmitter or the POWER button on the television set to turn off the television set. This will save the changes made in SDAM.

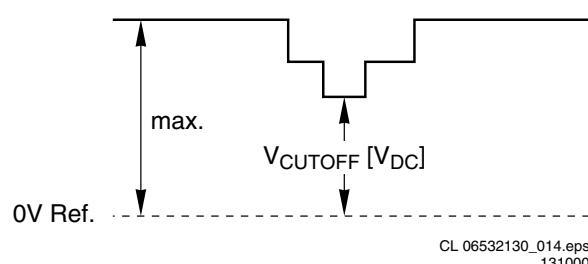


Figure 8-2 V_cutoff

Table 8-1 Vg2 alignment values

Screen Size / Brand	Cut-Off Point (V)
14" / LPD	+ 135 V
15"RF / Chunghwa	+ 135 V
20" / LPD	+ 140 V
21" / LPD	+ 140 V

8.2.2 Focusing

1. Connect the RF output of a video pattern generator to the antenna input.
2. Input a circle or crosshatch test pattern to the television set.
3. Press the SMART PICTURE button on the remote control transmitter repeatedly to choose NATURAL (or MOVIES) picture mode.
4. Adjust the FOCUS potentiometer (see figure "Top view family board") until the vertical lines near the left and right sides of the screen, and near the horizontal center of the screen, are at minimum width without visible haze.

8.3 Software Alignments and Settings

The following options are performed in the Service Default Alignment Mode (SDAM). SDAM is described in the "Service Modes, Error Codes and Fault Finding" section.

The following alignments are explained:

1. OPTIONS
2. TUNER
3. WHITE TONE
4. GEOMETRY
5. AUDIO

8.3.1 OPTIONS

Options are used to control the presence or absence of certain features and hardware.

Note: Each option byte controls several features of the television set; therefore, before changing option byte information, it is important to record the current option byte values. This ensures that the television features can be restored to the original settings, if necessary.

How to Change an Option Byte

An Option Byte represents a number of different options. Changing these bytes directly makes it possible to set all options very fast. All options are controlled via seven option bytes. Select the option byte (OP 1.. OP 7) with the MENU UP/DOWN keys, and enter the new value.

1. Activate SDAM by pressing the following key sequence on the remote control transmitter: 0 6 2 5 9 6 directly followed by the MENU button (do not allow the display to time out between entries while keying the sequence).
2. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to highlight the OPTIONS sub menu.

3. Press the MENU LEFT or MENU RIGHT key to enter the OPTIONS sub menu.
4. In the OPTIONS sub menu, press the MENU UP/DOWN keys to select 'OP 1' through 'OP 7'.
5. Use the number keys on the remote control transmitter to enter a new value for the selected option byte. The value must be entered as a three-digit value (for example, '4' would be entered as '0 0 4').
6. The selected value must be between '0' and '255'.
7. When all desired changes to the option bytes are made, press the MENU button to return to the top level SDAM menu. This will save changes to the option byte settings.
8. To ensure the option byte changes take effect:
 - Turn the television set 'off' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.
 - Disconnect the television set from AC power for at least ten seconds.
 - Reconnect the television set to AC power.
 - Turn the television set 'on' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.

Leaving the OPTION submenu saves the changes in the Option Byte settings. Some changes will only take effect after the set has been switched OFF and ON with the mains switch (cold start).

How to Calculate the Value of an Option Byte

Calculate an Option Byte value (OP 1 .. OP 7) in the following way:

1. Check the status of the single option bits (OB): are they enabled (1) or disabled (0).
2. When an option bit is enabled (1), it represents a certain value (see first column "value between brackets" in table below). When an option bit is disabled, its value is 0.
3. The total value of an Option Byte is formed by the sum of its eight option bits. See second table below for the correct Option Bytes per type number.

Bit (value)	OP1	OP2	OP3	OP4	OP5	OP6	OP7
0 (1)	OB10	OB20	OB30	OB40	OB50	OB60	OB70
1 (2)	OB11	OB21	OB31	OB41	OB51	OB61	OB71
2 (4)	OB12	OB22	OB32	OB42	OB52	OB62	OB72
3 (8)	OB13	OB23	OB33	OB43	OB53	OB63	OB73
4 (16)	OB14	OB24	OB34	OB44	OB54	OB64	OB74
5 (32)	OB15	OB25	OB35	OB45	OB55	OB65	OB75
6 (64)	OB16	OB26	OB36	OB46	OB56	OB66	OB76
7 (128)	OB17	OB27	OB37	OB47	OB57	OB67	OB77
Total:	Sum						

CL 36532044_037.eps
160603

Figure 8-3 Option Byte calculation

Table 8-2 Options settings

Models (L03-LATAM)	OB1	OB2	OB3	OB4	OB5	OB6	OB7
14PT3131/44R NTSC MONO	1	71	65	0	194	64	80
14PT3131/55R NTSC MONO	1	71	65	0	194	64	80
14PT3131/78R Trinorma MONO	0	71	65	0	194	64	82
14PT3132/85R NTSC MONO	1	71	65	0	194	64	80
14PT4131/44R NTSC BTSC with SAP	1	199	65	161	192	65	80
14PT4131/55R NTSC BTSC with SAP	1	199	65	161	192	65	80
14PT4131/77R Trinorma BTSC with SAP	0	199	65	161	192	65	82
14PT4131/78R Trinorma BTSC with SAP	0	199	65	161	192	65	82
15PT5231/77R Trinorma BTSC with SAP	0	199	65	161	192	65	82
15PT5231/78R Trinorma BTSC with SAP	0	199	65	161	192	65	82
15PT5231/85R NTSC BTSC with SAP	1	199	65	161	192	65	80
20PT3331/44R NTSC MONO	1	71	65	0	194	64	80
20PT3331/55R NTSC MONO	1	71	65	0	194	64	80
20PT3331/77R Trinorma MONO	0	71	65	0	194	64	82
20PT3331/78R Trinorma MONO	0	71	65	0	194	64	82
20PT3331/85R NTSC MONO	1	71	65	0	194	64	80
20PT4205/44R xxxxx	17	199	65	161	204	201	00
20PT4330/85R NTSC Bionic	1	71	65	0	194	64	80
20PT4331/44R NTSC BTSC with SAP	1	199	65	161	200	65	80
20PT4331/55R NTSC BTSC with SAP	1	199	65	161	200	65	80
20PT4331/77R Trinorma BTSC with SAP	0	199	65	161	200	65	82
20PT4331/78R Trinorma BTSC with SAP	0	199	65	161	200	65	82
20PT4331/85R NTSC BTSC with SAP	1	199	65	161	200	65	80
21PT4431/44R NTSC BTSC with SAP	1	199	65	161	200	65	80
21PT4431/77R Trinorma BTSC with SAP	0	199	65	161	200	65	82
21PT6333/44R NTSC BTSC with SAP	1	199	65	161	192	65	80
21PT6333/85R NTSC BTSC with SAP	1	199	65	161	192	65	80
21PT6341/44R NTSC BTSC with SAP	65	215	65	162	204	201	00
21PT6441/44R NTSC BTSC with SAP	65	215	65	162	204	201	00
21PT6533/44R NTSC BTSC with SAP	1	199	65	161	200	65	80
21PT6533/85R NTSC BTSC with SAP	1	199	65	161	200	65	80

Option Bit Assignment

Following are the option bit assignments for all L03 software clusters.

- **Option Byte 1 (OP 1)**
 - OB10: CHINA or NTSC_ONLY
 - OB11: VIRGIN_MODE
 - OB12: UK_PNP
 - OB13: ACI
 - OB14: ATS (EU), or FINE_TUNING (NAFTA), or LANGUAGE_MALAY (AP)
 - OB15: LNA
 - OB16: FM_RADIO
 - OB17: PHILIPS_TUNER
- **Option Byte 2 (OP 2)**
 - OB20: HUE
 - OB21: COLOR_TEMP
 - OB22: CONTRAST_PLUS
 - OB23: TILT
 - OB24: NOISE_REDUCTION
 - OB25: CHANNEL_NAMING
 - OB26: SMART_PICTURE
 - OB27: SMART_SOUND
- **Option Byte 3 (OP 3)**
 - OB30: AVL
 - OB31: WSSB (EU) or HOME_CINEMA (AP)
 - OB32: WIDE_SCREEN
 - OB33: Virtual Dolby
 - OB34: MSP34X5_VOL_CTRL
 - OB35: COMPRESS_16_9
 - OB36: EXPAND_4_3
 - OB37: EW_FUNCTION
- **Option Byte 4 (OP 4)**
 - OB40: STEREO_NON_DBX
- **Option Byte 5 (OP 5)**
 - OB41: STEREO_DBX
 - OB42: STEREO_PB
 - OB43: STEREO_NICAM_2CS
 - OB44: DELTA_VOLUME
 - OB45: ULTRA_BASS
 - OB46: VOLUME_LIMITER
 - OB47: INCR_SUR
- **Option Byte 6 (OP 6)**
 - OB50: PIP or CLOCK
 - OB51: HOTEL_MODE
 - OB52: SVHS
 - OB53: CVI
 - OB54: AV3
 - OB55: AV2
 - OB56: AV1
 - OB57: NTSC_PLAYBACK
- **Option Byte 7 (OP 7)**
 - OB60: BASS_TREBLE,
 - OB61: SMART_TEXT
 - OB62: SMART_LOCK
 - OB63: VCHIP (LATAM & NAFTA) or TXT_1PG (EU)
 - OB64: WAKEUP_CLOCK
 - OB65: SMART_CLOCK
 - OB66: SMART_SURF
 - OB67: PERSONAL_ZAPPING
 - OB70: SOUND_SYSTEM_AP_3 / MULTI_STANDARD_EUR / SYSTEM_LT_2
 - OB71: SOUND_SYSTEM_AP_2 / WEST_EU / SYSTEM_LT_1
 - OB72: SOUND_SYSTEM_AP_1
 - OB73: COLOR_SYSTEM_AP

- OB74: SIGNAL_STRENGTH / DVD_WAKEUP_TIMER (DVD COMBI)
- OB75: LNA_PP (AP), VOICE_CONTROL
- OB76: ACTIVE_CONTROL
- OB77: TIME_WIN1

Option Bit Definition**OB10: CHINA or NTSC_ONLY**

0: Tuning is not for China set or NTSC only set, or this option bit is not applicable,
 1: Tuning is for China set or NTSC only set,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0 for /77R and /78R sets, 1 for the rest.

OB11: VIRGIN_MODE

0: Virgin mode is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Virgin mode is enabled. Plug and Play menu item will be displayed to perform installation at the initial startup of the TV when VIRGIN_MODE is set to 1. After installation is finished, this option bit will be automatically set to 0,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB12: UK_PNP

0: UK's default Plug and Play setting is not available or not applicable,
 1: UK's default Plug and Play setting is available. When UK_PNP and VIRGIN_MODE are set to 1 at the initial setup, LANGUAGE = ENGLISH, COUNTRY = GREAT BRITAIN and after exiting from menu, VIRGIN_MODE will be set automatically to 0 while UK_PNP remains 1,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB13: ACI

0: ACI feature is disabled or not applicable,
 1: ACI feature is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB14: ATS (EU), or FINE_TUNING (NAFTA), or LANGUAGE_MALAY (AP)

0: Feature is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Feature is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB15: LNA

0: Auto Picture Booster is not available or not applicable,
 1: Auto Picture Booster is available,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB16: FM_RADIO

0: FM radio feature is disabled or not applicable,
 1: FM radio feature is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB17: PHILIPS_TUNER

0: ALPS / MASCO compatible tuner is in use,
 1: Philips compatible tuner is in use,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB20: HUE

0: Hue/Tint Level is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Hue/Tint Level is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 1.

OB21: COLOR_TEMP

0: Color Temperature is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Color Temperature is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 1.

OB22: CONTRAST_PLUS

0: Contrast+ is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Contrast+ is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 1.

OB23: TILT

0: Rotate Picture is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Rotate Picture is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB24: NOISE_REDUCTION

0: Noise Reduction (NR) is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Noise Reduction (NR) is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB25: CHANNEL_NAMING

0: Name FM Channel is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Name FM Channel is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

Note: Name FM channel can be enabled only when FM_RADIO= 1.

OB26: SMART_PICTURE

0: Smart Picture is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Smart Picture is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 1

OB27: SMART_SOUND

0: Smart Sound is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Smart Sound is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0 for mono sets, 1 for stereo sets.

AP30: AVL

0: AVL is disabled or not applicable,
 1: AVL is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 1.

OB31: WSSB or HOME_CINEMA

0: WSSB is disabled or not applicable,
 1: WSSB is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

Note: This option bit can be set to 1 only when WIDE_SCREEN= 1.

OB32: WIDE_SCREEN

0: Software is used for 4:3 set or not applicable,
 1: Software is used for 16:9 set,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB33: Virtual Dolby

Default setting for LATAM: 1.

OB34: MSP34X5_VOL_CTRL

Default setting for LATAM: 0.

Note: For 2 x 10 W sets only.

OB35: COMPRESS_16_9

0: COMPRESS 16:9 selection is not applicable. Item should not be in the FORMAT menu list,
 1: COMPRESS 16:9 selection is applicable. Item should not be in the FORMAT menu list,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB36: EXPAND_4_3

0: Expand 4:3 selection is not applicable. Item should not be in the FORMAT menu list,
 1: Expand 4:3 selection is applicable. Item should be in the FORMAT menu list,
 Default setting for LATAM: 1.

OB37: EW_FUNCTION

0: EW function is disabled. In this case, only Expand 4:3 is allowed, Compress 16:9 is not applicable.
 1: EW function is enabled. In this case, both Expand 4:3 and Compress 16:9 are applicable.

Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB40: STEREO_NON_DBX

0: For AP_NTSC, chip TDA 9853 is not present,
 1: For AP_NTSC, chip TDA 9853 is present,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0 for mono sets, 1 for stereo sets.

OB41: STEREO_DBX

0: For AP_NTSC, chip MSP 3445 is not present,
 1: For AP_NTSC, chip MSP 3445 is present,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB42: STEREO_PB or KOREAN_2CS

0: For AP_PAL, chip MSP3465 is not present,
 1: For AP_PAL, chip MSP3465 is present,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB43: STEREO_NICAM_2CS

0: For EU and AP_PAL, chip MSP 3415 is not present,
 1: For EU and AP_PAL, chip MSP 3415 is present,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB44: DELTA_VOLUME

0: Delta Volume Level is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Delta Volume Level is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB45: ULTRA_BASS

0: Ultra Bass is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Ultra Bass is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0 for mono sets, 1 for stereo sets.

OB46: VOLUME_LIMITER

0: Volume Limiter Level is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Volume Limiter Level is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB47: INCR_SUR

0: Incredible Surround feature is disabled,
 1: Incredible Surround feature is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0 for mono sets, 1 for stereo sets.

OB50: PIP or CLOCK

0: Feature is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Feature is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB51: HOTEL_MODE

0: Hotel mode is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Hotel mode is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0 for stereo sets, 1 for mono sets.

OB52: SVHS

0: SVHS source is not available,
 1: SVHS source is available,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

Note: This option bit is not applicable for EU.

OB53: CVI

0: CVI source is not available,
 1: CVI source is available,

OB54: AV3

0: Side/Front AV3 source is not present,
 1: Side/Front AV3 source is present,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB55: AV2

0: AV2 source is not present,
 1: AV2 source is present,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

Note: For EU, when AV2=1, both EXT2 and SVHS2 should be included in the OSD loop.

OB56: AV1

0: AV1 source is not present,
 1: AV1 source is present,
 Default setting for LATAM: 1.

OB57: NTSC_PLAYBACK

0: NTSC playback feature is not available,
 1: NTSC playback feature is available,
 Default setting for LATAM: 1.

OB60: BASS_TREBLE

0: Feature is not available,
 1: Feature is available,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0 for mono sets, 1 for stereo sets.

OB61: SMART_TEXT

0: Smart Text Mode and Favorite Page are disabled or not applicable,
 1: Smart Text Mode and Favorite Page are enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB62: SMART_LOCK

0: Child Lock and Lock Channel are disabled or not applicable for EU,
 1: Child Lock and Lock Channel are enabled for EU,
 Default setting for LATAM: 1.

OB63: VCHIP (LATAM & NAFTA) / TXT_1PG (EU)

0: Feature is disabled,
 1: Feature is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB64: WAKEUP_CLOCK

0: Wake up clock feature is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Wake up clock feature is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB65: SMART_CLOCK

0: Smart Clock Using Teletext and Smart Clock Using PBS is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Smart Clock Using Teletext and Smart Clock Using PBS is enabled. For NAFTA, menu item AUTOCHRON is present in the INSTALL submenu,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB66: SMART_SURF

0: Smart Surf feature is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Smart Surf feature is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 1.

OB67: PERSONAL_ZAPPING

0: Personal Zapping feature is disabled or not applicable,
 1: Personal Zapping feature is enabled,
 Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB70: MULTI_STANDARD_EUR

0: Not for Europe multi standard set, or this option bit is not applicable,
 1: For Europe multi standard set.

Note: This option bit is used to control the SYSTEM selection in Manual Store:
 If MULTI_STANDARD_EUR = 1 then SYSTEM = Europe, West Europe, East Europe, UK, France otherwise SYSTEM = "Europe, West Europe, UK for West Europe" (WEST_EU=1) or SYSTEM = "Europe, West Europe, East Europe for East Europe" (WEST_EU=0)

OB71: WEST_EU

0: For East Europe set, or this option bit is not applicable,
 1: For West Europe set,

OB71 and 70: SYSTEM_LT_1, SYSTEM_LT_2

These two option bits are allocated for LATAM system selection.

00: NTSC-M

01: NTSC-M, PAL-M

10: NTSC-M, PAL-M, and PAL-N

11: NTSC-M, PAL-M, PAL-N, and PAL-BG

OB70, 71 and 72: SOUND_SYSTEM_AP_1,**SOUND_SYSTEM_AP_2, SOUND_SYSTEM_AP_3**

These three option bits are allocated for AP_PAL sound system selection.

000: BG

001: BG / DK

010: I / DK

011: BG / I / DK

100: BG / I / DK / M

OB73: COLOR_SYSTEM_AP

This option bit is allocated for AP-PAL color system selection.

0: Auto, PAL 4.43, NTSC 4.43, and NTSC 3.58

1: Auto, PAL 4.43, NTSC 4.43, NTSC 3.58, and SECAM

Default setting for LATAM: 0

OB74: SIGNAL_STRENGTH / DVD WAKEUP TIMER (DVD COMBI), 3D_COMBFILTER (NAFTA)

Default setting for LATAM: 1.

OB75: LNA_PP (for L01 AP cluster), VOICE_CONTROL

Default setting for LATAM: 0.

OB76: ACTIVE_CONTROL

Default setting for LATAM: 1.

OB77: TIME_WIN1

0: The time window is set to 1.2 s,

1: The time window is set to 2 s,

Default setting for LATAM: 0.

Note: The time-out for all digit entries depends on this setting.

8.3.2 TUNER

Note: Described alignments are only necessary when the NVM (part reference number 7641) is replaced.

IFPLL

This adjustment is auto-aligned. Therefore, no action is required (default= "30").

AGC (AGC take over point)

1. Connect the RF output of a video pattern generator to the antenna input.
2. Input a color bar test pattern to the television set.
3. Set the amplitude of the video pattern generator to 10 mV and set the frequency to 475.25 MHz (PAL/SECAM) or 61.25 MHz (NTSC).
4. Connect a DC multimeter to pin 1 of the tuner (item 1000 on the main chassis).
5. Activate SDAM by pressing the following key sequence on the remote control transmitter: 0 6 2 5 9 6 directly followed by the MENU button (do not allow the display to time out between entries while keying the sequence).
6. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to highlight the TUNER sub menu.
7. Press the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to enter the TUNER sub menu.

8. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to select AGC.
9. Use the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to adjust the AGC value (default value is "32") until the DC-voltage at pin 1 of the tuner lies is 3.3 V.
10. Press the MENU button to return to the top level SDAM menu.
11. To ensure the AGC change takes effect:
 - Turn the television set 'off' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.
 - Disconnect the television set from AC power for at least ten seconds.
 - Reconnect the television set to AC power.
 - Turn the television set 'on' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.

SL (Slicing Level)

This adjustment sets the sync slicing level for non-standard signals. You must turn it 'on' to have no picture instability in premium decoded cable channels.

- OFF: slicing level dependent on noise level.
- ON: fixed slicing level of 70 %.

To adjust SL:

1. Activate SDAM by pressing the following key sequence on the remote control transmitter: 0 6 2 5 9 6 directly followed by the MENU button (do not allow the display to time out between entries while keying the sequence).
2. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to highlight the TUNER sub menu.
3. Press the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to enter the TUNER sub menu.
4. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to select SL.
5. Use the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to toggle SL 'Off' and 'On'.
6. Press the MENU button to return to the top level SDAM menu.
7. To ensure the SL setting is saved:
 - Turn the television set 'off' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.
 - Disconnect the television set from AC power for at least ten seconds.
 - Reconnect the television set to AC power.
 - Turn the television set 'on' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.

CL (Cathode Drive Level)

Fixed value is "7".

8.3.3 WHITE TONE

The values of the 'black cut-off level' can be adjusted in the 'WHITE TONE' sub menu.

Normally, no alignment is needed for 'WHITE TONE', and the given default values are used.

Default settings for **NORMAL** (color temperature= 11500 K):

- NORMAL RED = 22
- NORMAL GREEN = 21
- NORMAL BLUE = 26

To adjust NORMAL RED, NORMAL GREEN, and NORMAL BLUE:

1. Connect the RF output of a video pattern generator (e.g. PM5418) to the antenna input.
2. Set the amplitude of the video pattern generator to at least 1 mV and set the frequency to 475.25 MHz (PAL/SECAM) or 61.25 MHz (NTSC).
3. Input a "100 IRE white" pattern to the television set.
4. Activate SDAM by pressing the following key sequence on the remote control transmitter: 0 6 2 5 9 6 directly followed

by the MENU button (do not allow the display to time out between entries while keying the sequence).

5. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to highlight the WHITE TONE sub menu.
6. Press the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to enter the WHITE TONE sub menu.
7. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to select NORMAL RED, NORMAL GREEN, or NORMAL BLUE.
8. Set the Minolta CA100 color analyzer (or equivalent) in RGB mode, and set all color temperature settings to their default values.
9. Place the color sensor of the meter in the middle of the screen.
10. Set the meter in "T-dUV-Y" mode, and set CONTRAST to make the light output "Y" on the meter 90 nit ± 15%
11. Use the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to adjust the value of NORMAL GREEN and/or NORMAL BLUE.
12. When all desired changes to the WHITE TONE sub menu values are made, press the MENU button to return to the top level SDAM menu.
13. To ensure the WHITE TONE settings are saved:
 - Turn the television set 'off' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.
 - Disconnect the television set from AC power for at least ten seconds.
 - Reconnect the television set to AC power.
 - Turn the television set 'on' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.

8.3.4 GEOMETRY***Introduction***

The geometry alignment menu contains several items for correct picture geometry alignment.

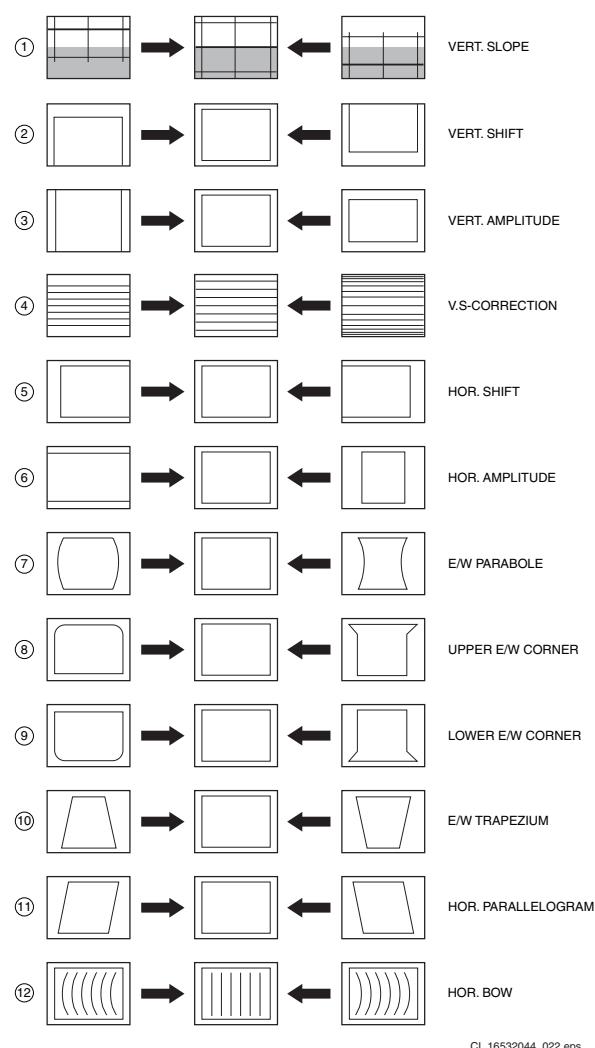
CL 16532044_022.eps
140501

Figure 8-4 Geometry alignments

1. Connect the RF output of a video pattern generator to the antenna input.
2. Input a crosshatch test pattern to the television set.
3. Set the amplitude of the video pattern generator to at least 1 mV and set the frequency to 475.25 MHz (PAL/SECAM) or 61.25 MHz (NTSC).
4. Press the SMART PICTURE button on the remote control transmitter repeatedly to choose PERSONAL or MOVIES picture mode.
5. Activate SDAM by pressing the following key sequence on the remote control transmitter: 0 6 2 5 9 6 directly followed by the MENU button (do not allow the display to time out between entries while keying the sequence).
6. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to highlight the GEOMETRY sub menu.
7. Press the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to enter the GEOMETRY sub menu.
8. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to highlight either the HORIZONTAL sub menu or the VERTICAL sub menu.
9. Press the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to enter either the HORIZONTAL sub menu or the VERTICAL sub menu.
10. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to select items in the HORIZONTAL sub menu or the VERTICAL sub menu.
11. Use the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to adjust the values of items in the HORIZONTAL and VERTICAL sub menus.
12. When all desired changes to the HORIZONTAL and VERTICAL sub menu values are made, press the MENU button twice to return to the top level SDAM menu.
13. To ensure the GEOMETRY settings are saved:

- Turn the television set 'off' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.
- Disconnect the television set from AC power for at least ten seconds.
- Reconnect the television set to AC power.
- Turn the television set 'on' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.

The following alignments can be performed in the GEOMETRY sub menu:

Horizontal Alignments:

- **Horizontal Shift (HSH).** Select Horizontal Shift to center the picture on the screen.
- **Picture Width (PW).** Aligns the width of the picture.

Vertical Alignments:

- **Vertical slope (VSL).** Aligns the picture so the proportions are the same at the top and bottom of the screen. This alignment must be performed first, before all other vertical alignments. Turning SBL 'on' will assist in performing this alignment.
- **Vertical Amplitude (VAM).** Aligns the height of the picture (other vertical alignments are NOT compensated).
- **Vertical S-Correction (VSC).** Aligns the vertical linearity, so that the vertical intervals of the grid-patterns are the same over the entire height of the screen.
- **Vertical Shift (VSH).** Aligns the vertical center of the picture to the vertical center of the CRT. After performing this alignment, it may be necessary to perform the VAM alignment again.
- **Service blanking (SBL).** Turns the blanking of the lower half of the screen 'on' or 'off' (to be used in combination with the vertical slope alignment).
- **Delta Horizontal Shift 60 Hz (H60).**
- **Delta Vertical Amplitude 60 Hz (V60).**

Methods of Adjustment

Vertical Amplitude and Position

1. Select SERVICE BLANKING (SBL) and set it to 1. The lower half of the picture will be blanked.
 2. Press the MENU UP/DOWN buttons to select VERTICAL SLOPE (VSL).
 3. Align VSL to start the blanking exactly at the horizontal white line at the center of the test circle (align the bottom of the screen so that castellations just disappear).
 4. Press the MENU UP/DOWN buttons to select SBL and set it back to 0. The full picture reappears.
 5. Select VERTICAL AMPLITUDE (VAM) and align the picture height to approximately 13.0 - 13.1 blocks (align the top of the screen so that castellations just disappear).
 6. Select VERTICAL SHIFT (VSH) and align for vertical centering of the picture on the screen.
- Repeat the last two steps if necessary.

Horizontal Phase

1. Set PW to "0".
2. Select Horizontal Shift (HSH) to center the picture on the screen.

Horizontal and Vertical Shift Offset for NTSC (TRINOMA and PAL chassis)

1. Align the set for VSH and HSH (according to above mentioned procedures) with a PAL system signal.
2. Change the signal to NTSC system and adjust HORIZONTAL SHIFT OFFSET (H60) and VERTICAL SHIFT OFFSET (V60) to center the picture on the screen.
3. Repeat if necessary.

The table below lists the default GEOMETRY values for the different television sets.

Table 8-3 Default geometry values

Alignment	Description	Value
PW	Picture Width	31
HSH	Horizontal Shift	35
VSL	Vertical Slope	33
VAM	Vertical Amplitude	26
VSC	Vertical S -correction	23
VSH	Vertical Shift	31
H60	Horizontal Shift Offset (NTSC)	9
V60	Vertical Shift Offset (NTSC)	-1

8.3.5 AUDIO

Necessary measuring equipment:

- MTS (Multi-channel Television Sound) generator (e.g. Fluke 54200).
- AC millivolt meter.

ILA (Input Level Alignment)

1. Activate SDAM by pressing the following key sequence on the remote control transmitter: 0 6 2 5 9 6 directly followed by the MENU button (do not allow the display to time out between entries while keying the sequence).
2. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to highlight the AUDIO sub menu.
3. Press the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to enter the AUDIO sub menu.
4. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to select ILA.
5. Apply a BTSC sound signal with a signal strength of 60 dBuV (1 mV_rms) to the aerial input. Measure the output on pin 21 (L_OUT) of IC7841 with an AC millivoltmeter **via a Low Pass Filter** ($R=10$ kohm, $C=1.5$ nF, measure on the capacitor).
6. Use the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to adjust the meter reading to 106 mV_rms ± 2 mV_rms (default ILA value is "31").
7. Press the MENU button to return to the top level SDAM menu.
8. To ensure the ILA setting is saved:
 - Turn the television set 'off' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.
 - Disconnect the television set from AC power for at least ten seconds.
 - Reconnect the television set to AC power.
 - Turn the television set 'on' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.

LSA (Low Separation Alignment)

1. Activate SDAM by pressing the following key sequence on the remote control transmitter: 0 6 2 5 9 6 directly followed by the MENU button (do not allow the display to time out between entries while keying the sequence).
2. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to highlight the AUDIO sub menu.
3. Press the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to enter the AUDIO sub menu.
4. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to select LSA.
5. Apply a 300 Hz BTSC sound signal with a signal strength of 60 dBuV (1 mV_rms) to the aerial input (only the left channel of the stereo signal). Measure the output on pin 22 (R_OUT) of IC7841 with an AC millivoltmeter.
6. Use the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to adjust the meter reading to a minimum value (default LSA value is "7" for stereo sets, and "0" for mono sets).
7. Press the MENU button to return to the top level SDAM menu.
8. To ensure the LSA setting is saved:

- Turn the television set 'off' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.
- Disconnect the television set from AC power for at least ten seconds.
- Reconnect the television set to AC power.
- Turn the television set 'on' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.

HSA (High Separation Alignment)

1. Activate SDAM by pressing the following key sequence on the remote control transmitter: 0 6 2 5 9 6 directly followed by the MENU button (do not allow the display to time out between entries while keying the sequence).
2. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to highlight the AUDIO sub menu.
3. Press the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to enter the AUDIO sub menu.
4. Use the MENU UP/DOWN keys to select HSA.
5. Apply a 3 kHz BTSC sound signal with a signal strength of 60 dBuV (1 mV_rms) to the aerial input (only the left channel of the stereo signal). Measure the output on pin 22 (R_OUT) of IC7841 with an AC millivoltmeter.
6. Use the MENU LEFT/RIGHT keys to adjust the meter reading to a minimum value (default HSA value is "31").
7. Press the MENU button to return to the top level SDAM menu.
8. To ensure the HSA setting is saved:
 - Turn the television set 'off' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.
 - Disconnect the television set from AC power for at least ten seconds.
 - Reconnect the television set to AC power.
 - Turn the television set 'on' by using the 'POWER' button on the remote control transmitter or the local keyboard.

9. Circuit Descriptions, List of Abbreviations, and IC Data Sheets

Index of this chapter:

- 9.1 Introduction
- 9.2 Source Selection
- 9.3 Audio
- 9.4 Video
- 9.5 Synchronization
- 9.6 Deflection
- 9.7 Power Supply
- 9.8 Control
- 9.9 Abbreviation List
- 9.10 IC Data Sheets

Notes:

- Only new circuits (compared to the L01.2 chassis) are described in this chapter. For the other circuit descriptions, see the manual of the L01.2L AA. This manual is available in different languages:
 - 3122 785 11800 = Spanish.
 - 3122 785 11820 = Portuguese.
- Figures can deviate slightly from the actual situation, due to different set executions.
- For a good understanding of the following circuit descriptions, please use the block diagram in chapter 6, and/or the electrical diagrams in chapter 7. Where necessary, you will find a separate drawing for clarification.

9.1 Introduction

The "L03" chassis is a global TV chassis for the model year 2003 and is used for TV sets with screen sizes from 14 inch to 21 inch, in Super Flat and Real Flat executions. In comparison to its predecessor (the "L01"), this chassis is further simplified: it contains economized executions of the power supply, the video processing (microprocessor), and the audio processing.

The standard architecture consists of a Main panel (called "family board"), a Picture Tube panel, a Side I/O panel, and a Top Control panel. The Main panel consists primarily of conventional components with some surface mounted devices in the audio and video processing part.

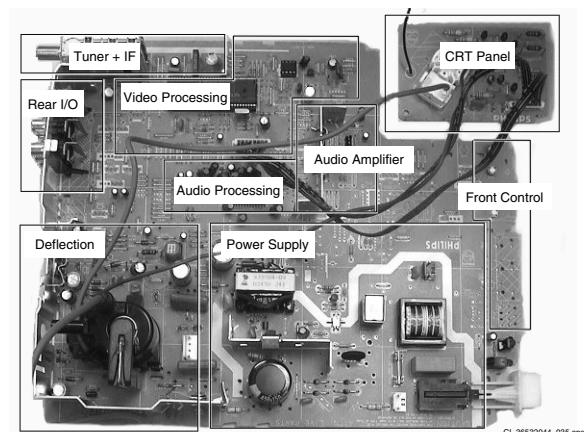


Figure 9-1 Top view family board

The functions for video processing, microprocessor (P), and CC/Teletext (TXT) decoder are combined in one IC (TDA937x), the so-called Ultimate One Chip (UOC). This chip is mounted on the component side of the main panel.

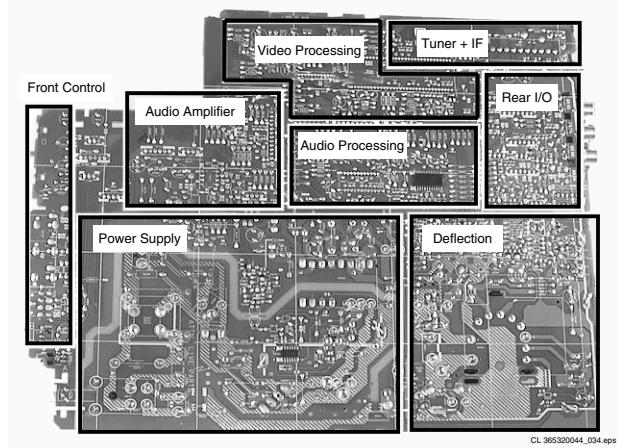


Figure 9-2 Bottom view family board

The L03 can be divided into two basic systems, i.e. mono and stereo sound. While the audio processing for the mono sound is done in the audio block of the UOC, external audio processing ICs are used for stereo sets.

The tuning system features 181 channels with on-screen display. The main tuning system uses a tuner, a microcomputer, and a memory IC mounted on the main panel. The microcomputer communicates with the memory IC, the customer keyboard, remote receiver, tuner, signal processor IC and the audio output IC via the I2C bus. The memory IC retains the settings for favorite stations, customer-preferred settings, and service / factory data.

The on-screen graphics and closed caption decoding are done within the microprocessor where they are added to the main signal.

The chassis uses a Switching Mode Power Supply (SMPS) for the main voltage source. The chassis has a 'hot' ground reference on the primary side and a cold ground reference on the secondary side of the power supply and the rest of the chassis.

9.2 Source Selection

The Source Select is divided mainly into two types, the "Mono Source Select" and the "Stereo Source Select".

- The Mono Source Select, both audio and video, will be done entirely by the UOC and will only be able to select one external audio source.
- As for the Stereo Source Select, the Panasonic IC, which is for BTSC decoding also, has 2 audio source inputs used for source selection, whereas the UOC will take care of the video selection.

9.2.1 Switching Function for Stereo I/O

Video Source Selection

The video source selection is done by the UOC. The video setting for LATAM / NAFTA is rather straightforward: a so called "WYSIWYG" (what you see on the screen, is what you get from the video output).

Audio Source Selection

The AN5829 (BTSC decoder) device does the external stereo audio source selection. A maximum of three audio input sources can be selected. AV1 or FRONT is selected by the mechanical switch in the front cinch connector.

The selected external audio source is then fed to the AN5829 AUX1 input (pins 2 and 3). The AV2 is fed directly to AN5829 via AUX2 (pins 23 and 24). Then via I2C, the AN5829 IC source selection can be done.

9.2.2 Switching Function for Mono I/O

For the Mono configuration, only one input pin is available for the UOC.

Video Source Selection

The video switching is similar to the section above.

Audio Source Selection

The audio input (L1_IN) is connected to pin 35 of the UOC.

9.3 Audio

This chassis is targeted for the LATAM market with Mono, Stereo, or SAP sound system.

For the "basic" Mono and Stereo sets, sound processing includes Volume control and AVL.

For stereo sets, IC AN5829S is the BTSC audio signal decoder and AN5891K is the audio processing IC.

9.3.1 Processing

This chassis uses the Intercarrier demodulation concept (one SAW filter for both video and audio). The base band (full bandwidth) BTSC audio signal from the UOC is fed to pin 14 of the stereo decoder. The Pilot detection and SAP detection registers indicate the type of transmitted audio signal such as Mono, Stereo, and/or SAP. Based on this indication, the software controls will help to output the appropriate audio signal at pins 21 and 22. The controls are done by the I2C bus connected to pins 18 and 19. Internal or External audio (pins 2, 3, 23, and 24) can also be selected by the source selection register. For the selected audio source, the AGC function can be applied. The output is a fixed level output. The volume control function is available via the power amplifier (AN7522/23).

The selected audio output from IC7841 (AN5829) is fed to pins 3 and 22 of IC7821 (AN5891) for audio processing functions, such as Treble, Bass, Volume, Balance, and Surround sound functions. L_out and R_out are then available on pins 12 and 15.

IC7821 is also I2C controllable (pins 13 and 14). An AVL function is also available in this IC, and can be used for sets using this IC. In this case, the AVL function of the AN5829 is disabled. Subwoofer output (optional) is available on pin 20.

9.3.2 Amplifier

The output is fed to the audio amplifier (IC7901 for stereo sets or IC7902 for mono sets). This is a BTL amplifier (Bridge Tied Load), which is actually a class AB amplifier with four transistors for each channel. The advantage of BTL over the standard Class AB amplifier is that it requires a lower supply voltage to deliver a higher output.

The volume level is controlled at this IC (pin 9) by the "VOLUME" control line coming from the microprocessor. After amplification, the audio signal is send to the speaker / headphone output connector.

9.3.3 AVL (Automatic Volume Limiting)

The "Mono AVL" function operates via the UOC. During channel change and source selection, the AVL bit is to be switched "off" and then can resume to the previous state ("on/off") as shown in the timing diagram below.

The "Stereo AVL" function operates via the AGC control of IC AN5829S. During channel change and source selection, the AGC function is to be switched "off" and then can resume to the previous state ("on/off") as shown in timing diagram below.

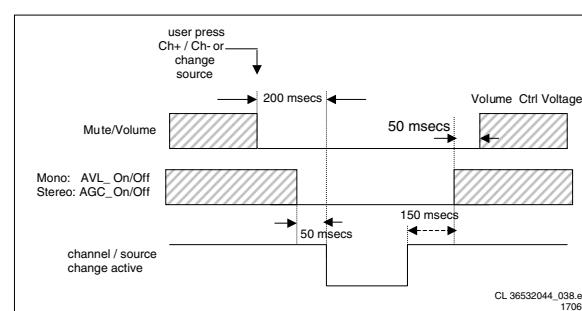


Figure 9-3 AVL timing diagram

9.3.4 Mute

The TV set must mute:

- Whenever a "User Mute" is activated.
- Whenever there is a channel change, RF to RF, RF to AV, AV to RF, and AV to AV (if any). In channel change, MUTE must be activated first before any other activity and UNMUTE must be done after every other activity has been completed.
- Whenever there is a loss in the signal.
- During cold or warm start, MUTE must be activated until all initialization processes are finished.
- When the set is going to STANDBY, MUTE must be activated first before any other activities.

Note:

1. MUTE mentioned above applies for the audio amplifier mute (= PWM volume control mute).
2. The first condition does not apply for the UOC, IC AN5891K, or IC AN5829S.
3. Above conditions refers to both mono and stereo sets.

9.4 Video

For a detailed circuit description of this part, we refer to the L01.2L AA manual (see the beginning of this chapter for the ordering codes). Please note that there can be minor differences in the text (e.g. other item numbers), but the described circuit principle is comparable.

This chassis uses the TDA937x family Ultimate One Chip TV processor (UOC), which is mounted in an SDIP 64 envelope. The various versions of the UOC series combine the function of a video processor together with a microcontroller and US Closed Caption/TXT decoder.

9.5 Synchronization

Inside IC7200 (part D) the vertical and horizontal sync pulses are separated. These "H" and "V" signals are synchronized with the incoming CVBS signal. They are then fed to the H- and V-drive circuits and to the OSD/TXT circuit for synchronization of the On Screen Display and Teletext (CC) information.

9.6 Deflection

For a detailed circuit description of this part, we refer to the L01.2L AA manual (see the beginning of this chapter for the ordering codes). Please note that there can be minor differences in the text (e.g. other item numbers), but the described circuit principle is comparable.

The L03 range consists of TV sets spanning from 14 to 21 inch using the same chassis architecture. For the chassis architecture, the CRTs used do not need East/West Correction. Therefore the geometry correction needed is horizontal shift, vertical slope, vertical amplitude, vertical S-correction, vertical shift and vertical zoom for geometry corrections (with the appropriate offsets required for NTSC channels on PAL sets).

9.7 Power Supply

For a detailed circuit description of this part, we refer to the L01.2L AA manual (see the beginning of this chapter for the ordering codes). Please note that there can be minor differences in the text (e.g. other item numbers), but the described circuit principle is comparable.

9.7.1 Introduction

The supply is a Switching Mode Power Supply (SMPS). The frequency of operation varies with the circuit load. This 'Quasi-Resonant Flyback' behavior has some important benefits compared to a 'hard switching' fixed frequency Flyback converter. The efficiency can be improved up to 90%, which results in lower power consumption. Moreover, the supply runs cooler and safety is enhanced.

The control IC in this power supply is the TEA1506 (L01=TEA1507). Unlike the TEA1507 control IC, the TEA1506 has no internal high voltage start-up source, and therefore needs to be started by means of an external bleeder resistor (R3506 and R3507). The operating voltage for the driver circuit is also taken from the 'hot' side of this transformer.

The switching regulator IC 7520 starts switching the FET 'on' and 'off', to control the current flow through the primary winding of transformer 5520. The energy stored in the primary winding during the 'on' time is delivered to the secondary windings during the 'off' time.

The "MainSupply" line is the reference voltage for the power supply. It is sampled by resistors 3543 and 3544 and fed to the input of the regulator 7540 / 6540. This regulator drives the feedback optocoupler 7515 to set the feedback control voltage on pin 6 of 7520.

The power supply in the set is "on" any time AC power goes to the set.

9.7.2 Derived Voltages

The voltages supplied by the secondary windings of T5520 are:

- "MainSupply" for the horizontal output.
- "V_aux/V_audio" for the audio circuit.
- An optional "DVD_Supply" for future extensions.

Other voltages are provided by the LOT. It supplies -12 V, the tuner voltage, the filament voltage, and the +160 V source for the video drive. These secondary voltages of the LOT are monitored by the "EHT" lines.

9.8 Control

The microprocessor part of the UOC has the complete control and CC/Teletext processing on board. The User menu's and Service Default / Alignment Mode's are generated by the P. Communication to other ICs is done via the I2C-bus.

9.8.1 I2C-Bus

The main control system, which consists of the microprocessor part of the UOC (7200), is linked to the external devices (Tuner, NVM, Audio ICs, etc) by means of the I2C-bus. An internal I2C-bus is used to control other signal processing functions, like video processing, sound IF, vision IF, synchronization, etc.

9.8.2 User Interface

The chassis uses a remote control with RC5 protocol. The incoming signal is connected to pin 67 of the UOC. The keyboard, connected to UOC pin 8, can also control the set. Button recognition is done via a voltage divider. The front LED (6691) is connected to an output control line of the microprocessor (pin 11). It is activated to provide the user information about whether or not the set is working correctly (e.g., responding to the remote control, normal operation (USA only) or fault condition)

9.8.3 I/O Selection

For the control of the input and output selections, there are three lines:

STATUS1

This signal provides information to the microprocessor on whether a video signal is available on the SCART1 AV input and output port (only for Europe). This signal is not connected in LATAM/NAFTA sets.

STATUS2

This signal provides information to the microprocessor on whether a video signal is available on the SCART2 AV input and output port (only for Europe). For sets with an SVHS input it provides the additional information if a Y/C or CVBS source is present. The presence of an external Y/C source makes this line 'high' while a CVBS source makes the line 'low'.

SEL_AV1_AV2

This is the source select control signal from the microprocessor. This control line is under user control or can be activated by the other two control lines.

9.8.4 Power Supply Control

The Power Supply is interfaced with the microcontroller (UOC) to provide the power supply with the control signals required for burst mode operation in standby and to vary the picture width by adjusting V_BAT. The microprocessor part is supplied with 3.3 V and 8 V. The 3.3 V is derived from the "V_aux/V_audio" voltage via a 3V3 stabilizer (7493). The 8 V is derived from the 33V tuner voltage via TS7491 and TS7496. Two signals are used to control the power supply: STD_CON and PW_ADJ.

STD_CON

This signal is generated by the microprocessor when overcurrent takes place at the "Main" line. This is done to enable the power supply into standby burst mode, and to enable this mode during a protection.

This is of logic "high" (3.3 V) under normal operation of the TV. When the TV set is in Standby (or fault) condition, this signal is a continuous pulse of 5 ms "low" (0 V) and 5 ms "high".

Note: In the L01 chassis this was inverted.

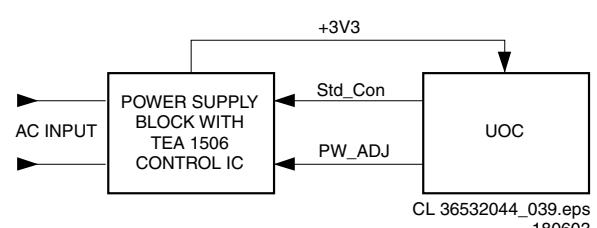


Figure 9-4 Block diagram of power supply interface with UOC

PW_ADJ

This signal is generated by the UOC through a PWM port. This PWM port is configured in Push Pull mode to generate a square wave signal of 0 to 100% duty cycle with a default value of 50% duty cycle.
PW_ADJ will eliminate tolerance and can adjust the picture wide slightly.

9.8.5 Protection Events

Several protection events are controlled by the UOC. In case one of these protections is activated, the set will go to "Standby" mode.

Deflection protections

The main protections for deflection are X-ray protection, frame amplifier failure detection, black current loop stability protection, and +8V auxiliary supply protection. For X-ray protection, the X-ray detection bit, XDT, must always be set to "1" (detection mode). High EHT protection must be triggered via software upon detection of the XPR bit switching to "1". A suitable number of checks are done before putting the set into protection mode in order to prevent false triggering. For service requirements, the Enable Vertical Guard (RGB blanking), EVG, can be disabled (set to "0") although this is not necessary.

The following bits are monitored:

- SUP (Supply voltage indication)
- XPR (X-ray protection)
- EVG (Enable Vertical Guard)
- NDF (Output Vertical Guard)
- BCF (Black Current Failure)

I2C protection

To check whether all I2C IC's are functioning.

9.9 Abbreviation List

2CS	2 Carrier (or Channel) Stereo
ACI	Automatic Channel Installation: algorithm that installs TV sets directly from cable network by means of a predefined TXT page
ADC	Analogue to Digital Converter
AFC	Automatic Frequency Control: control signal used to tune to the correct frequency
AFT	Automatic Fine Tuning
AGC	Automatic Gain Control: algorithm that controls the video input of the feature box
AM	Amplitude Modulation
AP	Asia Pacific
AR	Aspect Ratio: 4 by 3 or 16 by 9
ATS	Automatic Tuning System
AV	External Audio Video
AVL	Automatic Volume Leveler
BCL	Beam Current Limitation
B/G	Monochrome TV system. Sound carrier distance is 5.5 MHz
BTSC	Broadcast Television Standard Committee. Multiplex FM stereo sound system, originating from the USA and used e.g. in LATAM and AP-NTSC countries
CC	Closed Caption
ComPair	Computer aided rePair
CRT	Cathode Ray Tube or picture tube
CSM	Customer Service Mode
CTI	Color Transient Improvement: manipulates steepness of chroma transients
CVBS	Composite Video Blanking and Synchronization
CVI	Component Video Input
DAC	Digital to Analogue Converter
DBX	Dynamic Bass Expander or noise reduction system in BTSC
D/K	Monochrome TV system. Sound carrier distance is 6.5 MHz
DFU	Direction For Use: description for the end user
DNR	Dynamic Noise Reduction
DSP	Digital Signal Processing
DST	Dealer Service Tool: special remote control designed for dealers to enter e.g. service mode
DVD	Digital Versatile Disc
EEPROM	Electrically Erasable and Programmable Read Only Memory
EHT	Extra High Tension
EHT-INFO	Extra High Tension information
EPG	Electronic Programming Guide
EU	Europe
EW	East West, related to horizontal deflection of the set
EXT	External (source), entering the set via SCART or Cinch
FBL	Fast Blanking: DC signal accompanying RGB signals
FILAMENT	Filament of CRT
FM	Field Memory or Frequency Modulation
H	Horizontal sync signal
HP	Headphone
I	Monochrome TV system. Sound carrier distance is 6.0 MHz
I2C	Integrated IC bus
IF	Intermediate Frequency
IIC	Integrated IC bus

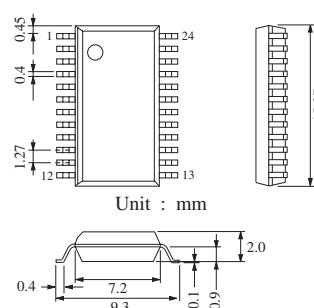
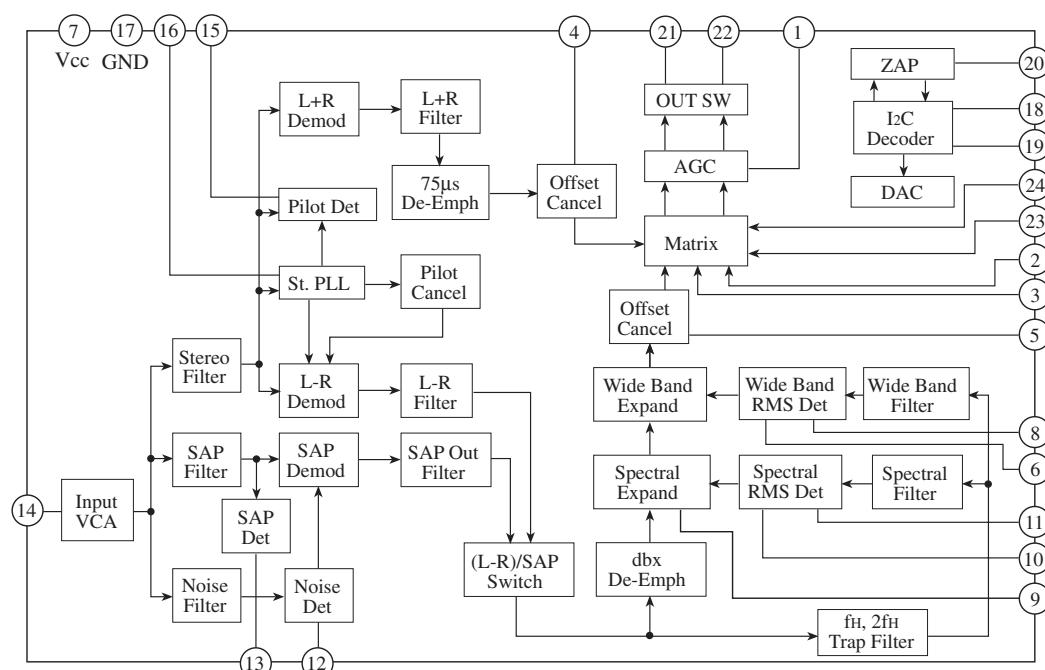
ITV	Institutional TV
LATAM	Latin American countries like Brazil, Argentina, etc.
LED	Light Emitting Diode
L/L'	Monochrome TV system. Sound carrier distance is 6.5 MHz. L' is Band I, L is all bands except for Band I
LS	Large Screen or Loudspeaker
M/N	Monochrome TV system. Sound carrier distance is 4.5 MHz
NC	Not Connected
NICAM	Near Instantaneous Compounded Audio Multiplexing. This is a digital sound system, mainly used in Europe.
NTSC	National Television Standard Committee. Color system mainly used in North America and Japan. Color carrier NTSC M/N = 3.579545 MHz, NTSC 4.43 = 4.433619 MHz (this is a VCR norm, it is not transmitted off-air)
NVM	Non Volatile Memory: IC containing TV related data e.g. alignments
OB	Option Bit
OC	Open Circuit
OP	Option Byte
OSD	On Screen Display
PAL	Phase Alternating Line. Color system mainly used in West Europe (color carrier = 4.433619 MHz) and South America (color carrier PAL M = 3.575612 MHz and PAL N = 3.582056 MHz)
PCB	Printed Circuit board
PLL	Phase Locked Loop. Used for e.g. FST tuning systems. The customer can give directly the desired frequency
POR	Power-On Reset
PTP	Picture Tube Panel (or CRT-panel)
RAM	Random Access Memory
RC	Remote Control handset
RGB	Red, Green, and Blue video signals
ROM	Read Only Memory
SDAM	Service Default / Alignment Mode
SAP	Second Audio Program
SC	Sandcastle: pulse derived from sync signals
S/C	Short Circuit
SCL	Serial Clock
SDA	Serial Data
SECAM	SEquence Couleur Avec Memoire. Color system mainly used in France and East Europe. Color carriers = 4.406250 MHz and 4.250000 MHz
SIF	Sound Intermediate Frequency
SS	Small Screen
STBY	Standby
SVHS	Super Video Home System
SW	Software
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion
TXT	Teletext
P	Microprocessor
UOC	Ultimate One Chip
V	Vertical sync signal
V_BAT	Main supply voltage for the deflection stage (mostly 141 V)
V-chip	Violence Chip
VCR	Video Cassette Recorder
WYSIWYR	What You See Is What You Record: record selection that follows main picture and sound
XTAL	Quartz crystal
YC	Luminance (Y) and Chrominance (C) signal

9.10 IC Data Sheets

This section shows the internal block diagrams and pin layouts of ICs that are drawn as "black boxes" in the electrical diagrams (with the exception of "memory" and "logic" ICs).

9.10.1 Diagram A5, AN5829S (IC7841)

■ Block Diagram



24-Lead PANAFLAT Package (SO-24D)

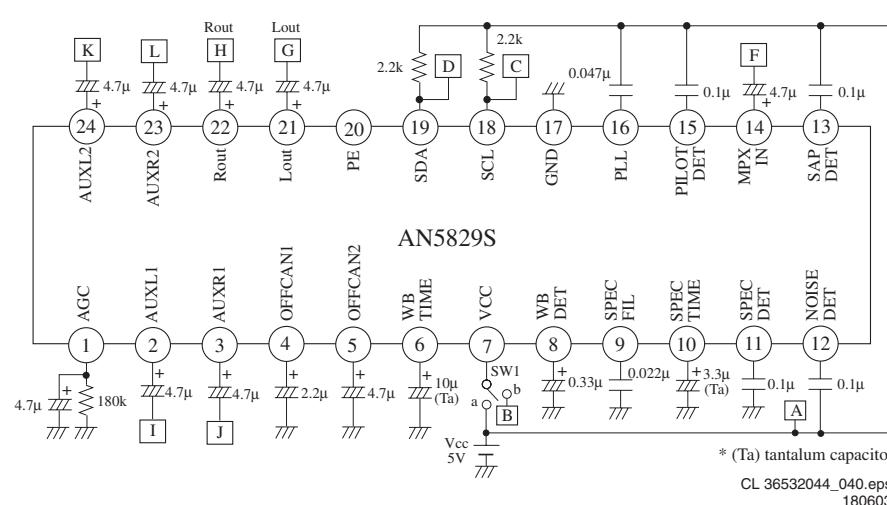


Figure 9-5 Internal Block Diagram and Pin Layout

10. Spare Parts List

Mono Carrier [A]	
Various	
0025	3139 131 01771 Cable 3p 1000mm
0138	9965 000 23800 BATTERY SPRING
0186	3139 110 38861 Cable 5p/680/5p
0211	9965 000 27334 CONNECTOR VH3P2A
0223	9965 000 27246 AV SOCKET
0225	2422 026 04926 Soc. Mini-DIN 4p f
0250	2422 026 04742 SOC CINCH H 3P
0250	9965 000 27369 RCA SOCKET AV
0252	2422 025 12482 Connector 6p m
0253	4822 267 31014 Soc. headphone
0253	9965 000 17468 Soc. EARPHONE
0254	4822 267 10734 Connector 5p
0255	4822 267 10565 Connector 4p
0272	3139 120 41191 TORX SCREW M3X12
0273	3139 120 41191 TORX SCREW M3X12
1000	2422 542 90141 TUN V+U PLL
1000	9965 000 23791 TUNER TEDH9-251A
1001	2422 549 44327 FIL 3MHZ75 F072TPL-A
1001	9965 000 23794 SAW M1971M
1011	9965 000 17540 Switch
1012	9965 000 17540 Switch
1013	9965 000 17540 Switch
1014	9965 000 17540 Switch
1121	4822 267 10735 Connector 3p
1124	2422 025 12482 Connector 6p m
1201	4822 242 81978 TPS4.5MB-TF21
1201	9965 000 23325 Crystall 4.5MB
1500	2422 090 01101 Soc Fuse 1P Female
1500	9965 000 23784 Fuse holder
1501	2422 090 01101 Soc Fuse 1P Female
1501	9965 000 23784 Fuse holder
1504	2422 086 10914 Fuse 4A 250V
1504	9965 000 17570 FUSE T4E 250V
1600	4822 276 13775 Switch 1p 0.1A 12V
1600	9965 000 17540 Switch
1601	4822 276 13775 Switch 1p 0.1A 12V
1601	9965 000 17540 Switch
1602	4822 276 13775 Switch 1p 0.1A 12V
1602	9965 000 17540 Switch
1603	4822 276 13775 Switch 1p 0.1A 12V
1603	9965 000 17540 Switch
1606	9965 000 17540 Switch
1621	2422 543 01268 XTL 12MHZ 20P
1621	9965 000 23770 Crystal 12MHZ
1810	4822 267 10735 Connector 3p
1900	9301 843 10329 A51EHW135X47
1900	9965 000 27250 CRT A51ERF135X82
-II-	
2001	2238 586 59812 100nF 20% 50V 0603
2001	9965 000 27286 100nF 10% 50V 0603
2002	4822 124 41643 100µF 20% 16V
2002	9965 000 14069 100µF 20% 16V
2003	4822 122 33761 22pF 5% 50V
2003	9965 000 14011 22pF 5% 50V
2004	4822 122 33761 22pF 5% 50V
2004	9965 000 14011 22pF 5% 50V
2005	3198 024 44730 47nF 50V 0603
2005	9965 000 27374 47nF 20% 50V
2006	4822 124 80195 470µF 20% 10V
2006	9965 000 17508 470µF 20% 10V
2007	4822 124 40248 10µF 20% 63V
2007	9965 000 14075 10µF 20% 50V
2101	3198 017 44740 470nF 10V 0603
2101	9965 000 27228 470nF 20% 16V
2102	4822 122 33761 22pF 5% 50V
2102	9965 000 14011 22pF 5% 50V
2103	4822 126 14241 330pF 0603 50V
2103	9965 000 27243 330pF -10% 50V
2104	4822 126 14241 330pF 0603 50V
2104	9965 000 27243 330pF -10% 50V
2105	4822 124 21732 10UF 20% 25V
2105	9965 000 27241 10µF -20% 25V
2106	4822 124 21732 10UF 20% 25V
2106	9965 000 27241 10µF -20% 25V
2111	4822 122 33761 22pF 5% 50V
2111	9965 000 14011 22pF 5% 50V
2112	4822 122 33761 22pF 5% 50V
2112	9965 000 14011 22pF 5% 50V
2113	4822 122 33761 22pF 5% 50V
2113	9965 000 14011 22pF 5% 50V
2122	4822 126 14241 330pF 0603 50V
2122	9965 000 27243 330pF -10% 50V
2123	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2123	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2124	4822 126 14241 330pF 0603 50V
2124	9965 000 27243 330pF -10% 50V
2125	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2125	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2126	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2126	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2127	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2127	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2128	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2128	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2129	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2129	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2130	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2130	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2131	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2131	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2132	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2132	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2133	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2133	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2134	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2134	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2135	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2135	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2136	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2136	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2137	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2137	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2138	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2138	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2139	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2139	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2140	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2140	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2141	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2141	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2142	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2142	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2143	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2143	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2144	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2144	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2145	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2145	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2146	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2146	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2147	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2147	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2148	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2148	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2149	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2149	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2150	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2150	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2151	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2151	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2152	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2152	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2153	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2153	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2154	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2154	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2155	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2155	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2156	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2156	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2157	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2157	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2158	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2158	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2159	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2159	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2160	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2160	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2161	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2161	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2162	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2162	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2163	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2163	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2164	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2164	9965 000 24287 1µF 80/-20% 16V
2165	3198 017 41050 1µF 10V 0603
2165	

EN 50

10.

L03.1L AA

Spare Parts List

2542	9965 000 27228	470nF 80/-20% 16V	2851	2238 586 59812	100nF 20% 50V 0603	3125	9965 000 27224	JMP1/10W /-5% 0603
2543	5322 126 11578	1nF 10% 50V 0603	2851	9965 000 27286	100nF 10% 50V 0603	3125	9965 000 27234	150 1/10W 0603
2543	9965 000 20356	1000 PF 50V +/-10% B	2852	2238 586 59812	100nF 20% 50V 0603	3126	4822 117 12925	47kΩ 1% 0.063W 0603
2560	5322 122 32818	2.2nF 10% 100V	2852	9965 000 27286	100nF 10% 50V 0603	3126	9965 000 27237	.47K 1/10W 0603
2560	9965 000 15104	2.2nF 10% 50V	2855	3198 017 41050	1μF 10V 0603	3135	4822 051 30759	75Ω 5% 0.062W
2561	4822 123 14025	2200μF 20% 16V	2855	9965 000 24287	1μF 80/-20% 16V	3135	9965 000 27240	.75 1/10W 0603
2561	4822 124 40196	220μF 20% 16V	2856	3198 017 41050	1μF 10V 0603	3136	4822 116 52175	100Ω 5% 0.5W
2562	4822 126 13451	2.2nF 10% 2kV	2856	9965 000 24287	1μF 80/-20% 16V	3136	9965 000 14049	100Ω 5% 0.16W
2562	9965 000 24631	2200 PF 1KV +/-10%	2857	3198 017 34730	47nF 16V 0603	3137	4822 051 30759	75Ω 5% 0.062W
2564	4822 124 42336	47μF 20% 160V	2857	9965 000 27306	47nF 50V /-20% 0603	3137	9965 000 27240	.75 1/10W 0603
2564	9965 000 17512	47μF 20% 160V	2858	3198 017 41050	1μF 10V 0603	3138	4822 051 30101	100Ω 5% 0.062W
2584	4822 126 12267	470pF 10% 2kV	2858	9965 000 24287	1μF 80/-20% 16V	3138	9965 000 27232	100 1/10W 0603
2584	9965 000 27925	220 PF 1KV /-10%	2859	3198 017 41050	1μF 10V 0603	3142	4822 116 52175	100Ω 5% 0.5W
2584	9965 000 27991	470 PF 1KV /-10%	2859	9965 000 24287	1μF 80/-20% 16V	3142	9965 000 14049	100Ω 5% 0.16W
2585	5322 126 11578	1nF 10% 50V 0603	2860	2238 586 59812	100nF 20% 50V 0603	3143	4822 111 31025	75Ω 5% 0.16W
2585	9965 000 20356	1000 PF 50V +/-10% B	2860	9965 000 27286	100nF 10% 50V 0603	3143	4822 116 52201	75Ω 5% 0.5W
2602	2020 552 96664	0603 NPO 50V 33P	2861	4822 126 13883	220pF 5% 50V	3144	4822 116 83868	150Ω 5% 0.5W
2602	9965 000 27302	CAP 33PF 50V /-5%	2861	9965 000 20349	220PF 50V C 0603 /-5%	3144	9965 000 12485	150Ω 5% 0.16W
2603	2020 552 96664	0603 NPO 50V 33P	2862	4822 126 13883	220pF 5% 50V	3145	4822 111 31023	.47k 5% 0.16W
2603	9965 000 27302	CAP 33PF 50V /-5%	2862	9965 000 20349	220PF 50V C 0603 /-5%	3145	4822 116 83884	47kΩ 5% 0.5W
2604	4822 124 11947	10μF 20% 16V	2863	4822 126 13883	220pF 5% 50V	3146	4822 116 83868	150Ω 5% 0.5W
2604	9965 000 27860	10μF /-20% 16V	2863	9965 000 20349	220PF 50V C 0603 /-5%	3146	9965 000 12485	150Ω 5% 0.16W
2605	2238 586 59812	100nF 20% 50V 0603	2903	4822 124 21913	1μF 20% 63V	3147	4822 111 31023	.47k 5% 0.16W
2605	9965 000 27286	100nF 10% 50V 0603	2903	9965 000 14037	1μF 20% 50V	3147	4822 116 83884	47kΩ 5% 0.5W
2607	2238 586 59812	100nF 20% 50V 0603	2904	3198 017 44740	470nF 10V 0603	3148	4822 116 83876	270Ω 5% 0.5W
2608	3198 017 41050	1μF 10V 0603	2906	3198 017 44740	470nF 10V 0603	3148	9965 000 15050	270Ω 5% 0.16W
2608	9965 000 24287	1μF 80/-20% 16V	2906	9965 000 27228	470nF 20% 16V	3149	4822 116 83876	270Ω 5% 0.5W
2609	2238 586 59812	100nF 20% 50V 0603	2908	4822 124 22726	4.7μF 20% 35V	3161	4822 051 30333	33kΩ 5% 0.062W
2609	9965 000 27286	100nF 10% 50V 0603	2908	9965 000 14039	4.7μF 20% 50V	3161	9965 000 27236	33K 1/10W 0603
2612	4822 124 40196	220μF 20% 16V	2909	4822 124 40248	10μF 20% 63V	3162	4822 051 30103	10kΩ 5% 0.062W
2612	9965 000 14070	220μF 20% 16V	2909	9965 000 14075	10μF 20% 50V	3162	9965 000 27225	10K 1/10W 0603
2615	2238 586 55622	0603 X7R 50V 820P	2950	4822 126 14247	1.5nF 50V 0603	3163	4822 051 30102	1kΩ 5% 0.062W
2615	9965 000 27342	820PF 50V /-10%	2950	9965 000 14010	1500PF 50V /+/-10% B	3163	9965 000 27233	1K 1/10W 0603
2616	4822 124 11947	10μF 20% 16V	2951	3198 016 38210	820pF 25V 0603	3164	4822 050 13303	33kΩ 1% 0.4W
2616	9965 000 27860	10μF /-20% 16V	2951	9965 000 27898	820PF 50V /-5% 0603	3164	4822 050 23303	33kΩ 1% 0.6W
2641	3198 016 31020	1nF 25V 0603	2952	3198 016 38210	820pF 25V 0603	3182	9965 000 14049	100Ω 5% 0.16W
2641	9965 000 27244	.1NF 25V /-5%	2952	9965 000 27898	820PF 50V /-5% 0603	3183	9965 000 12485	150Ω 5% 0.16W
2642	3198 016 31020	1nF 25V 0603	2981	9965 000 14075	10μF 20% 50V	3184	9965 000 27237	.47K 1/10W 0603
2642	9965 000 27244	.1NF 25V /-5%	2982	9965 000 27906	.470PF 50V /-10%	3185	9965 000 12485	150Ω 5% 0.16W
2643	4822 126 13883	220pF 5% 50V	2983	9965 000 14075	10μF 20% 50V	3186	9965 000 27237	.47K 1/10W 0603
2643	9965 000 20349	220PF 50V C 0603 /-5%	2984	9965 000 27906	.470PF 50V /-10%	3201	4822 051 30392	3.9Ω 5% 0.063W 0603
2691	4822 124 41584	100μF 20% 10V				3201	9965 000 27298	.3.9K 1/10W /-5%
2691	9965 000 15805	100μF 20% 10V				3202	4822 051 30101	100Ω 5% 0.062W
2821	4822 124 41584	100μF 20% 10V				3202	9965 000 27232	100 1/10W 0603
2821	9965 000 15805	100μF 20% 10V				3203	4822 051 30102	1kΩ 5% 0.062W
2822	3198 017 33330	33nF 20% 16V 0603	3001	4822 051 30152	1.5Ω 5% 0.062W	3203	9965 000 27233	1K 1/10W 0603
2822	9965 000 27303	0.033 UF 50V /-10% 06	3001	9965 000 27373	1.5K 1/10W /-5% 06	3204	2322 702 60829	82Ω 5% 0.0603
2823	5322 124 40641	10μF 20% 100V	3002	5322 117 13056	8.2kΩ 1% 0.063W 0603	3204	9965 000 27338	.82 OHM 1/10W /-5% 06
2823	9965 000 15089	10μF 20% 100V	3002	9965 000 27277	8.2K 1/10W /-5% 06	3205	4822 051 30271	270Ω 5% 0.062W
2824	5322 124 40641	10μF 20% 100V	3003	4822 051 30101	100Ω 5% 0.062W	3205	9965 000 27336	.270 1/10W /-5% 06
2824	9965 000 15089	10μF 20% 100V	3003	9965 000 27232	100Ω 1/10W 0603	3206	4822 051 30102	1kΩ 5% 0.062W
2825	2238 786 55644	39nF 10% 16V X7R 0603	3004</td					

Spare Parts List L03.1L AA 10. EN 51

3443	9965 000 27277	NFR 3.3 1/3W /-5%	3498	4822 050 21003	10kΩ 1% 0.6W	3644	4822 051 30472	4.7Ω 5% 0.062W
3444	4822 052 10338	3.3Ω 5% 0.33W	3498	9965 000 14050	10k 5% 0.16W	3644	9965 000 27295	4.7K 1/10W 0603
3444	9965 000 27277	NFR 3.3 1/3W /-5%	3499	4822 051 30273	27kΩ 5% 0.062W	3646	4822 051 30105	1MΩ 5% 0.062W
3445	4822 052 10108	1Ω 5% 0.33W	3499	9965 000 27280	.27K 1/10W /-5%	3646	9965 000 27259	1M 1/10W 0603
3445	9965 000 27258	NFR 1 1/3W /-5%	3500	4822 053 21335	3.3MΩ 5% 0.5W	3681	5322 117 13057	820Ω 1% 0.063W 0603
3446	4822 052 10108	1Ω 5% 0.33W	3501	4822 053 21335	3.3MΩ 5% 0.5W	3681	9965 000 27296	.820 1/10W /-1% 06
3446	9965 000 27258	NFR 1 1/3W /-5%	3502	2122 612 00055	4.7Ω 3W	3682	2322 704 61201	120Ω 1% 0.063W 0603
3447	4822 117 12925	47kΩ 1% 0.063W 0603	3502	9965 000 27041	NTC 4.7 /-20%	3682	9965 000 27291	120Ω 1% 0.063W 0603
3447	9965 000 27235	220K 1/10W 0603	3504	2120 660 90043	PTC/PTC 9R 200V	3685	2322 704 62001	200Ω 1% 0603
3447	9965 000 27237	47K 1/10W 0603	3504	9965 000 27922	PTC 9 270V /-20%	3685	9965 000 17494	120Ω 1/6W +/-5%
3448	4822 052 10108	1Ω 5% 0.33W	3505	4822 116 21224	VDR 1mA/387V	3685	9965 000 27292	.200 1/10W /-1% 06
3448	9965 000 27258	NFR 1 1/3W /-5%	3506	4822 053 20334	330kΩ 5% 0.25W	3686	2322 704 64301	RST 0603 RC22H 430R
3449	4822 116 52264	27kΩ 5% 0.5W	3506	9965 000 23746	330kΩ 0.25W	3686	9965 000 27294	430 1/10W /-1% 06
3449	9965 000 17647	27k 5% 0.16W	3507	3198 036 90010	Wire 0.58mm	3687	2322 704 62202	2.2kΩ 1% 0603
3450	4822 116 52264	27kΩ 5% 0.5W	3509	4822 116 83872	220Ω 5% 0.5W	3687	9965 000 27293	2.2K 1/10W /-1% 06
3450	9965 000 17647	27k 5% 0.16W	3509	9965 000 25987	C.C. 220 1/2W +/-10%	3688	2322 704 62001	200Ω 1% 0603
3451	4822 117 12903	1.8kΩ 1% 0.063W 0603	3510	4822 252 11215	DSP301N-A21F	3688	9965 000 27292	200 1/10W /-1% 06
3451	9965 000 27227	8.2K 1/10W /-5% 06	3510	9965 000 27325	SURGE ABSORBER	3691	4822 051 30331	330Ω 5% 0.062W
3451	9965 000 27279	1.8K 1/10W /-5% 06	3519	4822 111 31036	3.3k 5% 0.16W	3691	9965 000 12592	330Ω 5% 0.16W
3452	4822 116 83866	1MΩ 5% 0.5W	3519	4822 116 52269	3.3kΩ 5% 0.5W	3691	9965 000 27253	330 1/10W 0603
3452	9965 000 12626	1.0mΩ 5% 0.17W	3520	4822 117 11817	1.2kΩ 1% 0.0625W	3693	4822 116 83872	220Ω 5% 0.5W
3453	4822 117 13632	100kΩ 1% 0.0603 0.62W	3520	9965 000 27320	1.2K 1/10 J 0603	3693	9965 000 12549	220Ω 55 0.16W
3453	9965 000 27226	100K 1/10W 0603	3522	4822 051 30334	330kΩ 5% 0.062W	3694	4822 051 30472	4.7Ω 5% 0.062W
3454	4822 051 30103	10kΩ 5% 0.062W	3522	9965 000 27324	330K 1/10W /-5% 06	3694	9965 000 15057	4.7k 5% 0.16W
3454	9965 000 27225	10K 1/10W 0603	3523	4822 052 10479	47Ω 5% 0.33W	3694	9965 000 27295	4.7K 1/10W 0603
3455	4822 051 30681	680Ω 5% 0.062W	3523	9965 000 27927	NFR 47 1/3W /-5%	3822	4822 117 12891	220Ω 1%
3455	9965 000 27260	2.2K 1/10W 0603	3524	4822 051 30008	Jumper 0603	3822	9965 000 27235	220K 1/10W 0603
3455	9965 000 27283	680 1/10W 0603	3524	9965 000 27224	JMP1/10W /-5% 0603	3824	4822 051 30008	Jumper 0603
3459	4822 116 52245	150kΩ 5% 0.5W	3525	4822 051 30102	1kΩ 5% 0.062W	3824	9965 000 27224	JMP1/10W /-5% 0603
3459	9965 000 23744	150kΩ 5% 0.17W	3525	9965 000 27233	1K 1/10W 0603	3825	3198 036 90010	Wire 0.58mm
3460	4822 117 13632	100kΩ 1% 0.0603 0.62W	3526	3198 012 11570	0.15Ω 5% 1W	3827	4822 116 52175	100Ω 5% 0.5W
3460	9965 000 27226	100K 1/10W 0603	3526	9965 000 23785	0.15Ω 5% 1W	3827	9965 000 14049	100Ω 5% 0.16W
3460	9965 000 27237	47K 1/10W 0603	3527	4822 052 10222	2.2kΩ 5% 0.33W	3828	4822 116 52175	100Ω 5% 0.5W
3461	4822 051 30222	2.2kΩ 5% 0.062W	3527	9965 000 27319	NFR 2.2K 1/3W /-5%	3828	9965 000 14049	100Ω 5% 0.16W
3461	9965 000 27260	2.2K 1/10W 0603	3528	4822 051 30103	10kΩ 5% 0.062W	3841	2322 702 60184	180kΩ 5% 0.0603
3462	4822 051 30105	1MΩ 5% 0.062W	3528	9965 000 27225	10K 1/10W 0603	3841	9965 000 27297	180K 1/10W /-5%
3462	9965 000 27259	1M 1/10W 0603	3541	4822 051 30471	47Ω 5% 0.062W	3842	4822 116 52175	100Ω 5% 0.5W
3463	4822 051 30222	2.2kΩ 5% 0.062W	3541	9965 000 27282	47Ω 1/10W /-5%	3842	9965 000 14049	100Ω 5% 0.16W
3463	9965 000 27260	2.2K 1/10W 0603	3542	4822 116 52243	1.5kΩ 5% 0.5W	3843	4822 116 52175	100Ω 5% 0.5W
3464	4822 116 52256	2.2kΩ 5% 0.5W	3542	9965 000 15044	1.5k 5% 0.16W	3843	9965 000 14049	100Ω 5% 0.16W
3464	9965 000 12515	2.2kΩ 5% 0.16W	3543	4822 050 28203	82kΩ 1% 0.6W	3901	4822 050 11002	1kΩ 1% 0.4W
3465	4822 051 30102	1kΩ 5% 0.062W	3543	9965 000 23773	82kΩ 1% 0.5W	3901	9965 000 12519	1k 5% 0.16W
3465	9965 000 27233	1K 1/10W 0603	3544	3198 039 68020	RST MFLM A 6K8	3902	4822 111 31036	3.3k 5% 0.16W
3466	4822 051 30102	1kΩ 5% 0.062W	3544	9965 000 23772	6.8kΩ 1% 0.5W	3902	4822 116 52269	3.3kΩ 5% 0.5W
3466	9965 000 27233	1K 1/10W 0603	3545	4822 051 30222	2.2kΩ 5% 0.062W	3903	4822 111 31036	3.3k 5% 0.16W
3468	4822 116 52219	330Ω 5% 0.5W	3545	9965 000 27260	2.2K 1/10W 0603	3903	4822 116 52269	3.3kΩ 5% 0.5W
3468	9965 000 12592	330Ω 5% 0.16W	3546	4822 116 83961	6.8kΩ 5%	3904	4822 051 30103	10kΩ 5% 0.062W
3470	4822 052 10108	1Ω 5% 0.33W	3546	9965 000 12520	6.8kΩ 1/6W 5% CF	3904	9965 000 27225	10K 1/10W 0603
3470	9965 000 27258	NFR 1 1/3W /-5%	3547	4822 051 30223	22kΩ 5% 0.062W	3905	4822 111 31036	3.3k 5% 0.16W
3471	4822 116 83872	220Ω 5% 0.5W	3547	9965 000 27323	.22K 1/10W /-5% 06	3905	4822 116 52269	3.3kΩ 5% 0.5W
3471	9965 000 12549	220Ω 55 0.16W	3547	9965 000 27324	330K 1/10W /-5% 06	3906	4822 051 30103	10kΩ 5% 0.062W
3472	4822 116 83872	220Ω 5% 0.5W	3548	4822 051 30153	15kΩ 5% 0.062W	390		

EN 52

10.

L03.1L AA

Spare Parts List

4698	4822 051 30008	Jumper 0603	6460	4822 130 11397	BAS316	7841	9322 189 97668	AN5829S
4698	9965 000 27224	JMP1/10W /-5% 0603	6460	9340 255 30135	BAS216	7901	9322 181 41682	AN7522N
4698	9965 000 27290	JMP1/10W /-5% 0603	6461	4822 130 31607	RGP10D			
4821	4822 051 30008	Jumper 0603	6461	9965 000 13880	FR104-B OR			
4821	9965 000 27224	JMP1/10W /-5% 0603	6462	4822 130 31607	RGP10D			
4822	4822 051 30008	Jumper 0603	6462	9965 000 13880	FR104-B OR			
4822	9965 000 27224	JMP1/10W /-5% 0603	6463	4822 130 31607	RGP10D			
4847	4822 051 30008	Jumper 0603	6463	9965 000 13880	FR104-B OR			
4847	9965 000 27224	JMP1/10W /-5% 0603	6464	4822 130 11397	BAS316			
4852	4822 051 30008	Jumper 0603	6464	9340 255 30135	BAS216			
4852	9965 000 27224	JMP1/10W /-5% 0603	6481	4822 130 11397	BAS316			
4853	4822 051 30008	Jumper 0603	6481	9340 255 30135	BAS216			
4853	9965 000 27224	JMP1/10W /-5% 0603	6491	5322 130 34331	BAV70			
4922	4822 051 30008	Jumper 0603	6491	9965 000 23761	BAV70LT1			
4922	9965 000 27224	JMP1/10W /-5% 0603	6492	3198 020 55680	BZX384-C5V6			
4981	9965 000 27224	JMP1/10W /-5% 0603	6500	4822 130 31083	BYW55			
4983	9965 000 27224	JMP1/10W /-5% 0603	6500	9965 000 15164	RL255			
5001	3198 018 18270	820nH 10%	6501	9965 000 15164	RL255			
5001	9965 000 27372	0.82 UH /-10%	6502	4822 130 31083	BYW55			
5002	9965 000 27371	5.6UH /-10%	6502	9965 000 15164	RL255			
5201	4822 157 11835	4.7 μ H 5%	6502	4822 130 31083	BYW55			
5201	9965 000 23768	4.7 UH /+/-10%	6502	9965 000 15164	RL255			
5203	9965 000 27688	DEGAUSSING COIL	6502	4822 130 41601	BYV95A			
5203	9965 000 27903	DEGAUSSING COIL	6502	9335 187 60673	RGP15D			
5402	2422 536 00425	Linearity coil 21"	6504	4822 130 34167	BZX79-B6V2			
5402	9965 000 24842	CHOKE COIL 33UH	6541	4822 130 30862	BZX79-B9V1			
5421	2422 531 02589	TFM PSD10-204B B	6560	9322 161 76682	SB340L-7024	2300	4822 126 14241	330pF 0603 50V
5421	9965 000 23750	TFM HOR. DRIVE	6560	9965 000 09663	SR360	2300	9965 000 20346	330 PF 50V /+/-5% 0603
5441	2422 531 02614	TFM LOT	6560	9965 000 27866	SR360 3A/60V	2301	4822 126 14315	390pF 5% 50V 0603
5482	4822 157 11706	10 μ H 5%	6561	9322 192 67682	BYW76-PK1	2301	9965 000 20351	390P 50V /+/-5% 0603
5482	9965 000 14082	10UH /+/-10%	6562	9322 192 67682	BYW76-PK1	2302	9965 000 20351	390P 50V /+/-5% 0603
5500	2422 549 44877	Filter 45mH DMF2845H	6624	4822 130 11397	BAS316	2303	4822 126 13449	1nF 10% 2kV
5509	4822 526 10704	Bead 50 Ω at 100MHz	6624	9340 255 30135	BAS216	2303	9965 000 22813	10nF 10% 2kV
5509	9965 000 17576	Bead BF-I35045W-	6625	4822 130 34382	BZX79-B8V2	2304	4822 121 70386	47nF 10% 250V
5515	4822 157 11411	Bead 80 Ω at 100MHz	6626	4822 130 11397	BAS316	2304	9965 000 27255	250V 47NF /-5%
5515	9965 000 23760	FERR Bead LB3.5X1X9	6626	9340 255 30135	BAS216	2318	9965 000 20356	1000 PF 50V /+/-10% B
5520	2422 531 02475	TFM LOT	6627	4822 130 11397	BAS316			
5520	9965 000 24751	TFM PSS35-205B	6627	9340 255 30135	BAS216			
5521	4822 526 10704	Bead 50 Ω at 100MHz	6628	4822 130 11397	BAS316			
5521	9965 000 17576	Bead BF-I35045W-	6628	9340 255 30135	BAS216			
5560	4822 526 10704	Bead 50 Ω at 100MHz	6681	4822 130 11397	BAS316			
5560	9965 000 17576	Bead BF-I35045W-	6681	9340 255 30135	BAS216			
5562	4822 157 11411	Bead 80 Ω at 100MHz	6691	9322 185 69682	LED LTL-10234WHCR			
5562	9965 000 23760	FERR Bead LB3.5X1X9	6692	9322 206 78667	TSOP34836UH1B			
5563	4822 157 52392	27 μ H	6692	9965 000 27288	IR RECEIVER MODULE			
5563	9965 000 23780	27 UH SPT0406A-270K	6908	9322 102 64648	UDZ2.7B			
5601	4822 157 11867	5.6 μ H 5%	6908	9965 000 23738	BZX384-C2V7			
5601	9965 000 23769	5.6 UH /+/-10%	6909	4822 130 30621	1N4148			
5602	4822 157 11867	5.6 μ H 5%						
5602	9965 000 23769	5.6 UH /+/-10%						
5603	4822 157 11867	5.6 μ H 5%						
5603	9965 000 23769	5.6 UH /+/-10%						
5821	4822 157 11706	10 μ H 5%	7101	5322 130 60159	BC846B			
5821	9965 000 14082	10UH /+/-10%	7161	5322 130 60159	BC846B			
5841	4822 157 11706	10 μ H 5%	7162	5322 130 60159	BC846B			
5841	9965 000 14082	10UH /+/-10%	7200	9352 749 89112	TDA9377PS/N2/AI/1372			
5994	2422 264 00479	LSP 16R	7200	9965 000 27921	TDA9377PS/N2/AI1384			
5994	9965 000 27940	SPEAKER	7201	5322 130 60159	BC846B			
5995	2422 264 00479	LSP 16R	7202	5322 130 60159	BC846B			
5995	9965 000 27940	SPEAKER	7421	9322 183 16687	BUL321FP			
5602	4822 157 11867	5.6 μ H 5%	7421	9340 563 21127	BUT11APX-1200			
5602	9965 000 23769	5.6 UH /+/-10%	7421	9965 000 27275	BUTHAPX-1200			
5603	4822 157 11867	5.6 μ H 5%	7422	4822 130 42804	BC817-25			
5603	9965 000 23769	5.6 UH /+/-10%	7423	9965 000 27861	BC807-25			
5821	4822 157 11706	10 μ H 5%	7440	9965 000 22888	BF423			
5821	9965 000 14082	10UH /+/-10%	7451	4822 130 60373	BC856B			
5841	4822 157 11706	10 μ H 5%	7461	4822 130 60373	BC856B			
5841	9965 000 14082	10UH /+/-10%	7462	4822 130 60373	BC856B			
6161	4822 130 11416	PDZ6.8B	7463	4822 130 44461	BC546B			
6161	9965 000 27231	BZX384-C6V8	7464	4822 130 40823	BD139			
6171	4822 130 34278	BZX79-B6V8	7464	9965 000 27222	2SD669A-C			
6181	4822 130 34278	BZX79-B6V8	7465	4822 130 40824	BD1			

11. Revision List

Manual xxxx xxx xxxx.0

- First release.

Manual xxxx xxx xxxx.1

- Some type numbers added in chapter 8
- Sparte parts list added
- Some small layout changes made.